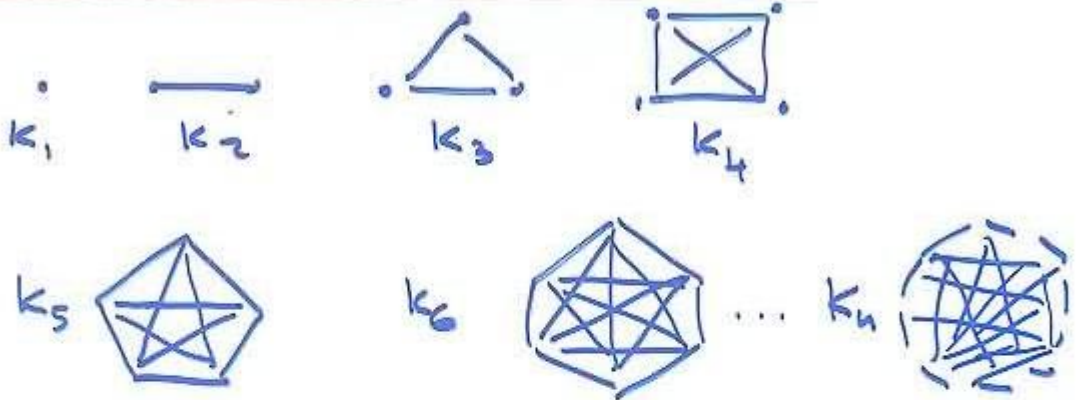


LEC 30 11/10/99

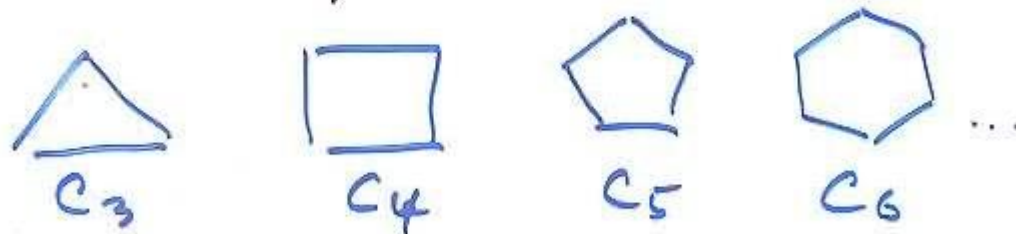
# SOME SPECIAL GRAPHS

## COMPLETE GRAPHS ON $n$ VERTICES $K_n$



ONE EDGE BETWEEN EACH PAIR OF  
DISTINCT VERTICES

## CYCLES $C_n, n \geq 3$



$$C_n = \langle V, E \rangle; \quad V = \{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$$

$$E = \{\{v_1, v_2\}, \{v_2, v_3\}, \dots, \{v_n, v_1\}\}$$

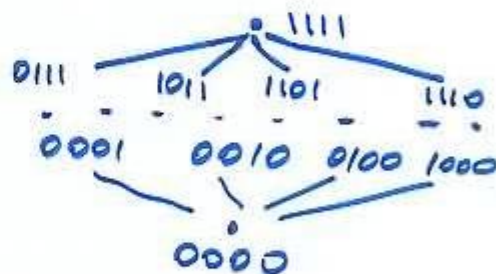
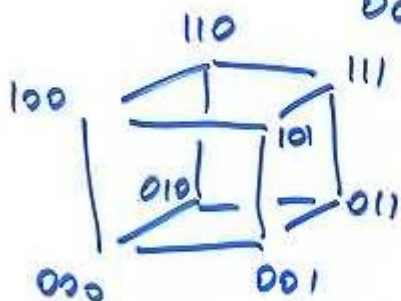
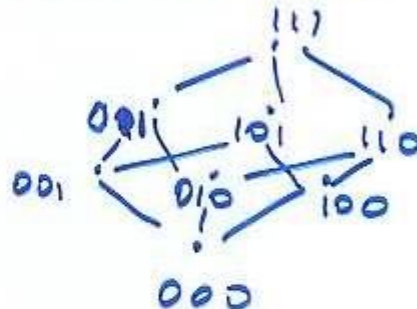
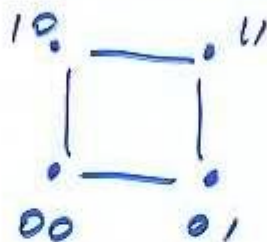
WHEELS:  $W_n$

AN ADDITIONAL VERTEX TO  $C_n$



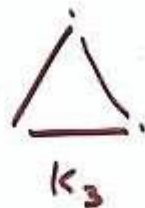
CUBES:  $Q_n$

0-1 STRINGS OF LENGTH  $n$   
EDGES = CHANGING ONE BIT



def  $G$  IS BIPARTITE IF  $V = V_1 \cup V_2$

SUCH THAT NO EDGE OF  $G$  CONNECTS  
TWO VERTICES IN  $V_1$ , OR TWO VERTICES IN  $V_2$

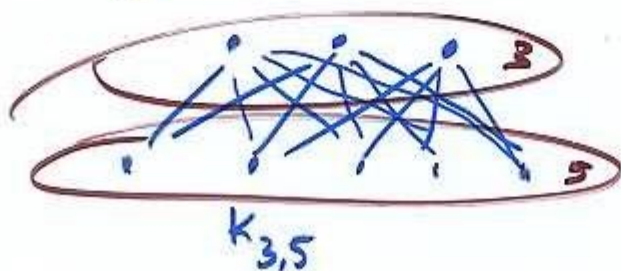
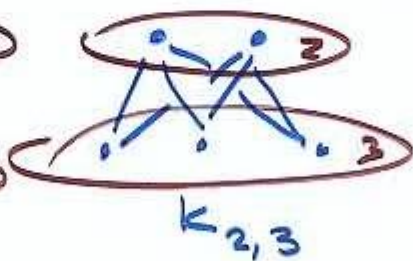
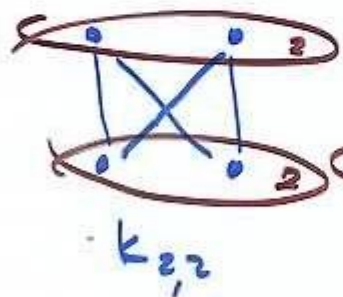


THE SIMPLIES  
NOT BIPARTITE

COMPLETE BIPARTITE  $K_{m,n}$  : (USUALLY  
ASSUMED  $m \leq n$ )

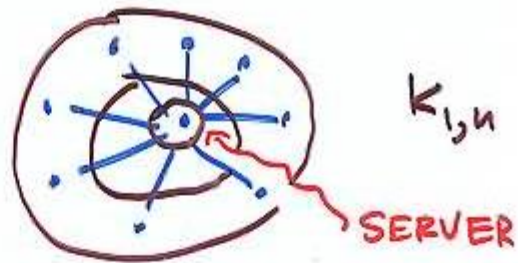
$$V = V_1 \cup V_2 \quad |V_1| = m \quad |V_2| = n$$

THERE IS ONE EDGE BETWEEN ANY  $v_1 \in V_1, v_2 \in V_2$

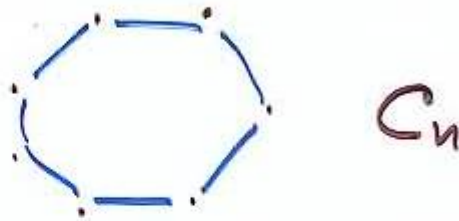


# NET WORKS AS GRAPHS

## STAR TOPOLOGY



## RING TOPOLOGY



## HYPRID TOPOLOGIES



## LINEAR ARRAYS



(MULTIPROCESSOR)  
CONNECTION

## TWO-DIMENSIONAL ARRAYS



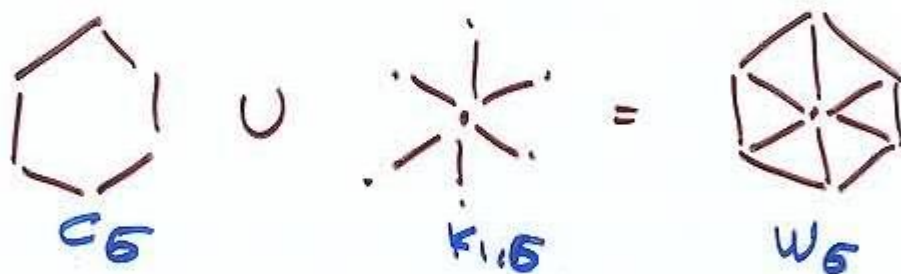
## HYPERCUBES, ETC.

SUBGRAPH:  $H = (W, F)$  IS A SUBGRAPH OF  $G = (V, E)$  IF  $W \subseteq V, F \subseteq E$

 IS A SUBGRAPH OF 

$C_5$  IS A SUBGRAPH OF  $W_5$  IS SUBGRAPH OF  $K_{1,5}$   
IS SUBGRAPH OF  $K_6$

UNION OF GRAPHS  $(V_1, E_1) \cup (V_2, E_2) =$   
 $= (V_1 \cup V_2, E_1 \cup E_2)$



HW 7.2: 8 18b,c 24