

April 5, 2021

Newton: $\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} f(x)$

for $k=1, 2, 3, \dots$

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - H_k^{-1} \nabla f_k$$

H_k SPD \Rightarrow descent direction

How expensive?

① compute $H_k, \nabla f_k$

② $H_k p_k = \nabla f_k \quad O(n^3)$

Problems:

① Difficult to compute H_k

② $O(n^3)$ expensive

③ $O(n^2)$ storage

Quasi-Newton: cheap Hessian approx

$$H(x_k) \approx B_k$$

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - B_k^{-1} \nabla f_k$$

$$+ O(\|x_k p_k\|^2)$$

if G_k SPD, $\exists \alpha_k > 0$ s.t.

$$f(x_{k+1}) < f(x_k)$$

Claim: G_{k+1} is SPD

if G_k SPD and

x_k chosen "appropriately"

Limited memory BFGS (L-BFGS)

only use last l (< 20) steps

of $y_k, x_k p_k$ when computing

$$G_k \nabla f_k$$