CSIII0 Lab 01. Expressions, var	riables, declarations, assignments Fall 2010
Name Cornell net id	
This introductory lab deals with Java expressions and assignment sta	atements, for the most part treating Java just as a calculator.
(available from the course webpage, http://www.cs.cornell.edu/couhave the expression evaluated, record its value on this sheet (next to	paste each expression from the online pdf or html version of this handout urses/cs1110/2010fa) into the Interactions pane in DrJava, hit the enter key to o the expression), and answer any questions. Do not simply write down what you ays it is. When a row has two expressions/questions, do the left-column one first,
When finished, show this sheet to your lab instructor, who will recordays and show it to your lab instructor next week. This paper is you	ord that you did it. If you do not finish during the lab, finish it within the next few urs to keep.
	the mouse on the horizontal bar running across the entire window, hold down the arrow key to obtain a previous expression; then you can edit the expression and his
	instructor or a consultant immediately! You should understand HOW each meone. The lab instructors and consultants are in the lab to help. They will look
INT EXPRESSIONS	5 + 2
5 + 2 * 5	(5 + 2) * 5
4 - 3 - 3	4 - (3 - 3)
-444	
6 / 2	
6 / 4	Why isn't $6/4 = 1.5$?
7 % 2	8 % 3
6 % 3	What is the name of operator %?
Integer.MIN_VALUE	Integer.MAX_VALUE
Integer.MIN_VALUE + 1	Integer.MAX_VALUE - 1
Integer.MIN_VALUE - 1	Why does Integer.MIN_VALUE - 1 have such a funny value?
Integer.MAX_VALUE + 1	
DOUBLE EXPRESSIONS	
5.0 + 2.0	(5 + 2.1) * 5
4.0 - 3 - 3	4.0 - (3 - 3)
6.0 / 2	6.0 / 4
6.0 % 3	-6.0 % 4

We want you to figure out why an addition like Double.MIN_VALUE + 1 equals 1. It has to do with the fact that the mantissa in "mantissa E exponent" has only a certain number of digits. To make things easy, assume that the mantissa can have only 3 digits. For example, 3.24E5 is OK but not 32.46E5 —type that in and it would use 3.24E5.

Why isn't Double.MIN_VALUE negative?

Double.MAX_VALUE + Double.MAX_VALUE

Double.MAX_VALUE

Double.MIN_VALUE

Double.MIN_VALUE + 1

Double.MAX_VALUE + 1

Using this restriction, add up the two numbers 3.20E0 and 3.20E1 —in doing this, to add, you have to line up the decimal points, but remember that each mantissa can have only 3 digits; if it has more, the least significant ones are simply dropped or erased.

Now, using the same restriction, add up the two numbers 1.00E0 and 1.00E-4 —remembering that at all times, each mantissa is only 3 digits. This example should show you why Double.MIN_VALUE + 1 equals 1.

CASTING	
(double) 4	(int) 4
(double) 7 / 4	(double) (7 / 4)
Which operator has higher precedence, casting or division? (deducible from the row above)	
(int) 5.3	(double) (int) 5.3
(int) -5.3	
7 / 4 + 5	(double) 7 / 4 + 5
7 / (double) 4 + 5	(double) (7 / 4 + 5)

BOOLEAN EXPRESSIONS	
3 < 5	3 < 5 && 5 < 3
true	true && false
true && true	What is the name of operator && ?
false	true false
true true	What is the name of operator ?
!true	What is the name of operator!?
!false	!!false
true && false && true	true false true
true (false && true)	true && (true false)
false && (5 / 0 == 1)	(5 / 0 == 1) && false
Why does the lefthand expression above work whereas the righthand one doesn't?	

STRING EXPRESSIONS	"Truth " + "is " + "best"
"Truth " + ("is " + "best")	56 + "" + 56
"" + 4 / 2	("" + 4) / 2 gives an error message. Why?
4 + 2 + ""	4 + (2 + "")
What does + do if at least one operand is a String?	

VARIABLES, DECLARATIONS, ASSIGNMENTS It is important that you learn the difference between a d	
	I. In the newest version of DrJava, in the interactions pane, variables must be declared of variables without declarations. Use menu item Edit->Preferences; in the window that nd then uncheck the appropriate box.
To the right, write the purpose of a declaration like "int j;".	
To the right, explain how the assignment statement $"j=j+5;"$ is executed.	
int j;	(There will be no answer from the declaration to the left)
j	Does a newly declared variable have a value?
j= 2;	(To the left is your first assignment statement)
j	j+4
j = j + 9;	
j	(You can see what assigning to j did)
int k= 5;	j + k
double w= j + k;	w
w;	(if you follow an expression with a semicolon, you don't see its value)
FUNCTION CALLS	
	Note: In the function call on the left, the two constants 25 and 4 ere called

FUNCTION CALLS	
Math.min(25, 4)	(Note: In the function call on the left, the two constants 25 and 4 are called the arguments of the call.)
Math.max(25, 4)	Math.min(25, Math.max(27, 4))
Math.abs(25)	Math.abs(- 25)
Math.ceil(25.6)	Math.floor(25.6)
Math.ceil(- 25.6)	Math.floor(- 25.6)