

May 10, 2021

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n f_i(x)$$

for $k=1, 2, \dots$

$$J \sim \text{Uniform}(\{1, \dots, n\})$$

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha_k \nabla f_J(x_k)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}(\nabla f_J(x_k)) \\ = \nabla f(x_k) \end{aligned}$$

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha p_k \quad p_k = \nabla f(x_k) + u_k$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T A x + x^T b + c \Rightarrow \nabla f(x) = Ax + b$$

$$x_{k+1} - x_k = x_k - x_k - \alpha (Ax_k + b + u_k) = -\alpha (Ax_k + b)$$

$$\begin{aligned} e_{k+1} &= e_k - \alpha (Ae_k + u_k) \\ &= (I - \alpha A)e_k - \alpha u_k \end{aligned}$$

$$e_1 = (I - \alpha A)e_0 - \alpha u_0$$

$$e_2 = (I - \alpha A)e_1 - \alpha u_1 = (I - \alpha A)^2 e_0 - (I - \alpha A)\alpha u_0 - \alpha u_1$$

$$e_{k+1} = (I - \alpha A)^k e_0 -$$

$$\alpha \sum_{j=0}^k (I - \alpha A)^{k-j} u_j$$

ex: $u_j = c \cdot j$

$$u_j \searrow 0$$

$$J_k \sim \text{Uniform}(\{1, \dots, n\})$$

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha \nabla f_j(x_k)$$

$$u_k = \nabla f_{J_k}(x_k) - \nabla f(x_k)$$

deviation from mean (variance)

Idea: Sample $J \subset \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ $|J| = b$ iid. unif. at random

$$p_k = \frac{1}{b} \sum_{j \in J} \nabla f_j(x_k) \quad \mathbb{E}(p_k) = \frac{1}{b} \sum_{j \in J} \underbrace{\mathbb{E}(\nabla f_j(x_k))}_{\nabla f(x_k)} = \nabla f(x_k)$$

In practice

$$m = 1, 2, \dots$$

for $s = 1, 2, \dots, n/b$ (batch size)

$$p_k = 0$$

for $j = (s-1) \cdot b + 1, \dots, s \cdot b$

$$p_k += \nabla f_j(x_k)$$

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha p_k / b$$

mini-batch

epoch

$$\frac{2}{\alpha R} \left[\right]$$

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