- Previous Lecture (and Lab):
 - Intro to the course, "Computational senses"
 - The Matlab Command Window
- Today's Lecture:
 - Anatomy of a program
 - Variables, assignment, mathematical operations
 - Functions for input & output
- Announcements
 - Discussion this week in Upson B7 computer lab, not classrooms listed in Student Ctr
 - Due to the fixed lab capacity, you must attend the section in which you are enrolled
 - Consulting begins Sunday in ACCEL Green Room (Carpenter Hall, former Engineering Lib)

Lecture

Formula

Surface area of a sphere?

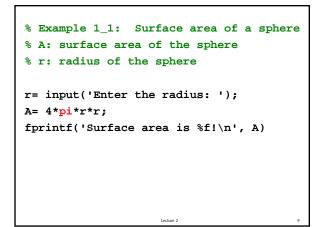
 $A = 4\pi r^2$

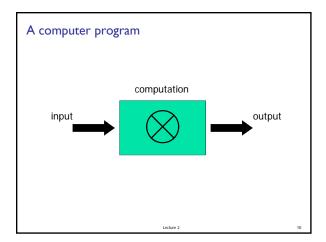
• Have the cosine of some angle and want $\cos(\theta/2)$?

 $\theta \in \left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$

$$\cos(\theta/2) = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos(\theta)}{2}}$$

Lecture 2





Variable & assignment

 Variable: a named computer memory space for storing a value



- Valid names start with a letter, can contain digits
- Use meaningful variable names!

Lecture 2

Variable & assignment

Variable: a named space for storing a value



- Assignment: putting a value into a variable
- Assignment operator: =
- An assignment statement: r= 2*4.5
- Expression on right-hand-side (rhs) is evaluated before the assignment operation

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Assignment

- Expression on rhs is evaluated before the assignment operation
- Examples:

```
x= 2*3.14
y= 1+x
z= 4^2 - cos(y)
```

• Question: can we reverse the order of the 3 statements above?

```
Script execution
(A script is a sequence of statements, an "m-file")

% Quad1
% Solves x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0

a = 1;
b = 5;
c = 6;
d = sqrt(b^2 - 4*a*c);
r1 = (-b - d)/(2*a)
r2 = (-b + d)/(2*a)
```

```
Statements in a program are executed in sequence

% A program fragment ...

x= 2*3.14

y= 1+x

x= 5

% What is y now?

A: 6 B: 7.28 C: some other value, or error
```

```
Input & output

• variable = input('prompt')

r = input('Enter radius: ')

• fprintf('message to print')

fprintf('Increase ')
   fprintf('is %f inches\n', x)
   fprintf('Position (%d,%d)\n', x,y)
```

```
Substitution sequences
(conversion specifications)
          fixed point (or floating point)
  %£
  %d
          decimal-whole number
  %e
          <u>e</u>xponential
          general—Matlab chooses a format
  %g
          character
  %C
  %s
          string
Examples:
             %f %15.2f
```

```
    Comments
    For readability!
    A comment starts with % and goes to the end of the line
    Start each program (script) with a concise description of what it does
    Define each important variable/constant
    Top a block of code for a specific task with a concise comment
```

Example

Modify the previous program to calculate the increase in surface area given an increase in the radius of a sphere.

Note: I mile = 5280 feet

Lecture 2

% Example 1_2: Surface area increase
% given an increase in the radius
r= input('Enter radius r in miles: ');
delta= input('Enter delta r in inches: ');

What's next?

- So far, all the statements in our scripts are executed in order
- We do not have a way to specify that some statements should be executed only under some condition
- We need a new language construct...

Lecture 2