## Name: NetID:

You have 10 minutes to complete this quiz. You may not use a computer to answer the questions.

1. What is a nested loop?

[Ans] A nested loop is a structure where one or more loops are placed inside another loop.

- 2. State whether the following statements are true or false:
  - (a) In Matlab, a while-loop can do anything a for-loop can.

[Ans] True.

(b) In Matlab, it is possible to write a for-loop that can repeat a set of statements an indefinite number of times.

[Ans] False. Whereas a while-loop can be made to repeat a set of statements until some condition is met, a for-loop. This is because the bounds of the loop are only evaluated once in Matlab (unlike in many other programming languages).

3. Consider the following code fragment:

```
for p = 1 : 10

for q = 1 : 3
        disp('I like to move it move it');
end

disp('You like to...MOVE IT');
end
```

When this piece of code runs to completion,

(a) how many times will the phrase 'I like to move it move it' have been printed to the screen *in total*?

```
[Ans] 10 \times 3 = 30 times
```

(b) how many times will the phrase 'You like to...MOVE IT' have been printed to the screen  $in\ total$ ?

```
[Ans] 10 times
```

4. Transform the following while-loop into a for-loop that prints out the same sequence of numbers:

```
x = 0;
while (x <= 50)
    disp(x);
    x = x + 2;
end
```

```
[Ans]

for x = 0 : 2 : 50
    disp(x);
end
```

A common erroneous solution that was offered by many students was the following loop (or some variant thereof):

```
for x = 0 : 50
    disp(x);
    x = x + 2;
end
```

Note that this latter solution *does not* print the same series of numbers as the original while-loop. This is because of the fact that the header of the for-loop is only evaluated once. After this point, x "promises" to take on the values  $0,1,2,\ldots,50$  one at a time. The statement x=x+2 will temporarily increase the value of x by x, but once we hit the end statement, x is assigned the next value in the series that it was supposed to take.