

Topics: Method invocation, **static** variables and methods, polymorphism

Reading (JV): Sec 7.4-7.5

Polymorphism

A *polymorphic* reference can refer to different objects (related through inheritance) at different times.

```
Vehicle mover; //a Vehicle reference
Plane flyer;   //a Plane reference
mover = new Vehicle(...);
flyer = new Plane(...);
// A plane is a vehicle
    mover = new Plane(...);    // valid statement
    mover = flyer;             // valid statement
// A vehicle is not a plane
    flyer = new Vehicle(...);  // invalid statement
```

Accessing *overridden* methods through polymorphic references

The *type of the object* determines which version of the method gets invoked. Class `Vehicle` has method `writeOut` which class `Plane` overrides:

```
Vehicle v1 = new Vehicle(...);
Vehicle v2 = new Plane(...);
v1.writeOut(); //the Vehicle's version
v2.writeOut(); //the Plane's version
```

Accessing methods and fields through polymorphic references

The *type of the reference* determines the methods and fields that can be accessed

<pre>class V { int num1; void vmethod() { num1++; } } class W extends V { int num2; void wmethod() { num2++; } }</pre>	Client code: <pre>V x = new W(); System.out.println(x.num1); System.out.println(x.num2); //invalid x.vmethod(); x.wmethod(); //invalid // Use explicit cast: System.out.println(((W)x).num2); ((W)x).wmethod();</pre>
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static methods and variables

- Same rules for inheritance (accessibility) with respect to visibility modifiers
- Method: implicitly **final**
- Variable: same memory space as super class

<pre> class Room { private static int nextID = 1; //id of next room to be created protected int id; private int mess; //messiness index public Room(int mess) { this.mess = mess; id = nextID; nextID++; } public String toString() { return "Room " + id; } public void clean() { mess--; if (mess<0) mess=0; } public void report() { System.out.println(toString()+ ", has messiness index "+mess); } public static void countRooms() { System.out.println((nextID-1)+ " rooms in total"); } } //class Room class Bathroom extends Room { private boolean hasShower; public Bathroom(int mess, boolean hasShower) { super(mess); this.hasShower = hasShower; } public String toString() { String line = super.toString(); line += ", a bathroom"; if (hasShower) line += " with shower"; return line; } public void majorCleanUp() { clean(); clean(); clean(); clean(); } } //class Bathroom </pre>	<pre> public class House { public static void main(String[]args) { Room r1 = new Room(5); Bathroom r2 = new Bathroom(10,true); // Method invocation // Access non-inherited fields System.out.println(r1); System.out.println(r2); r1.report(); r2.report(); System.out.println(); r1.clean(); r1.report(); r2.clean(); r2.report(); r2.majorCleanUp(); r2.report(); //r1.majorCleanUp(); System.out.println(); // Polymorphism Room r3 = new Bathroom(20,false); System.out.println(r3); r3.clean(); r3.report(); //r3.majorCleanUp(); ((Bathroom)r3).majorCleanUp(); r3.report(); System.out.println(); // Static methods and variables Room.countRooms(); Bathroom.countRooms(); } } //class House </pre>
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