

Sept 9: auctions

Last week's learning: K experts

$\ell_t(i)$ loss time t expert i

in games loss \sim cost or -utility

experts \sim strategies

loss = cost for you had you chosen
given strategy

$$\ell_t(i) \sim c_i(s_i, s_{-i}^t) = \ell_t(s_i)$$

Wed: ~~no~~ learners in auctions

today: single item auction

private value

N players, player i has value v_i

Step 1: ask all players a bid b_i
 \sim willingness to pay

Step 2: select winner
- today $\arg \max_i b_i$

Step 3: announce required payment

(a) first price = $\max_i b_i$

(b) second price

$$i^* = \arg \max_i b_i$$

$$\text{price} = \max_{i \neq i^*} b_i$$

(c) all pay

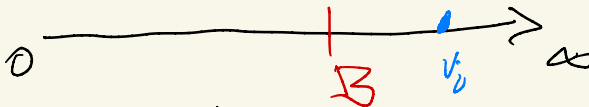
Thm: 2nd price it is best strategy
to use $b_i = v_i$

= dominant strategy =
no matter what others do
you as well off as possible
with $b_i = v_i$

user i wants to maximize

$$u_i = v_i - p \quad \begin{matrix} \text{if winning} \\ \uparrow \text{price} \end{matrix}$$

Proof:



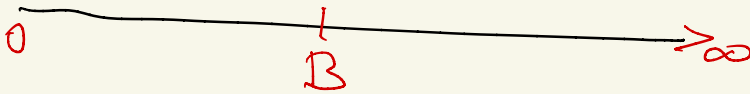
$$B = \max_{j \neq i} b_j$$

will be the price if
you win

if $B > v_i \Rightarrow$ don't want to win
 $b_i = v_i$ does this

if $B < v_i \Rightarrow$ want to win & pay B
 $b_i = v_i$ does that

First price:
with lot of knowledge:



$$B = \max_{j \neq i} b_j$$

bid just above B if $v_i > B$
otherwise bid $< B$

All pay:

example: 2 players values

$$v_1 = v_2 = 1$$

no pure strategy Nash

if b_1, b_2 both want to charge

Proposed mixed strategy Nash

$b_i \in [0, 1]$ uniformly at random

value for player 1 in pure strategy
 $b_i = x$

$$\text{utility} = \underbrace{-x}_{\text{payment}} + \underbrace{x \cdot 1}_{\text{prob of winning}} = 0$$

utility for randomization also 0

Example 2: $v_1 = 1$, $v_2 = 2$

Nash: $b_2 \in [0, 1]$ unif random

$$b_1 = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{prob } \frac{1}{2} \\ [0, 1] & \text{unif prob } \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$