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Suppose A=M-N is a splitting and consider the stationary iteration $Mx_{k+1}=Nx_k+b$. Show that if $x_0=0$ then

$$x_k = \sum_{j=0}^k R^j M^{-1} b$$

where $R = M^{-1}N$. Note: we can compute the partial sum in closed form as

$$x_k = (I - R)^{-1}(I - R^{k+1})M^{-1}b$$

if I - R is invertible – but you don't need to prove this.