

Bali++ to SaM Code Conversion Templates

CS212

Fall 2005

1 Introduction

1.1 What is this?

This document provides templates for how to express Bali++ code in terms of SaM instructions. It is pretty self explanatory. You can use this document as a guide in writing your compiler. However, you do not have to follow these templates. Note that goal of the project in this course is to create a working compiler and not to create an implementation of these templates. If you implement these templates and your compiler does not work you cannot blame the templates. However, if you do find any problems with these templates please post them to the newsgroup or send an email to the course staff.

2 Functions

2.1 Callee Code

- Code for a function, like `t0 g ( t1 p1, t2 p2, ... , tn pn) {{ variables } statements }`

<i>g_label:</i>	specific label for the function
<i>ADDSP num_variables</i>	allocate local variables
<i>code for statements</i>	code for primary body in callee
<i>PUSHIMM 0</i>	push default return value
<i>g_label_End:</i>	label for portion of Samcode to finish callee
<i>STOREOFF -(n+1)</i>	store return value
<i>ADDSP -num_variables</i>	deallocate local variables
<i>RST</i>	return to caller

2.2 Caller Code

- Code for function call, like `g ( e1 , _ , en )`

`ADDSP 1` allocate space for function return value
code for e1 resolve *e1* to push param value
... ...
code for en resolve *en* to push param value
`LINK` save FBR of caller and set FBR to callee (*g*)
`JSR g_label` jump to subroutine *g* (the callee)
`UNLINK` pop saved FBR and store as new FBR
`ADDSP -n` after returning, pop parameters

3 Statements

- Code for a statement block, like `{ s1 , _ , sn }`

code for s1
...
code for s1

- Code for a conditional statement, like `if ( e1 ) s1`

code for e1
`JUMPC thenifLabel`
`JUMP endifLabel`
thenifLabel:
code for s1
endifLabel:

- Code for a conditional statement, like `if ( e1 ) s1 else s2`

code for e1
`JUMPC thenifLabel`
code for s2
`JUMP endifLabel`
thenifLabel:
code for s1
endifLabel:

- Code for do ... until loop, like `do s1 until ( e1 )`

doLabel:
code for s1
code for e1
`NOT`
`JUMPC doLabel:`

- Code for a for loop, like **for (e1; e2; e3) s1**

code for e1
ADDSP -1
beginForLabel:
code for e2
ISNIL
JUMPC endForLabel
code for s1
code for e3
ADDSP -1
JUMP beginForLabel
endForLabel:

Note: if *e2* is not specified it is assigned the value “true”

- Code for an expression statement, like **e1;**

code for e1
ADDSP -1

- Code for output, like, **print e1;** where *e1* is an integer

code for e1
WRITE

- Code for output, like **print e1;** where *e1* is a character

code for e1
WRITECH

- Code for output, like **print e1;** where *e1* is a character pointer

code for e1
WRITESTR

- Code for a return statement, like **return e1;**

code for e1
JUMP g_name_End jump to the label at the end of the current function (see section 2.2)

4 Expressions and Expression Parts

4.1 Assignment Operation

- Code for **e1 = e2** where *e1* is the name of a global variable

code for e2
DUP
STOREABS address_of_e1

- Code for $e1 = e2$ where $e1$ is the name of a local variable or a parameter

code for e2

DUP

STOREOFF *address_of_e1*

note: if $e1$ is a local variable its address is positive if $e1$ is a parameter its address is negative

- Code for $e1 = e2$ where $e1$ is a dereferenced pointer, like $*ep$ (i.e. the code for $*ep = e2$)

code for e2

DUP

code for ep

SWAP

STOREIND

4.2 Array Element Expression

- Code for $e1 [e2]$ is the code for $* (e1 + e2)$

4.3 Binary Operations

- Code for $e1 + e2$

code for e1

code for e2

ADD

- Code for $e1 - e2$

code for e1

code for e2

SUB

- Code for $e1 * e2$

code for e1

code for e2

TIMES

- Code for $e1 / e2$

code for e1

code for e2

DIV

- Code for $e1 \% e2$

code for e1

code for e2

MOD

- Code for $e1 == e2$

code for e1

code for e2

EQUAL

- Code for $e1 != e2$

code for e1

code for e2

EQUAL

NOT

- Code for $e1 > e2$

code for e1

code for e2

CMP

ISNEG

- Code for $e1 < e2$

code for e1

code for e2

CMP

ISPOS

- Code for $e1 >= e2$

code for e1

code for e2

CMP

ISPOS

NOT

- Code for $e1 <= e2$

code for e1

code for e2

CMP

ISNEG

NOT

- Code for $e1 \&\& e2$ with short circuiting

code for e1

DUP

NOT

JUMPC *endLabel*

code for e2

AND

endLabel:

- Code for **$e1 \mid e2$** with short circuiting

code for $e1$
 DUP
 JUMPC *endLabel*
code for $e2$
 OR
endLabel:

- Code for **$e1 \wedge e2$**

code for $e1$
code for $e2$
 XOR

4.4 Unary Operations

- Code for **$-e1$**

PUSHIMM 0
code for $e1$
 SUB

- Code for **$!e1$**

code for $e1$
 NOT

- Code for **$\&e1$** where $e1$ is a global variable

PUSHIMMMA *address_of_e1*

- Code for **$\&e1$** where $e1$ is a local variable or a parameter

PUSHFBR
 PUSHIMM *address_of_e1*
 ADD

note: if $e1$ is a local variable its address is positive if $e1$ is a parameter its address is negative

- Code for **$\star e1$**

code for $e1$
 PUSHIND

4.5 Other Expression Parts

- Code for **$e1$** where $e1$ is the name of a global variable

PUSHABS *address_of_e1*

- Code for **e1** where *e1* is the name of a local variable or a parameter

PUSHOFF *address_of_e1*

note: if *e1* is a local variable its address is positive if *e1* is a parameter its address is negative

- Code for **e1** where *e1* is the name of an integer constant

PUSHIMM *value_of_e1*

- Code for **e1** where *e1* is the name of a boolean constant (i.e. true or false)

PUSHIMM *value_of_e1*

- Code for **e1** where *e1* is the name of a character constant

PUSHIMMCH *value_of_e1*

- Code for **null**

PUSHIMMMA 0

- Code for integer input, like **readInt ()**

READ

- Code for character input, like **readChar ()**

READCH

- Code for memory allocation, like **malloc (e1)**

code for e1

MALLOC

- Code for memory deallocation, like **free (e1)**

code for e1

FREE

PUSHIMM 0

- Code for type cast, like **< t1 > e1**

code for e1