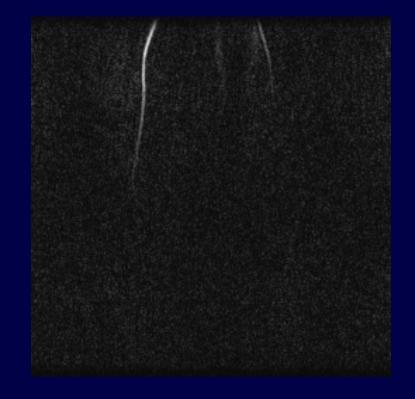
Automatic Selection of Mask and Arterial Phase Images for Temporally-Resolved MR Digital Subtraction Angiography

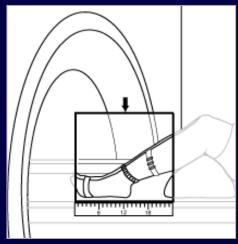
21 May 2002, ISMRM 2002

Junhwan Kim, Martin R. Prince, Ramin Zabih, Jeff Bezanson, Richard Watts, Hale Erel, Yi Wang





2D Projection MRA: 5 ml Gd



1.Motivation











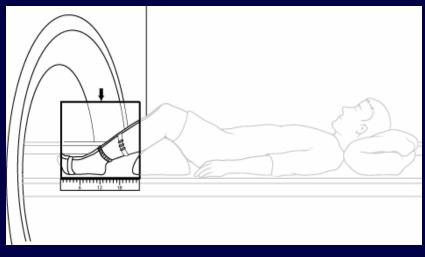
Right

6. Conclusion

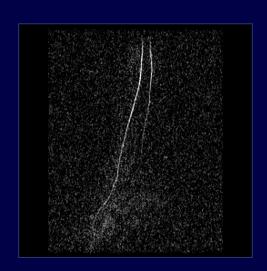
Left

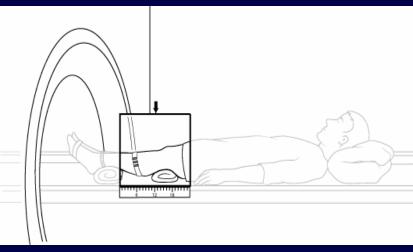


2D Projection MRA: + complex subtraction



Ankles





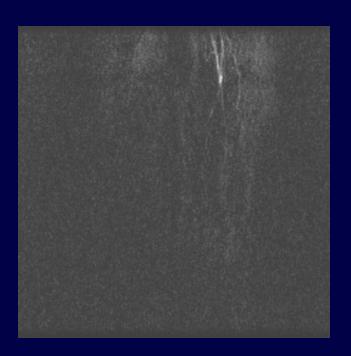
Knee





Time-resolved background-subtracted CEMRA





- Time-resolved image gives too many images
- Surgeon prefers one image that shows everything
- Our goal: Create a single best subtraction image by combining best mask and best arterial phase images



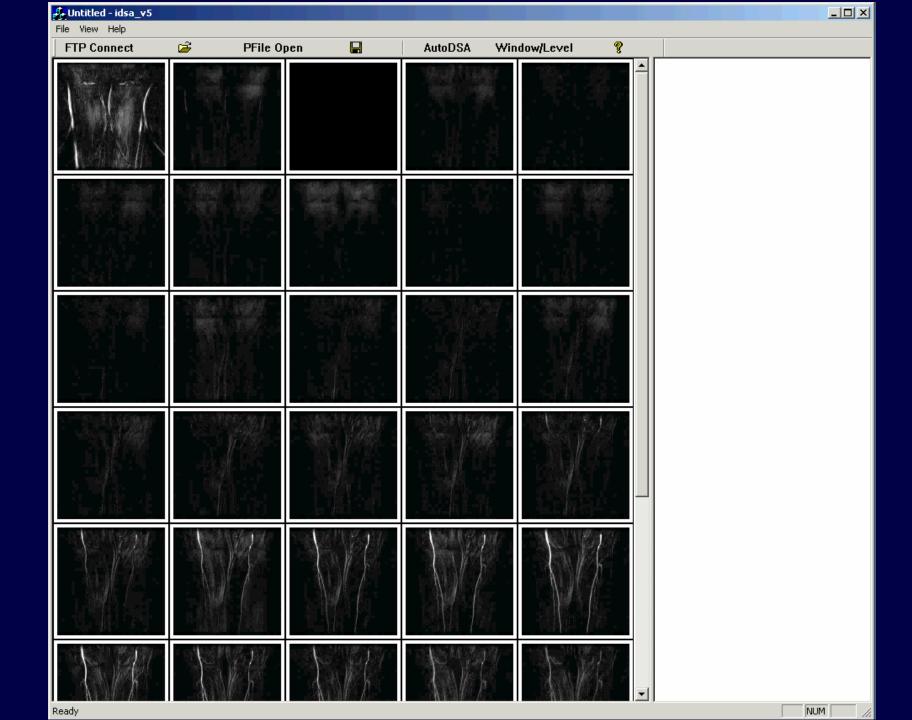
Coronal spoiled gradient echo sequence parameters

- TR/TE/flip angle = 10/2/60 degrees
- Slab thickness = 7-10 cm
- Field-of-view = 30cm
- Matrix = 256x192
- Bandwidth = 16 kHz
- The imaging time
 - 1.95 seconds per acquisition
 - repeat the acquisition 35 times
 - total of 67 seconds



Major challenges

- Identify the contrast bolus arrival
- Avoid motion corrupted images
- Tedious manual procedure





Major challenges

- Identify the contrast bolus arrival
- Avoid motion corrupted images
- Tedious manual procedure
- Issues
 - Quantify "image quality"
 - Select the mask and arterial phase images based on image quality

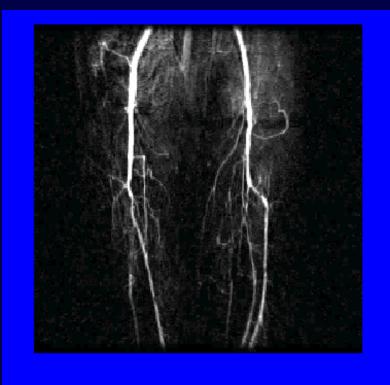


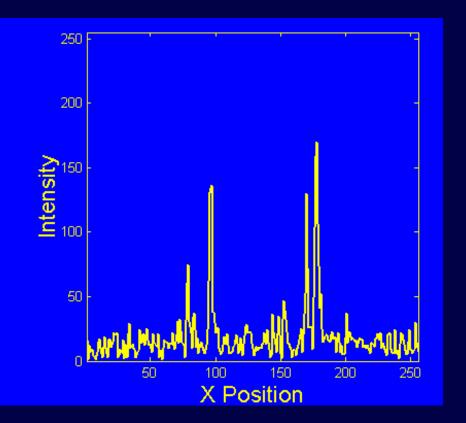
Subtracted Image Quality Evaluation

- Two basic criteria
 - Bright foreground (i.e. artery)
 - Dark background
- Quality = avg(Artery) avg(Background)
- Problem: How to determine whether each pixel is in artery or background
- We need assumptions!
 - Artery is thin and vertically oriented
 - Artery width is typically 1-5 mm



Artery-Background Classification







Artery-Background Classification

- A pixel is in the artery
 - If the pixel ranks in brightness between 1st and 2nd of 128 pixels in the scan line.
- A pixel is in the background
 - ■If the pixel ranks in brightness between 11th and 128th of 128 pixels in the scan line.
- Unclassified
 - Otherwise



Select mask and arterial phase

Contrast arrival detection



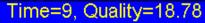
Best mask / arterial phase pair selection

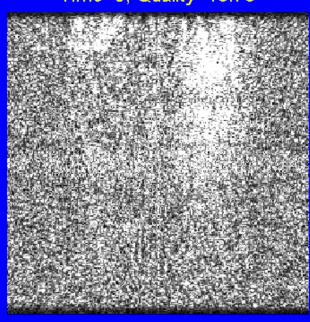


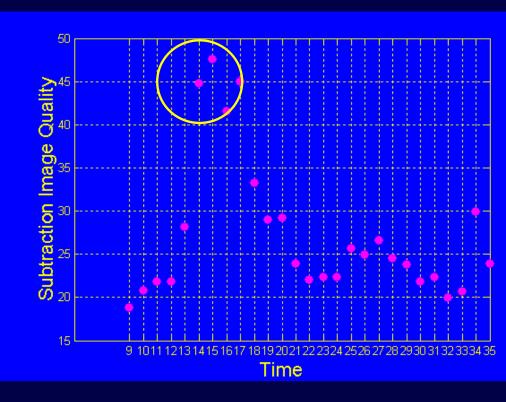
Best mask set / arterial phase set selection



Contrast Arrival Detection









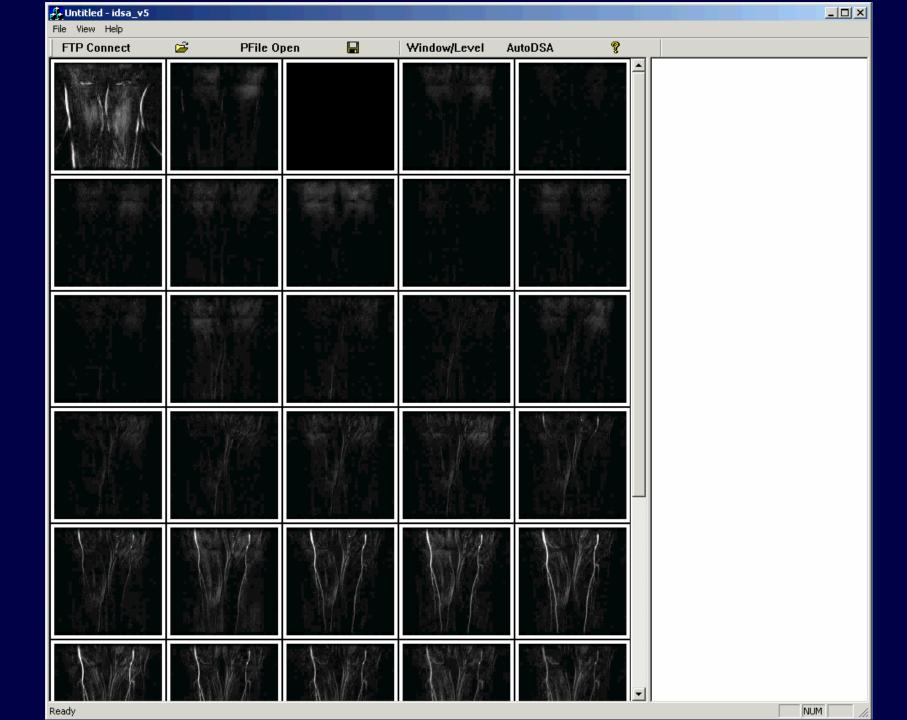
Best mask / arterial phase pair selection

	arterial 1	arterial 2	arterial 3	arterial 4	arterial 5	arterial 6	arterial 7	arterial 8
2	30.99	29.61	35.59	39.55	42.90	41.24	37.44	33.23
masks								
4	33.13	29.57	35.25	38.17	43.03	40.37	35.99	35.04
masks								
3	32.00	29.91	34.39	36.94	43.71	38.59	35.95	35.32
masks								
2	29.43	28.89	32.91	38.82	41.53	41.41	38.77	30.89
masks		1.1						
	26.94	27.92	32.55	39.83	39.58	42.36	37.82	28.83
masks 1	Palari Marian							



Best mask set / arterial phase set selection

	arterials 1	arterials 2	arterials 3	arterials 4	arterials 5	arterials 6	arterials 7	arterials 8
2	36.82	38.29	43.76	43.31	43.17	41.06	37.81	36.17
masks								
4	35.54	36.94	42.50	42.02	42.04	40.25	36.92	35.01
masks								
3	36.40	38.10	44.54	43.33	43.17	41.30	38.03	36.27
masks (
2	35.54	36.94	42.50	42.02	42.04	40.25	36.92	35.01
masks								
	35.89	38.18	44.42	42.68	42.16	39.19	37.10	35.21
masks 1	*							



- Period: Sep 11, 2000 to Nov 25, 2000
- Demography
 - 26 males aged 24 87 (mean 70) years
 - 19 females aged 33 85 (mean 68) years.
- The primary indications
 - claudication (n=23)
 - limb threatening ischemia (n=11)
 - aneurysm (n=7)
 - post-bypass graft (n=3)
 - dissection (n=1).
- Approved by our Institutional Review Board.

Image evaluation

- Blind test by two radiologists (MRP, HE)
 - Auto >> Manual
 - Auto > Manual
 - Auto ≅ Manual
 - Auto < Manual</p>
 - Auto << Manual</p>
- Statistical analysis
 - Paired signed-rank Wilcoxon test



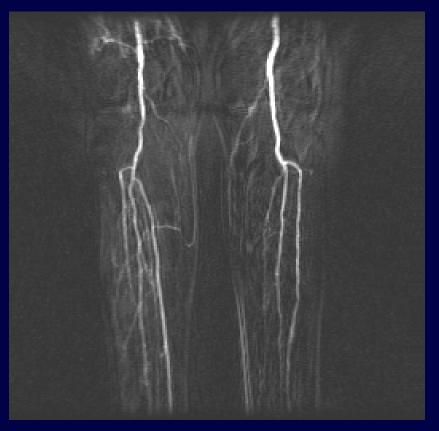
	Radiologist 1	Radiologist 2	Total
Auto >> Manual	3	3	6
Auto > Manual	25	11	36
Auto ≅ Manual	2	9	11
Auto < Manual	11	17	28
Auto << Manual	4	5	9
p value	0.1533	0.2043	0.9081





Better geniculate arteries

Manual



Auto > Manual (both readers)

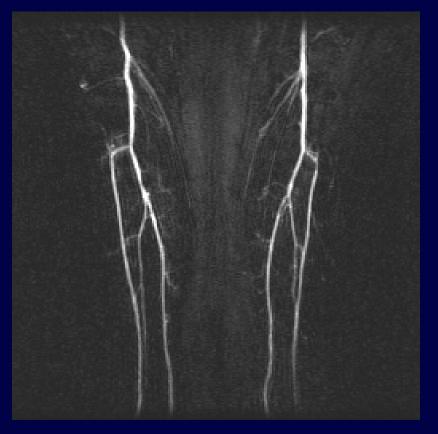


Automatic



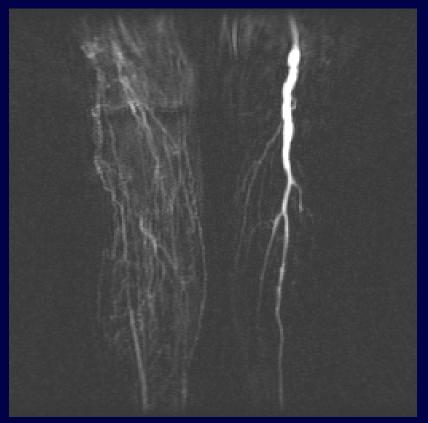
More details of distal arteries but more background veins in the left leg

Manual



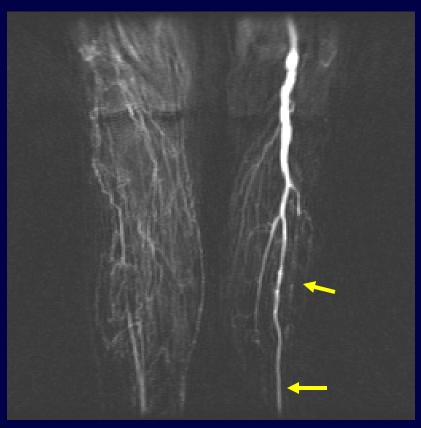
Auto > Manual (reader 1) and Auto >> Manual (reader 2)





Reduction in background motion artifacts

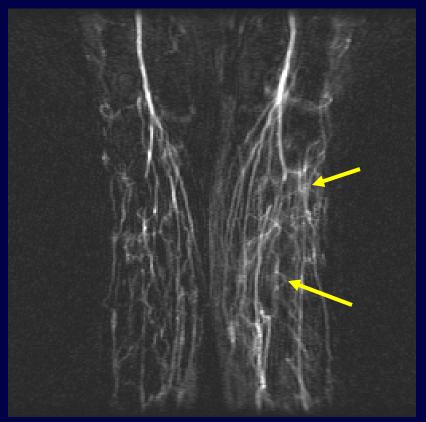
Manual



More details in distal left leg

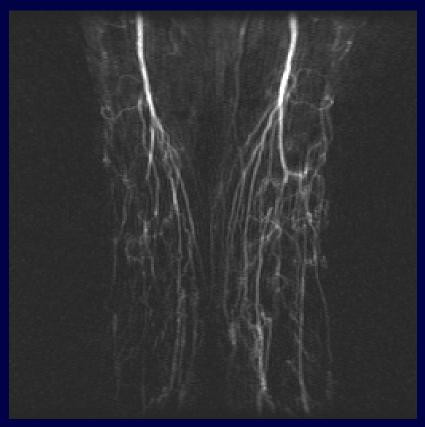
Auto < Manual (both readers)





More details of distal arteries but more background veins in the left leg

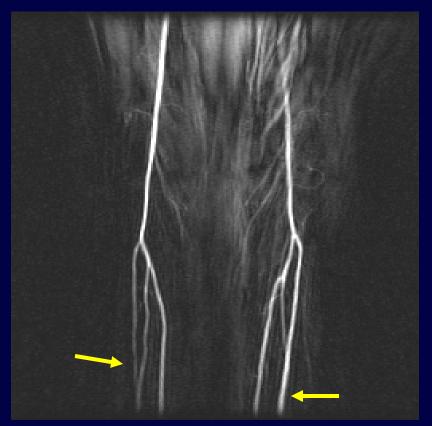
Manual



Slightly better proximal arteries

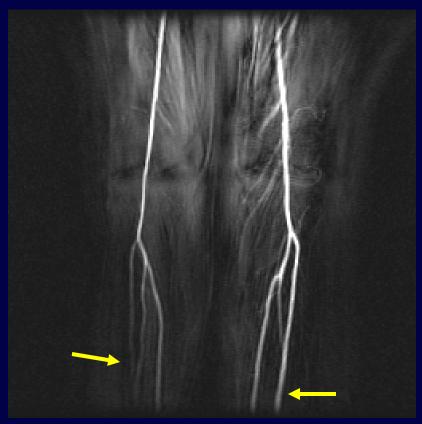
Auto < Manual (reader 1) and Auto \cong Manual (reader 2)





Better distal tibial arteries and the right popliteal artery

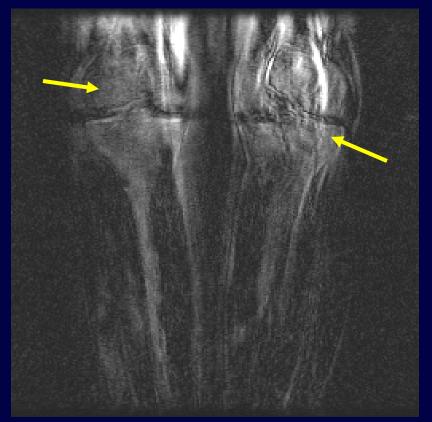
Manual



Better detail of the left popliteal artery

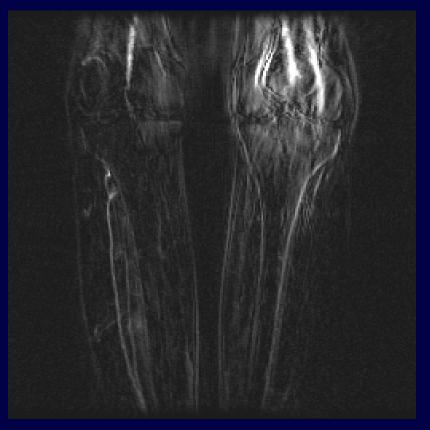
Auto > Manual (reader 1) and Auto \cong Manual (reader 2)





Enhanced bony structure

Manual



Auto << Manual (both readers)



- Automatic image post-processing technique
 - Simple yet effective
 - Daily use
 - •PC version coming soon!

Special thanks to

- Younga Kim: Slide preparation
- All of you

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