

Lecture 12

Lists (& Sequences)

Announcements for Today

(Optional) Videos

- **Videos 15.1-15.7** for **today**
- **Videos 16.1-16.7** next time
- **Prelim, 10/16 at 7:30 pm**
 - Material up to **Today**
 - Study guide is posted
- **Conflict with Prelim time?**
 - Submit conflict to CMS
 - Applies to SDS students too
 - And if do not have hardware

Assignments

- A2 still not graded
 - Last day for late submits
 - Grade posted Sunday
 - Survey still open
- A3 due next **Wednesday**
 - Will grade over break
 - No time in lab this time
 - But activity on Thur/Fri

Sequences: Lists of Values

String

- `s = 'abc d'`

0	1	2	3	4
a	b	c		d

- Put characters in quotes
 - Use `\'` for quote character
- Access characters with `[]`
 - `s[0]` is 'a'
 - `s[5]` causes an error
 - `s[0:2]` is 'ab' (excludes c)
 - `s[2:]` is 'c d'

List

- `x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 15, 23]`

0	1	2	3	4	5
5	6	5	9	15	23

- Put values inside `[ ]`
 - Separate by commas
- Access **values** with `[]`
 - `x[0]` is 5
 - `x[6]` causes an error
 - `x[0:2]` is [5, 6] (excludes 2nd 5)
 - `x[3:]` is [9, 15, 23]

Sequences: Lists of Values

String

- `s = 'abc d'`

0 1 2 3 4

a	b	c		d
---	---	---	--	---

- Put characters in quotes
 - Use `\'` for quote character

- Access characters

- `s[0]` is 'a'
- `s[5]` causes an error
- `s[0:2]` is 'ab' (excludes c)
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List

- `x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 15, 23]`

0 1 2 3 4 5

5	6	5	9	15	23
---	---	---	---	----	----

- Put values inside `[ ]`

- `x[6]` causes an error
- `x[0:2]` is [5, 6] (excludes 2nd 5)
- `x[3:]` is [9, 15, 23]

Sequence is name given to both

Lists Have Methods Similar to String

```
x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 15, 23]
```

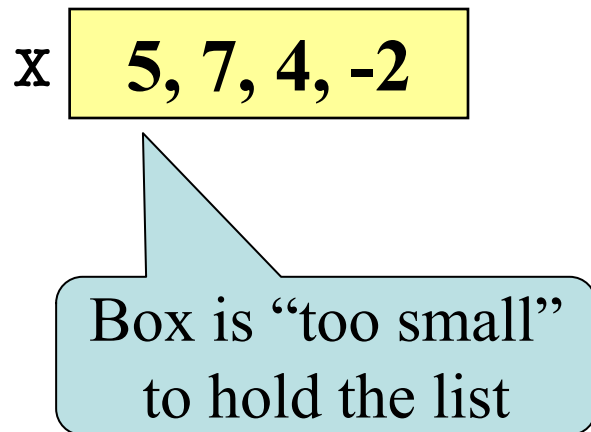
- **index(value)**
 - Return position of the value
 - **ERROR** if value is not there
 - `x.index(9)` evaluates to 3
- **count(value)**
 - Returns number of times value appears in list
 - `x.count(5)` evaluates to 2

But you get length of
a list with a regular
function, not method:

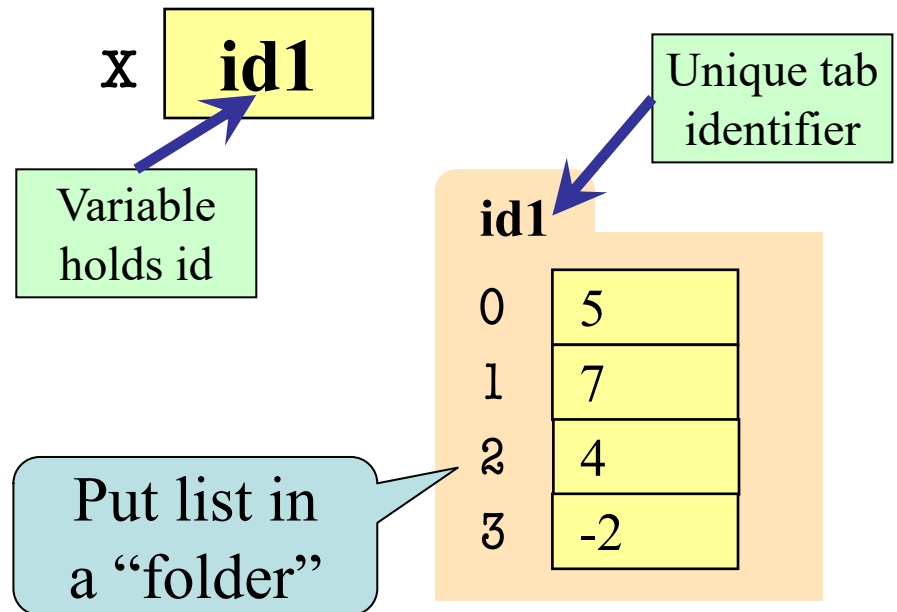
`len(x)`

Representing Lists

Wrong



Correct

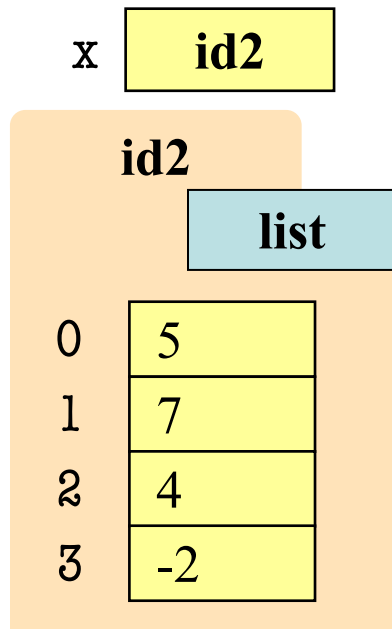


$x = [5, 7, 4, -2]$

Lists vs. Class Objects

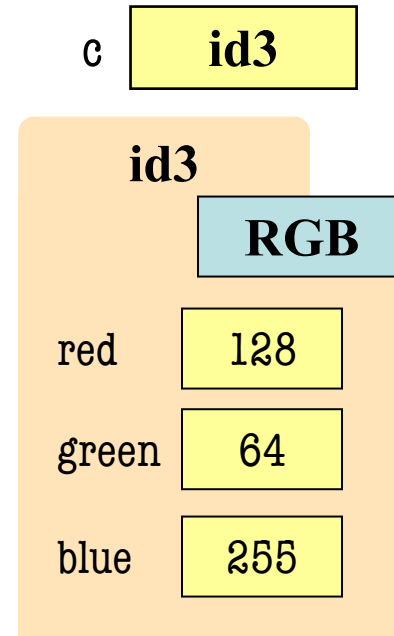
List

- Attributes are indexed
 - Example: `x[2]`



RGB

- Attributes are named
 - Example: `c.red`



When Do We Need to Draw a Folder?

- When the value **contains** other values
 - This is essentially what we mean by ‘object’
- When the value is **mutable**

Type	Container?	Mutable?
int	No	No
float	No	No
str	Yes*	No
Point3	Yes	Yes
RGB	Yes	Yes
list	Yes	Yes

Lists are Mutable

- **List assignment:**
`<var>[<index>] = <value>`
 - Reassign at index
 - Affects folder contents
 - Variable is unchanged
- Strings cannot do this
 - `s = 'Hello World!'`
 - `s[0] = 'J'` **ERROR**
 - Strings are **immutable**

- `x = [5, 7, 4, -2]`

0	1	2	3
5	7	4	-2

- `x[1] = 8`

x

id1

id1	
0	5
1	7
2	4
3	-2

Lists are Mutable

- **List assignment:**
`<var>[<index>] = <value>`
 - Reassign at index
 - Affects folder contents
 - Variable is unchanged
- Strings cannot do this
 - `s = 'Hello World!'`
 - `s[0] = 'J'` **ERROR**
 - Strings are **immutable**

- `x = [5, 7, 4, -2]`

0	1	2	3
5	7	4	-2

8

- `x[1] = 8`

x id1

id1	
0	5
1	7 8
2	4
3	-2

Slice Assignment

- Can *embed* a new list inside of a list
 - **Syntax:** <var>[<start>:<end>] = <list>
 - Replaces that range with content of list

- **Example:**

```
>>> a = [1,2,3]
```

```
>>> b = [4,5]
```

```
>>> a[:2] = b
```

```
>>> a
```

```
[4, 5, 3]
```

Replaces [1,2]
with [4,5]

List Methods Can **Alter** the List

```
x = [5, 6, 5, 9]
```

- **append(value)**
 - A **procedure method**, not a fruitful method
 - Adds a new value to the end of list
 - `x.append(-1)` *changes* the list to `[5, 6, 5, 9, -1]`
- **insert(index, value)**
 - Put the value into list at index; shift rest of list right
 - `x.insert(2,-1)` changes the list to `[5, 6, -1, 5, 9,]`
- **sort()**

List Methods Can **Alter** the List

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x = [5, 6, 5, 9]
```

- **append(value)**
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 - Put the value into list at index; shift rest of list right
 - `x.insert(2,-1)` changes the list to `[5, 6, -1, 5, 9,]`
- **sort()**

What do you think this does?

Where To Learn About List Methods?

5.1. More on Lists

The list data type has some more methods. Here are all of the methods of list objects:

`list.append(x)`

Add an item to the end of the list. Equivalent to `a[len(a):] = [x]`.

`list.extend(iterable)`

Extend the list by appending all the items from the

In the documentation!

`list.insert(i, x)`

Insert an item at a given position. The first argument is the index of the element before which to insert, so `a.insert(0, x)` inserts at the front of the list, and `a.insert(len(a), x)` is equivalent to `a.append(x)`.

`list.remove(x)`

Remove the first item from the list whose value is equal to `x`. It raises a `ValueError` if there is no such item.

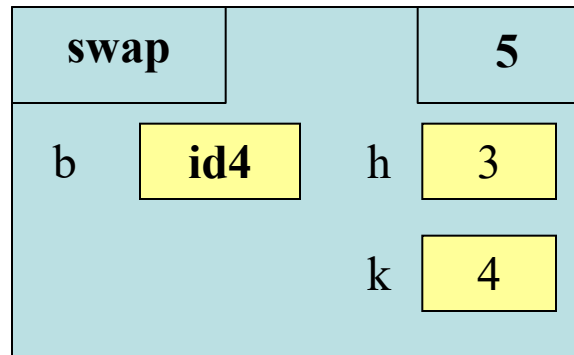
`list.pop([i])`

Remove the item at the given position in the list, and return it. If no index is specified, `a.pop()` removes and returns the last item in the list. (The square brackets around the `i` in the method signature denote that the parameter is optional, not that you should type square brackets at that position. You will see this notation frequently in the Python Library Reference.)

Lists and Functions: Swap

```
1. def swap(b, h, k):
2.     """ Swaps b[h] and b[k] in b
3.     Precond: b is a mutable list,
4.     h, k are valid positions"""
5.     temp= b[h]
6.     b[h]= b[k]
7.     b[k]= temp
```

swap(x, 3, 4)



Swaps b[h] and b[k],
because parameter b
contains name of list.

id4

0	5
1	4
2	7
3	6
4	5

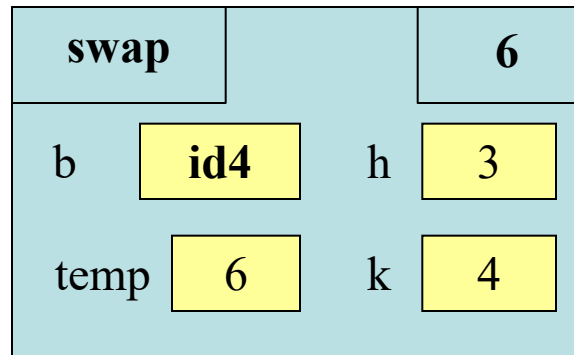
x

id4

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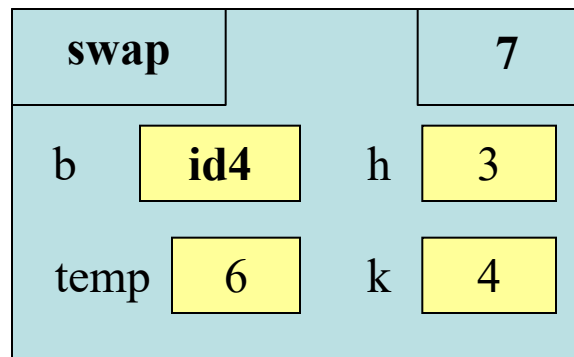
x

id4

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1	4
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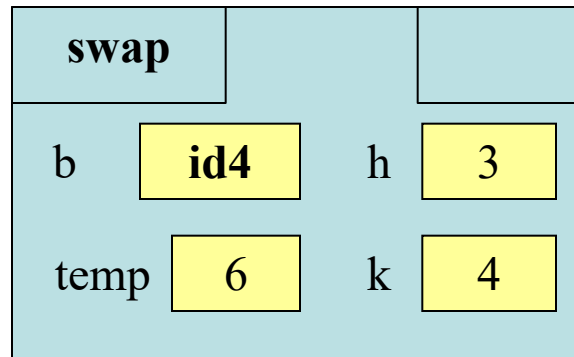
x

id4

Lists and Functions: Swap

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id4

0	5
1	4
2	7
3	4 5
4	5 6

x

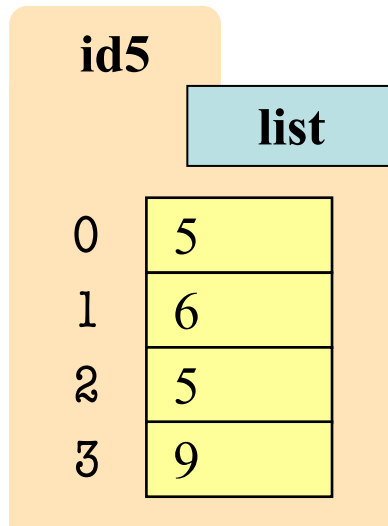
id4

List Slices Make Copies

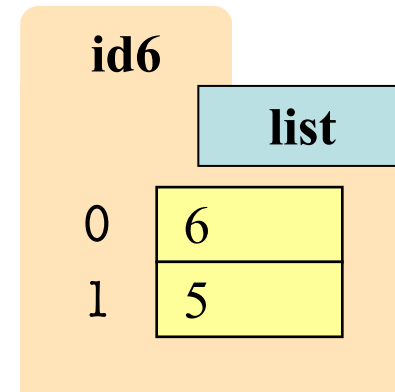
`x = [5, 6, 5, 9]`

`y = x[1:3]`

x id5



y id6



copy = new folder

Exercise Time

- Execute the following:

```
>>> x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 10]
```

```
>>> x[3] = -1
```

```
>>> x.insert(1,2)
```

- What is x[4]?

A: 10

B: 9

C: -1

D: **ERROR**

E: I don't know

Exercise Time

- Execute the following:

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```

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-1

- Execute the following:

```
>>> x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 10]
```

```
>>> y = x[1:]
```

```
>>> y[0] = 7
```

- What is x[1]?

A: 7

B: 5

C: 6

D: **ERROR**

E: I don't know

Exercise Time

- Execute the following:

```
>>> x = [5, 6, 5, 9, 10]
```

```
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```

```
>>> x.insert(1,2)
```

- What is x[4]?

-1

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```

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```

- What is x[1]?

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Lists and Expressions

- List brackets `[]` can contain expressions
- This is a list **expression**
 - Python must evaluate it
 - Evaluates each expression
 - Puts the value in the list
- Example:

```
>>> a = [1+2,3+4,5+6]
>>> a
[3, 7, 11]
```
- Execute the following:

```
>>> a = 5
>>> b = 7
>>> x = [a, b, a+b]
```
- What is `x[2]`?

A: 'a+b'

B: 12

C: 57

D: **ERROR**

E: I don't know

Lists and Expressions

- List brackets `[]` can contain expressions
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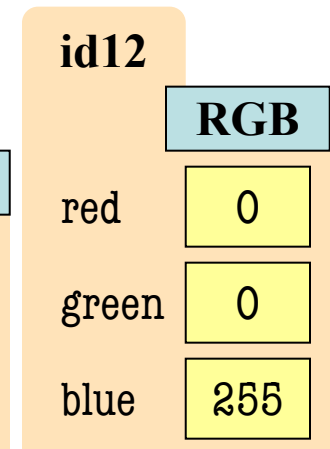
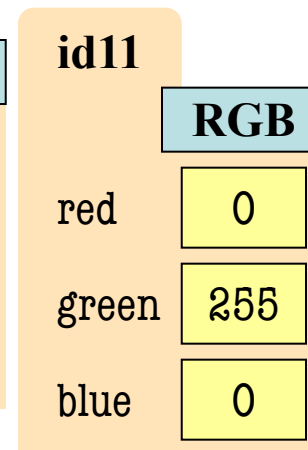
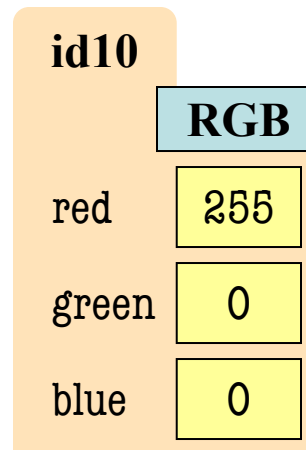
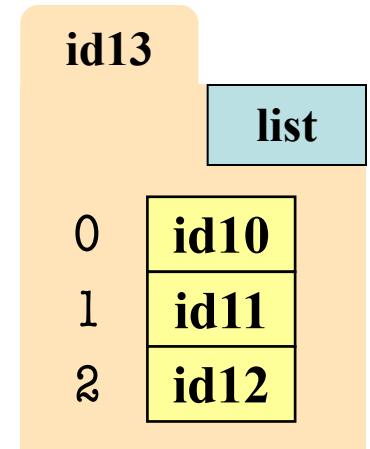
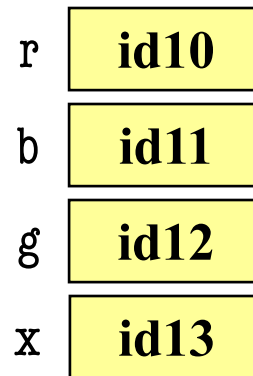
```
>>> a = 5
>>> b = 7
>>> x = [a, b, a+b]
```
- What is `x[2]`?

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Lists of Objects

- List positions are variables
 - Can store base types
 - But cannot store folders
 - Can store folder identifiers
- Folders linking to folders
 - Top folder for the list
 - Other folders for contents
- Example:

```
>>> r = introcs.RGB(255,0,0)
>>> g = introcs.RGB(0,255,0)
>>> b = introcs.RGB(0,0,255)
>>> x = [r,g,b]
```



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