

## Lab 2 Worksheet

1. Convert the following decimal numbers to our 8-bit floating-point format with a **3-bit exponent e** and a **4-bit significand g**:  $s\ e_2e_1e_0\ g_3g_2g_1g_0$

Steps:

- Convert integer and fractional parts to binary
- Normalize to the form  $1.g_3g_2g_1g_0 \times 2^E$
- Adjust exponent with bias (add  $B = 2^{3-1} - 1 = 3$ )
- Set the sign bit

a.

2.25

b.

-4.75

c.

1.7

2. Convert the following floats from our 8-bit floating-point format with a **3-bit exponent e** and a **4-bit significand** into decimal numbers.

Steps:

- Extract the sign, exponent, and significand
- Normalize the significand: restore implied '1.' and remove trailing zeros.
- De-normalize to make exponent 0
- Convert the integer and fractional parts to decimals
- Set the sign according to sign bit

a.

1 101 1100

b.

1 001 0010

c.

0 010 0110

3. What are the largest (excluding infinity) and smallest positive numbers that can be represented as 32-bit IEEE 754 single precision floats (8-bit exponent, 23-bit significand)?

4. Find two numbers that are represented the same in our 8-bit float format and write them as a float

**We are now using our minifloat format instead of the IEEE-based 8-bit format we previously used.**

5. Add the following numbers together using our 8-bit float format:

Steps:

- Adjust the mantissa of the number with the smaller exponent by shifting it right until both exponents match
- Add the mantissas together
- Recombine and renormalize the result if necessary

a.

0 011 1010 + 0 100 1010	(1.25 + 2.5)
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b.

0 100 0001 + 0 110 1000	(0.25 + 8.0)
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c.

0 100 0111 + 0 100 1001	(1.75 + 2.25)
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## 6. Multiply these numbers together using minifloats:

Steps:

- Find the sign of the product, determined by the sign bits of both numbers
- Add the exponents of the two numbers, then subtract the combined exponent bias of 6 to get the exponent value
- Multiply the mantissas together.
- Recombine and renormalize the result if necessary

a.

0 011 1010 x 1 100 1010	(1.25 x -2.50)
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b.

1 100 0001 x 1 110 1000	(-0.25 x -8.0)
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c.

0 100 0111 x 0 100 1001	(1.75 x 2.25)
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