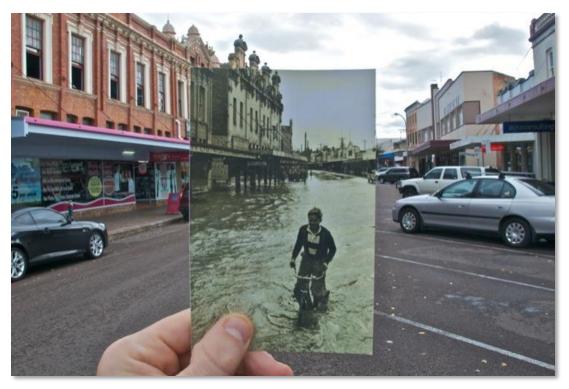
#### CS5760: Computer Vision Noah Snavely

#### Lecture 8: Image alignment



http://www.wired.com/gadgetlab/2010/07/camera-software-lets-you-see-into-the-past/

## Reading

• Szeliski: Chapter 6.1

#### Announcements

- Project 2 due date extended to Wednesday, 3/6 (code due at 11:59pm to CMS)
  Artifact due Friday, 3/8
- Quiz 2 in class next Wednesday, 3/6

## Project 1 Artifact Prizes



### Siqi Ouyang



Gecond Place

#### Ishan Virk





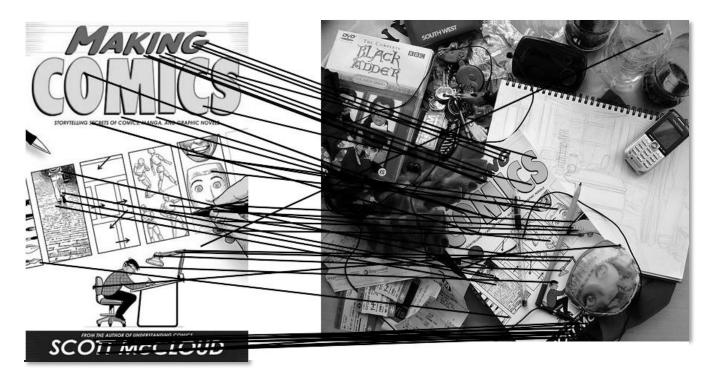


#### Jingjing Bai



## **Computing transformations**

- Given a set of matches between images A and B
  - How can we compute the transform T from A to B?



- Find transform T that best "agrees" with the matches

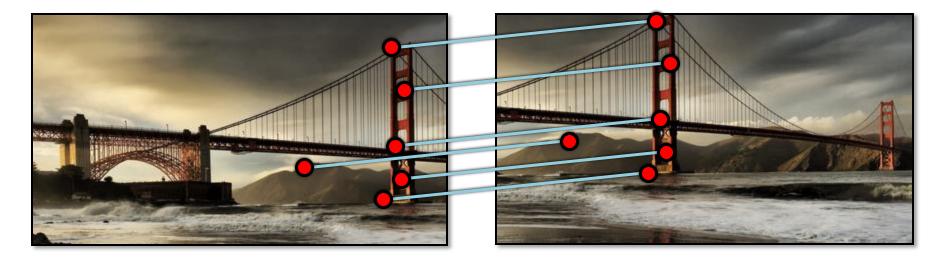
## **Computing transformations**







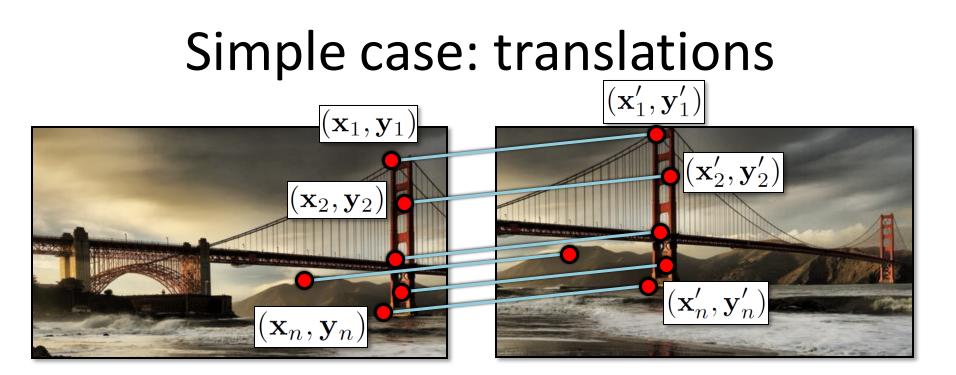
#### Simple case: translations





 $(\mathbf{x}_t, \mathbf{y}_t)$ 

## How do we solve for $(\mathbf{x}_t, \mathbf{y}_t)$ ?



Displacement of match i = 
$$(\mathbf{x}'_i - \mathbf{x}_i, \mathbf{y}'_i - \mathbf{y}_i)$$

$$(\mathbf{x}_t, \mathbf{y}_t) = \left(\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^n \mathbf{x}'_i - \mathbf{x}_i, \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^n \mathbf{y}'_i - \mathbf{y}_i\right)$$

# Another view $(x_1, y_1)$ $(x_1, y_1)$ $(x_2, y_2)$ $(x_2, y_2)$ $(x_n, y_n)$ $(x_n, y_n)$

$$egin{array}{rcl} \mathbf{x}_i + \mathbf{x_t} &=& \mathbf{x}_i' \ \mathbf{y}_i + \mathbf{y_t} &=& \mathbf{y}_i' \end{array}$$

- System of linear equations
  - What are the knowns? Unknowns?
  - How many unknowns? How many equations (per match)?

# Another view $(x_1,y_1)$ $(x_1,y_1)$ $(x_2,y_2)$ $(x_2,y_2)$ $(x_2,y_2)$ $(x_1,y_1)$ $(x_2,y_2)$ $(x_2,y_2)$ $(x_1,y_1)$ $(x_2,y_2)$ $(x_2,y_2)$ $(x_1,y_1)$

$$egin{array}{rcl} \mathbf{x}_i + \mathbf{x_t} &=& \mathbf{x}'_i \ \mathbf{y}_i + \mathbf{y_t} &=& \mathbf{y}'_i \end{array}$$

- Problem: more equations than unknowns
  - "Overdetermined" system of equations
  - We will find the *least squares* solution

### Least squares formulation

• For each point  $(\mathbf{x}_i, \mathbf{y}_i)$ 

$$egin{array}{rcl} \mathbf{x}_i + \mathbf{x_t} &=& \mathbf{x}'_i \ \mathbf{y}_i + \mathbf{y_t} &=& \mathbf{y}'_i \end{array}$$

• we define the *residuals* as

$$r_{\mathbf{x}_i}(\mathbf{x}_t) = (\mathbf{x}_i + \mathbf{x}_t) - \mathbf{x}'_i$$
$$r_{\mathbf{y}_i}(\mathbf{y}_t) = (\mathbf{y}_i + \mathbf{y}_t) - \mathbf{y}'_i$$

## Least squares formulation

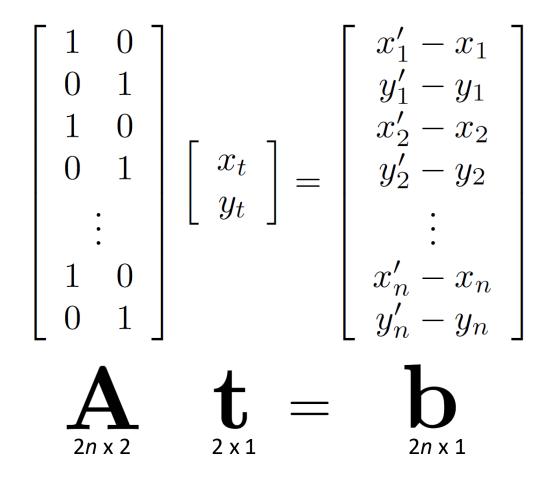
• Goal: minimize sum of squared residuals

$$C(\mathbf{x}_t, \mathbf{y}_t) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left( r_{\mathbf{x}_i}(\mathbf{x}_t)^2 + r_{\mathbf{y}_i}(\mathbf{y}_t)^2 \right)$$

- "Least squares" solution
- For translations, is equal to mean (average) displacement

## Least squares formulation

• Can also write as a matrix equation



#### Least squares

## At = b

• Find **t** that minimizes

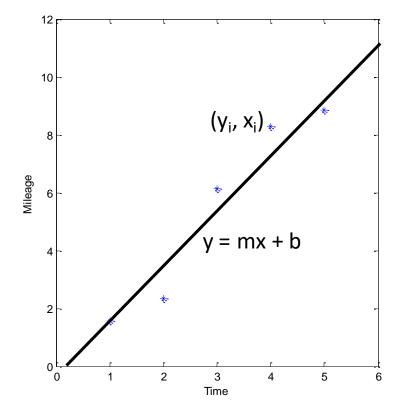
$$||\mathbf{At} - \mathbf{b}||^2$$

• To solve, form the normal equations

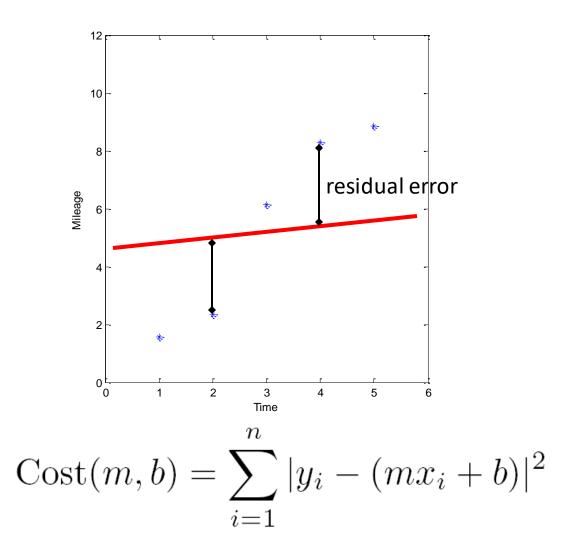
$$\mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{t} = \mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{b}$$
$$\mathbf{t} = (\mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{A})^{-1}\mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{b}$$

#### Questions?

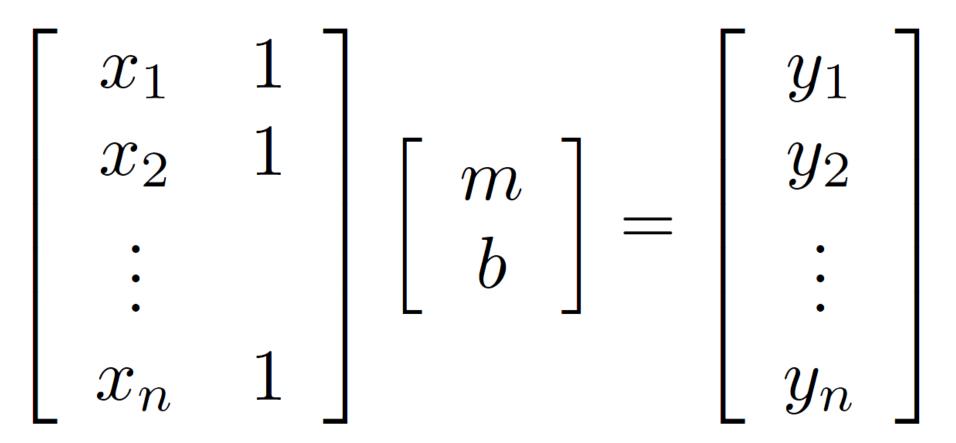
#### Least squares: linear regression



#### Linear regression



#### Linear regression



## Affine transformations

$$\begin{bmatrix} x'\\y'\\1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c\\d & e & f\\0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x\\y\\1 \end{bmatrix}$$



MAKING

- How many unknowns?
- How many equations per match?
- How many matches do we need?

## Affine transformations

• Residuals:

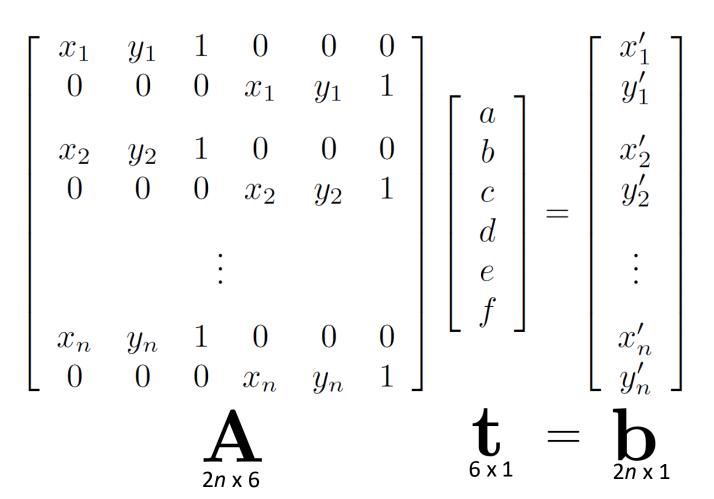
$$r_{x_i}(a, b, c, d, e, f) = (ax_i + by_i + c) - x'_i$$
  
$$r_{y_i}(a, b, c, d, e, f) = (dx_i + ey_i + f) - y'_i$$

• Cost function:

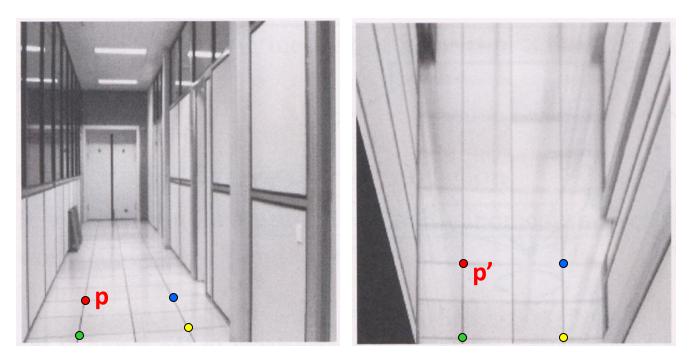
$$C(a, b, c, d, e, f) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( r_{x_i}(a, b, c, d, e, f)^2 + r_{y_i}(a, b, c, d, e, f)^2 \right)$$

## Affine transformations

• Matrix form



## Homographies



To unwarp (rectify) an image

- solve for homography **H** given **p** and **p'**
- solve equations of the form: wp' = Hp
  - linear in unknowns: w and coefficients of H
  - H is defined up to an arbitrary scale factor
  - how many points are necessary to solve for H?

## Solving for homographies

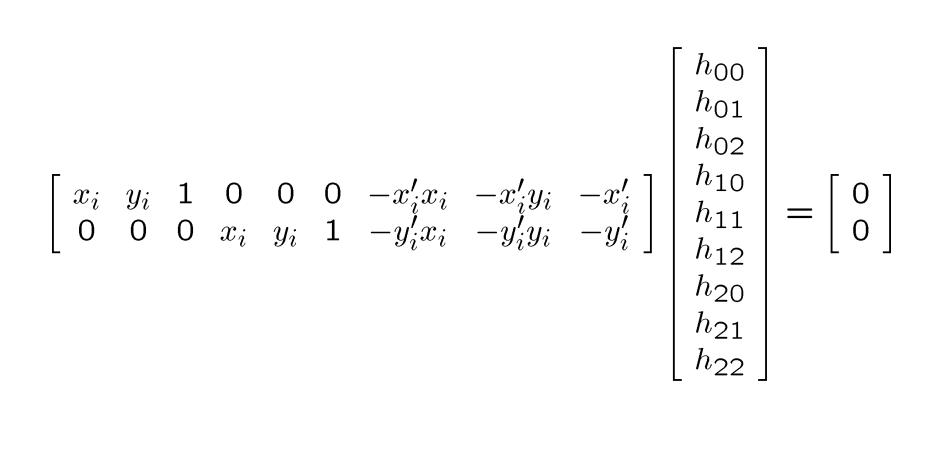
$$\begin{bmatrix} x'_i \\ y'_i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cong \begin{bmatrix} h_{00} & h_{01} & h_{02} \\ h_{10} & h_{11} & h_{12} \\ h_{20} & h_{21} & h_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_i \\ y_i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

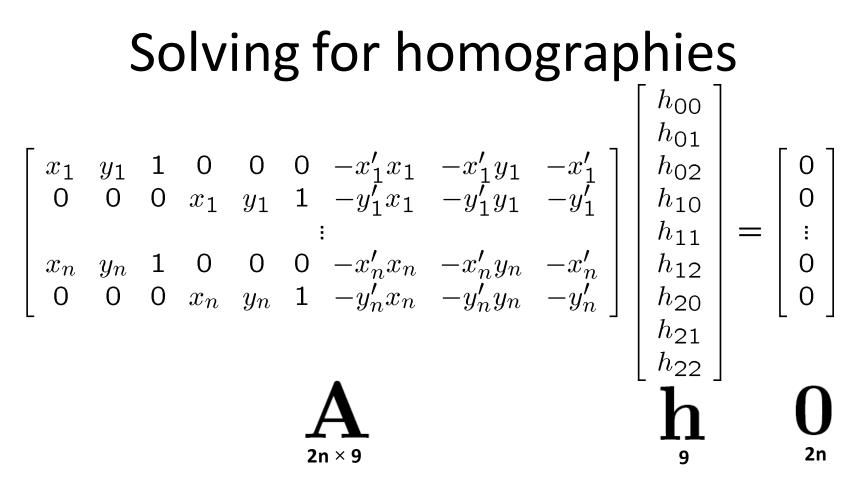
$$\begin{aligned} x'_i &= \frac{h_{00}x_i + h_{01}y_i + h_{02}}{h_{20}x_i + h_{21}y_i + h_{22}} \\ y'_i &= \frac{h_{10}x_i + h_{11}y_i + h_{12}}{h_{20}x_i + h_{21}y_i + h_{22}} \end{aligned} \text{ Not linear!}$$

 $\begin{aligned} x_i'(h_{20}x_i + h_{21}y_i + h_{22}) &= h_{00}x_i + h_{01}y_i + h_{02} \\ y_i'(h_{20}x_i + h_{21}y_i + h_{22}) &= h_{10}x_i + h_{11}y_i + h_{12} \end{aligned}$ 

### Solving for homographies

 $\begin{aligned} x_i'(h_{20}x_i + h_{21}y_i + h_{22}) &= h_{00}x_i + h_{01}y_i + h_{02} \\ y_i'(h_{20}x_i + h_{21}y_i + h_{22}) &= h_{10}x_i + h_{11}y_i + h_{12} \end{aligned}$ 





Defines a least squares problem: minimize  $\|Ah - 0\|^2$ 

- Since  $\, h \,$  is only defined up to scale, solve for unit vector  $\, \, \hat{h} \,$
- Solution:  $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$  = eigenvector of  $\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A}$  with smallest eigenvalue
- Works with 4 or more points

#### **Recap: Two Common Optimization Problems**

Problem statement

minimize 
$$\|\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{b}\|^2$$

least squares solution to Ax = b

$$\mathbf{x} = (\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A})^{-1} \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{b}$$
$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{A} \setminus \mathbf{b} \quad (\text{matlab})$$

Solution

Solution

minimize  $\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x}$  s.t.  $\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} = 1$ 

**Problem statement** 

$$[\mathbf{v}, \lambda] = \operatorname{eig}(\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A})$$
$$\lambda_1 < \lambda_{2..n} : \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{v}_1$$

non - trivial lsq solution to  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = 0$ 

#### Questions?

## Image Alignment Algorithm

Given images A and B

- 1. Compute image features for A and B
- 2. Match features between A and B
- 3. Compute homography between A and B using least squares on set of matches

What could go wrong?

