## Question answering

- Overview and task definition
- History
- Open-domain question answering
  - · Basic system architecture
    - Watson's architecture
  - Techniques
    - Predictive indexing methods
    - Pattern-matching methods
    - Advanced techniques

#### TReC QA framework

- Early simplifications (late 1990's)
  - short-answer, fact-based questions
  - answer exists in the collection as a text fragment
  - supporting info can be found in a single document
  - system returns up to 5 guesses per question
- Sample questions
  - How many calories are there in a Big Mac?
  - Who is the voice of Miss Piggy?
  - Who was the first American in space?
  - Where is the Taj Mahal?

## Towards open-domain QA

Which country has the largest part of the Amazon rain forest?

The chaotic development that is gobbling up the Amazon rain forest could finally be reined in with a new plan developed by officials of Amazon countries and leading scientists from around the world.

"That's some of the most encouraging news about the Amazon rain forest in recent years," said Thomas Lovejoy, a tropical ecologist at the Smithsonian Institution and an Amazon specialist.

"It contrasts markedly with a year ago, when there was nothing to read about conservation in the Amazon, especially in **Brazil**, except bad news," Lovejoy said in a recent interview.

**Sixty percent of the Amazon**, the world's largest tropical rain forest, **lies in Brazil**, but the forest also covers parts of the eight surrounding countries.

Lovejoy was one of the organizers of an unusual workshop held in mid-January in Manaus, **Brazil**, a sprawling city of 1 million people in the heart of the Amazon. It was the center of **Brazil**'s once-thriving rubber trade.

#### TReC QA: evaluation

- · Human assessors judge the answers
  - Allowed to accept multiple answers
- Systems scored on mean reciprocal rank (MRR) of first correct answer
  - if first answer correct = 1 point,
  - else if second answer correct =  $\frac{1}{2}$  point,
  - else if third answer correct = 1/3 point, ...
  - 0 if none of the n answers are correct
  - Average of the reciprocal rank across all questions
- Also reported on the number of questions answered correctly

## **Question Answering**

#### Performance

	%correct	avg rank 1st	
TREC-8 (1999):	70%	1.4	
TREC-9 (2000):	65%	1.7	harder questions
TREC-10 (2001):	70%	1.3	NIL answers
TREC-11 (2002):	83%	1	1 guess, exact
TREC-12 (2003):	70%	1	
TREC-13 (2004):	84%	1	
TREC-12 (2003):	70%	1 1 1	1 guess, exact

## **List Questions**

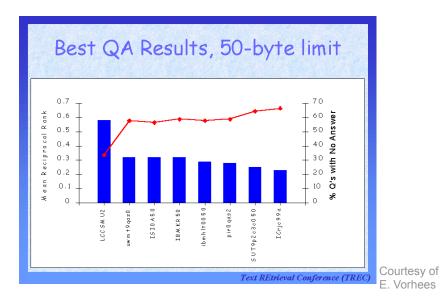
#### List questions

1915: List the names of ch	newing gum	S.	
Stimorol Dirol Doublemint Juicy Fruit	Orbit Trident Dentyne Big Red	Spearmint Freedent	Double Bubble Bazooka Hubba Bubba Nicorette

- · Can't just rely on a single document
- Performance

TREC 2003: F .40TREC 2004: F .62

## Results for TREC 2000



## R/P/F-measure

- Recall
- Precision
- F-measure, F-score

#### **Definition Questions**

- Who is Colin Powell?
- What is mold?

#### Context Task

Track a target discourse object through a series of questions

21	Club l	Med	
	21.1	FACTOID	How many Club Med vacation spots are there worldwide?
	21.2	LIST	List the spots in the United States.
	21.3	FACTOID	Where is an adults-only Club Med?
	21.4	OTHER	•

- Performance
  - TREC 2004
    - Factoids: .84 initial; .74 non-initial

Lists: .62 FOther: .46 F

#### **Definition Questions**

- Who is Colin Powell?
- What is mold?
- · Hard to evaluate
  - Who is the audience?
  - Evaluation requires matching concepts in the desired response to concepts in a system response
    - TREC 2003:
      - Audience: questioner is an adult, a native speaker of English, and an "average" reader of US newspapers
      - Results: F .55

## **Question Answering**

- Overview and task definition
- History
- · Open-domain question answering



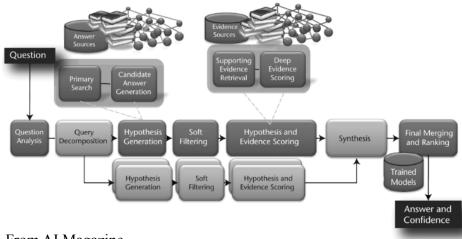
- Watson's architecture
- Techniques
  - Predictive indexing methods
  - Pattern-matching methods
  - Advanced techniques

## Basic system architecture



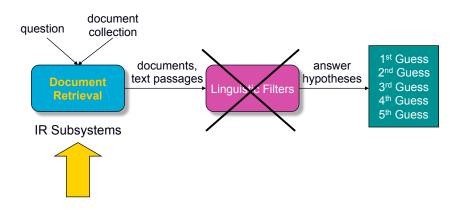
[Cardie et al., ANLP 2000]

#### **Architecture for Watson**



From AI Magazine

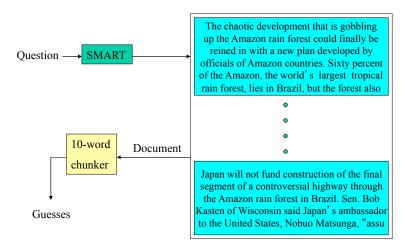
## System architecture: document retrieval



## Document retrieval

- Standard ad-hoc IR using full-text indexing
- · Example QA system uses
  - vector space model
  - text retrieval system: Smart
  - standard term-weighting strategies (tfidf)
  - no automatic relevance feedback

#### QA as document retrieval



#### **Baseline** evaluation

#### Smart performs better than its scores would suggest

- Development corpus
  - For 18 of 38 questions, the answer appears in the topranked document
  - For 33 of 38 questions, the answer appears in one of the top 7 documents
  - For only 2 questions does Smart fail to retrieve the answer in one of the top 25 documents
- Test corpus
  - Over half (110) of the questions are answered in the topranked document
  - Over 75% of the questions (155) are answered in the top 5 documents
  - 19 questions were not answered in the top 20 documents

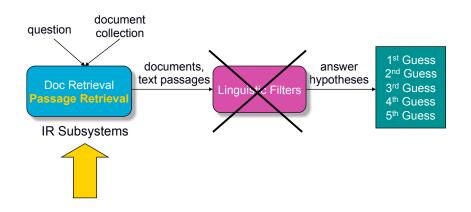
#### Baseline evaluation

- Document retrieval only
- Corpus
  - TREC-8 development corpus (38 questions)
  - TREC-8 test corpus (200 questions)

	Development (38)		) Test	Test (200)	
	Correct	MAR	Correct	MAR	
Smart	3	3.33	29	3.07	

MAR = Mean Answer Rank

# System architecture: passage retrieval



## Passage Retrieval

## Passage retrieval

[Salton et al.]

#### **Query-dependent text summarization**

Which country has the largest part of the Amazon rain forest?

[The chaotic development that is gobbling up the Amazon rain forest could finally be reined in with a new plan developed by leading scientists from around the world.] ["That's some of the most encouraging news about the Amazon rain forest in recent years," said Thomas Lovejoy, an Amazon specialist.] ["It contrasts markedly with a year ago, when there was nothing to read about conservation in the Amazon."]

[Sixty percent of the Amazon, the world's largest tropical rain forest, lies in Brazil.]

Extract passages that best summarize each document w.r.t. the query

## Query-dependent text summarization

#### · Basic algorithm

- 1. Decide on a summary length (10% of document length).
- 2. Use standard ad-hoc retrieval algorithm to retrieve top *k* documents.
- 3. Treat each sentence/paragraph in top N documents as a document itself.

Use standard document similarity equations to assign a similarity score to the sentence/paragraph.

4. Return highest-scoring sentences/paragraphs as the summary, subject to the length constraint.

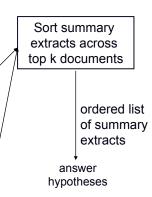
## Passage retrieval

#### **Query-dependent text summarization**

Which country has the largest part of the Amazon rain forest?

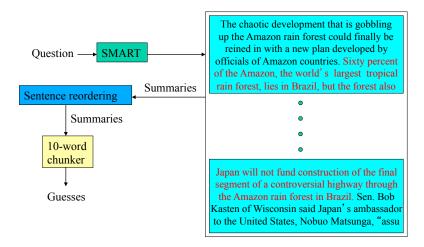
[The chaotic development that is gobbling up the Amazon rain forest could finally be reined in with a new plan developed by leading scientists from around the world.] ["That's some of the most encouraging news about the Amazon rain forest in recent years," said Thomas Lovejoy, an Amazon specialist.] ["It contrasts markedly with a year ago, when there was nothing to read about conservation in the Amazon."]

[Sixty percent of the Amazon, the world's largest tropical rain forest, lies in Brazil.]



[Salton et al.]

## QA as query-dependent text summarization



## Evaluation: passage retrieval

- Summarization method can limit performance
  - Development corpus
    - In only 23 of the 38 developments questions (61%) does the correct answer appear in the summary for one of the top k=7 documents
  - Test corpus
    - In only 135 of the 200 developments questions (67.5%) does the correct answer appear in the summary for one of the top (k=6) documents

#### Evaluation: text summarization

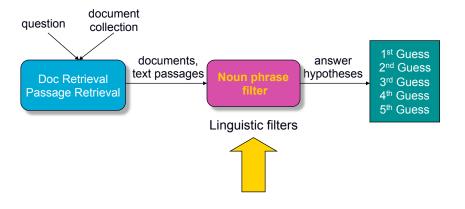
	Developn	nent (38)	Test (200)	
	Correct	MAR	Correct	MAR
Smart	3	3.33	29	3.07
Text Summarization	4	2.25	45	2.67

MAR = Mean Answer Rank

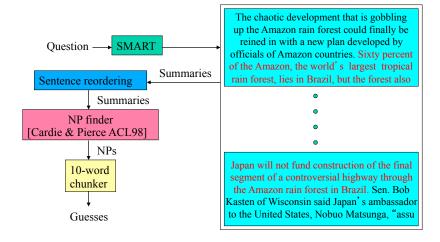
## Linguistic filters

- 50 byte answer length effectively eliminates how, why, and definition questions
- almost all of the remaining question types are likely to have noun phrases as answers
  - development corpus: 36 of 38 questions have noun phrase answers
- consider adding at least a simple linguistic filter that considers only noun phrases as answer hypotheses

## System architecture: linguistic filters

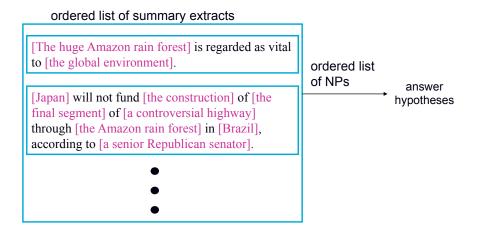


## QA using the NP filter

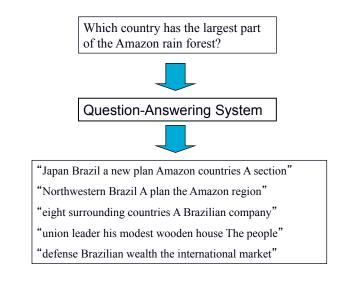


## The noun phrase filter

Which country has the largest part of the Amazon rain forest?



## Chunking answer hypotheses: BAD



#### **Evaluation: NP filter**

	Development (38)		Test (200)	
	Correct	MAR	Correct	MAR
Smart	3	3.33	29	3.07
Text Summarization	4	2.25	45	2.67
TS + NPs	7	2.29	50	2.66

#### MAR = Mean Answer Rank

- Using NP finder of Cardie & Pierce (1998)
  - ~94% precision and recall on Wall Street Journal text
- How much does the (unnatural) NP "chunking" help?
  - Without it, only 1 and 20 questions answered for each corpus, respectively
  - NP filter is extracting good guesses, but better linguistic processing is needed to promote the best guesses to the top of the ranked guess list

## Semantic class checking

Approximate question type using question word

Who is the president of the U.S.?

person

Which country has the largest part of the Amazon rain forest?

Where is the Connecticut River?

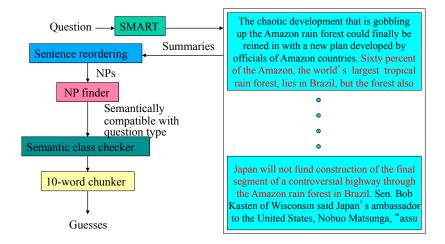
state? county? country? location?

What fabric should one use to make curtains? fabric???

 Check that head noun (i.e. the last noun) of answer NP is of the same type

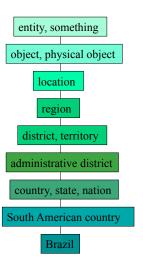
a <u>man</u> = person <u>Massachusetts</u> = state, location

## Semantic class checking



## Semantic type checking

- Use lexical resource to determine semantic compatibility
  - WordNet
- Proper names handled separately since they are unlikely to appear in WordNet
  - Small set (~20) rules



## Evaluation: semantic class filter

	Developn	nent (38)	Test (200)	
	Correct	MAR	Correct	MAR
Smart	3	3.33	29	3.07
Text Summarization	4	2.25	45	2.67
TS + NPs	7	2.29	50	2.66
TS + NPs + Semantic Type	21	1.38	86	1.90

#### MAR = Mean Answer Rank

- Weak syntactic and semantic information allows large improvements
- Problems?

## Sources of error

