

Adequacy and Complete Axiomatization for Timed Modal Logic

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Joint work with



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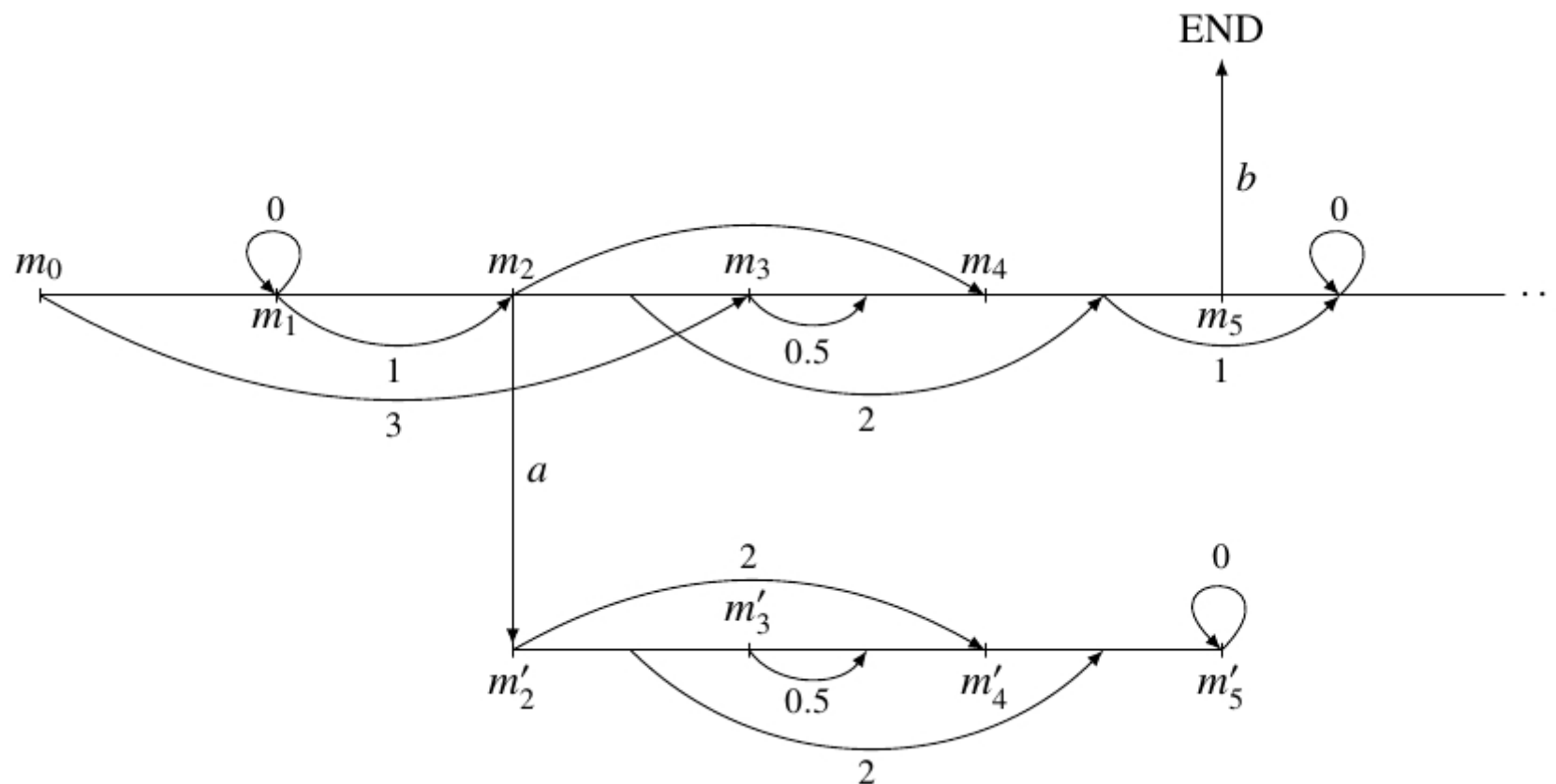
Kim G. Larsen

MFPS, June 12, 2014

Motivation

- To model real-time behaviors:
 - Timed transition system; timed automata
 - *MTL*, *MITL*, *TPTL*, *ECL* -- extensions of *LTL*
 - *TCTL*, T_μ , L_ν -- extensions of *CTL*, μ -calculus
- Our achievements:
 - Adequacy of *TML* (Timed Modal Logic)
 - Undecidability of satisfiability problem for *TML*
 - Strong-complete axiomatization

Timed Transition System (TTS)



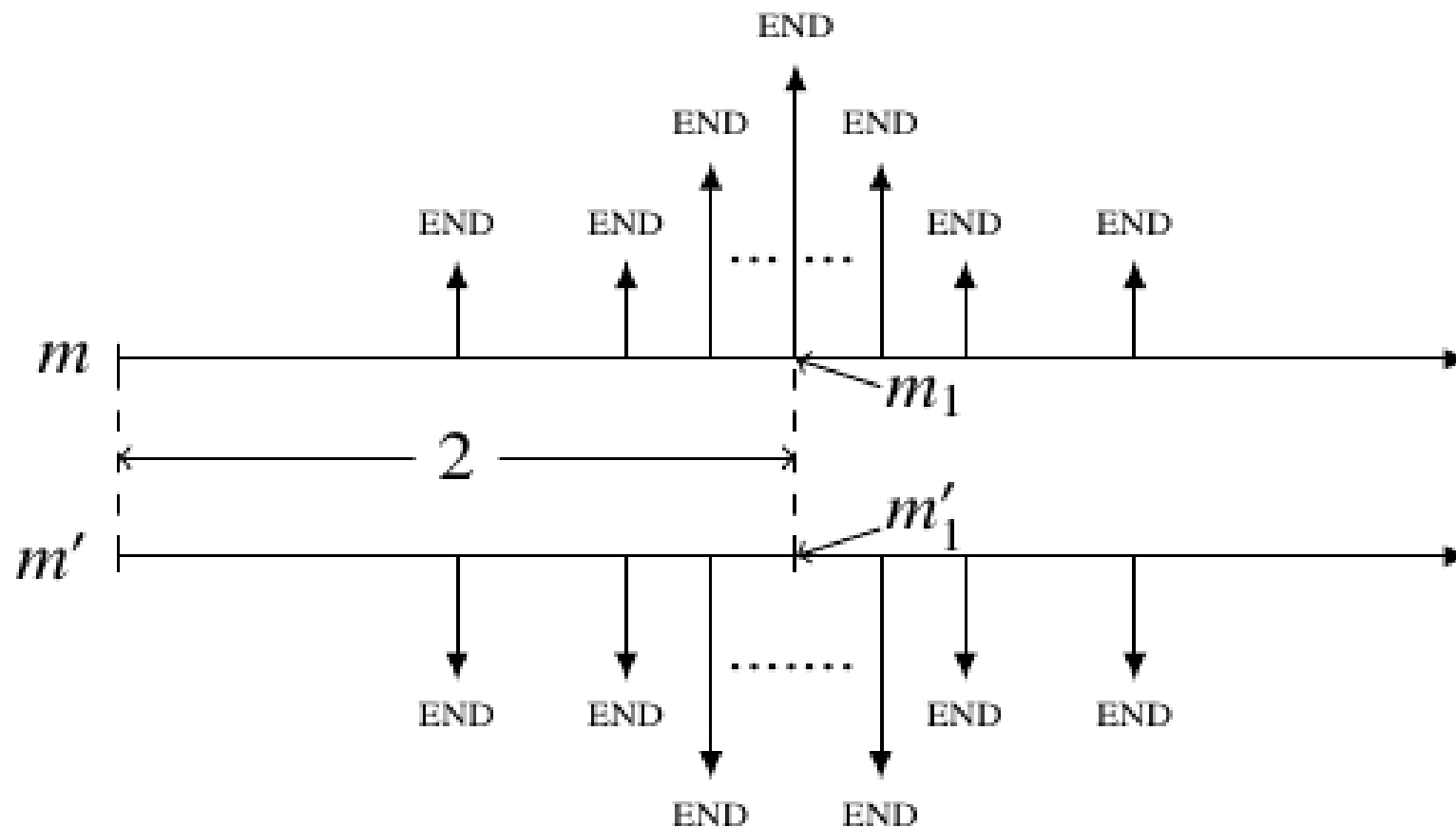
Timed Transition System (TTS)

- $M = (M, \Sigma, \theta, \oplus)$
 - M : non-empty set of states
 - Σ : non-empty set of actions
 - $\theta: M \times \Sigma \rightarrow 2^M$
labeled transition function
 - $\oplus: \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \times M \rightarrow M$
delay transition function
 - $0 \oplus m = m$;
 - $d \oplus (d' \oplus m) \cong (d + d') \oplus m$

Timed Bisimulation

- $R \subseteq M \times M$ s.t. whenever $(m_1, m_2) \in R$:
 - If $m_1 \xrightarrow{a} m_1'$, then $\exists m_2' \in M$ s.t. $m_2 \xrightarrow{a} m_2'$,
and $(m_1', m_2') \in R$;
 - If $d \oplus m_1$ defined, then $d \oplus m_2$ defined,
and $(d \oplus m_1, d \oplus m_2) \in R$.

Timed Bisimulation



Timed Modal Logic (TML)

- Syntax

$\mathcal{L}: \quad \phi ::= \perp \mid x \trianglelefteq r \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \mid [a]\phi \mid \textcolor{red}{\forall} \phi \mid \textcolor{red}{\forall} x. \phi$

where: $r \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}, \trianglelefteq \in \{\leq, \geq\}, x \in \mathcal{K}$

- Semantics:

- $M, m, i \models \phi$

where $i: \mathcal{K} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$

Timed Modal Logic (TML)

- Syntax

$\mathcal{L}: \quad \phi ::= \perp \mid x \trianglelefteq r \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \mid [a]\phi \mid \forall \phi \mid \forall x. \phi$

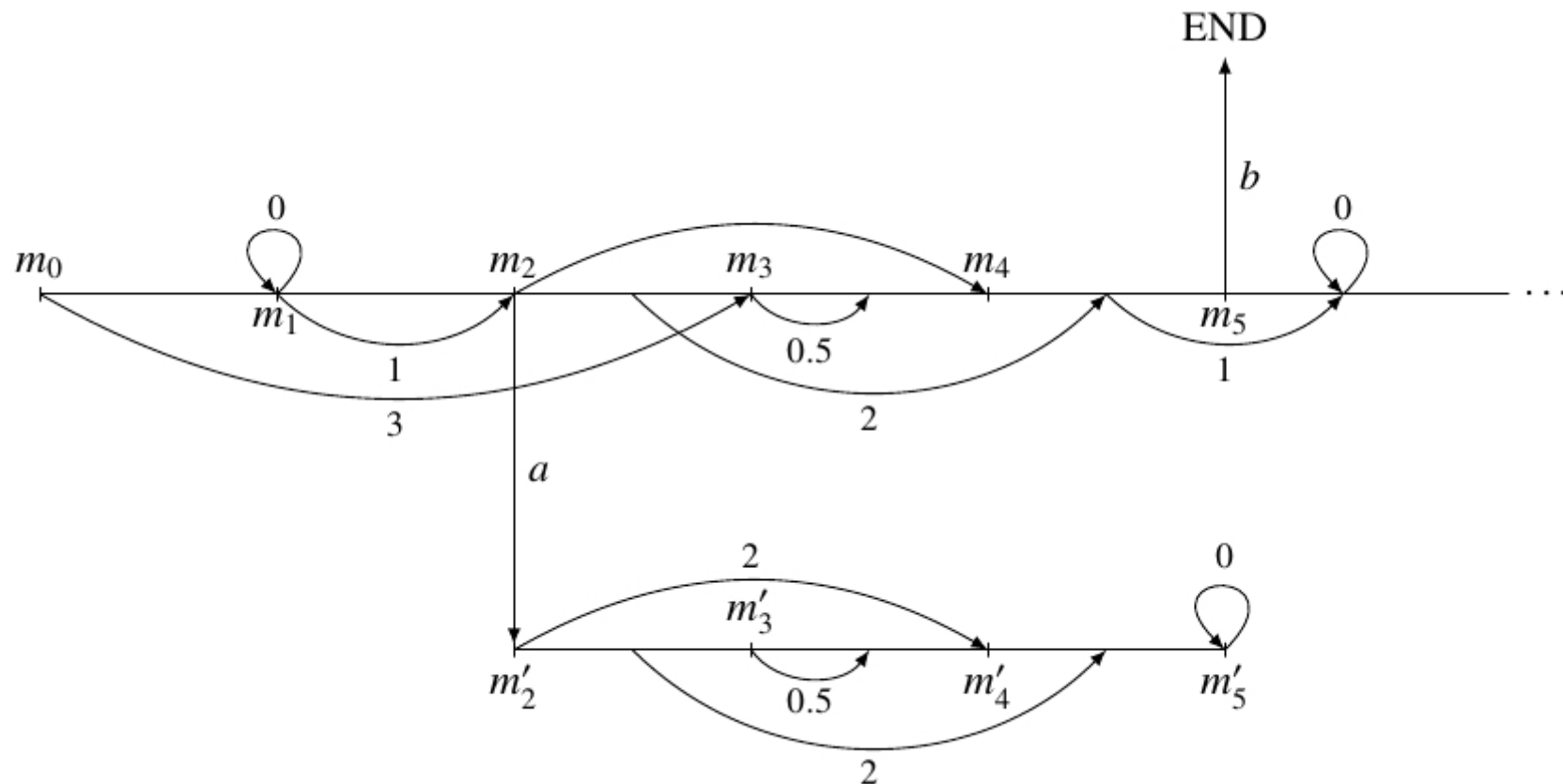
where: $r \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}, \trianglelefteq \in \{\leq, \geq\}, x \in \mathcal{K}$

- Semantics:

- $M, m, i \models x \trianglelefteq r$ iff $i(x) \trianglelefteq r$

Timed Modal Logic (TML)

- $i(x) = 2$
- $M, m_0, i \models x \geq 2$



Timed Modal Logic (TML)

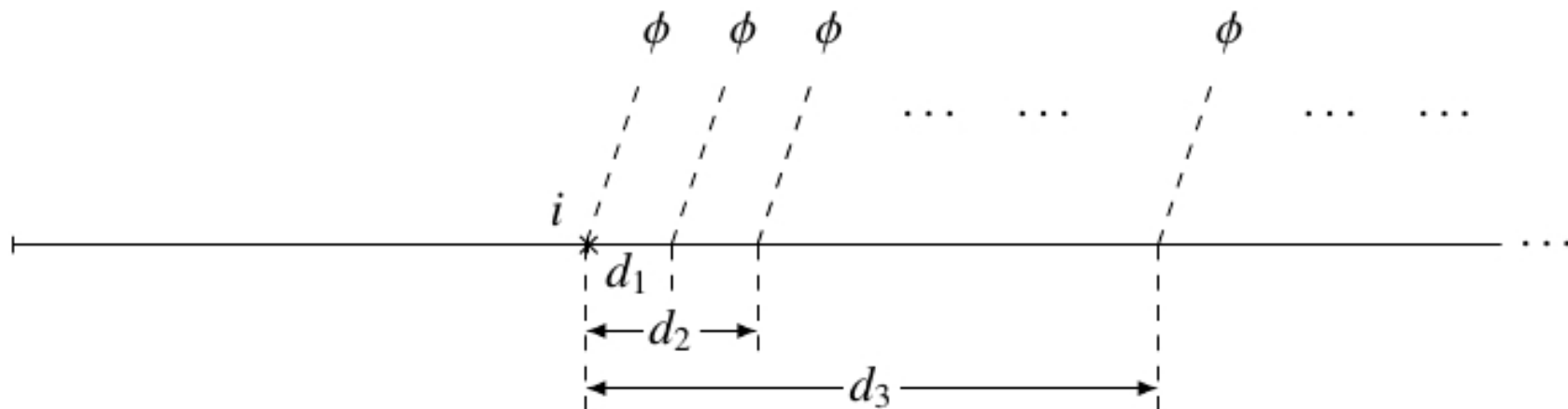
- Syntax

\mathcal{L} : $\phi ::= \perp \mid x \leq r \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \mid [a]\phi \mid \forall x. \phi \mid \mathbb{W} \phi$

- Semantics:

- $M, m, i \models \mathbb{W} \phi$ iff

- for any $d \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ s.t. $m' = d \oplus m, M, m', i + d \models \phi$



Timed Modal Logic (TML)

- Syntax

\mathcal{L} : $\phi ::= \perp \mid x \leq r \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \mid [a]\phi \mid \forall x. \phi \mid \exists x. \phi$

- Semantics:

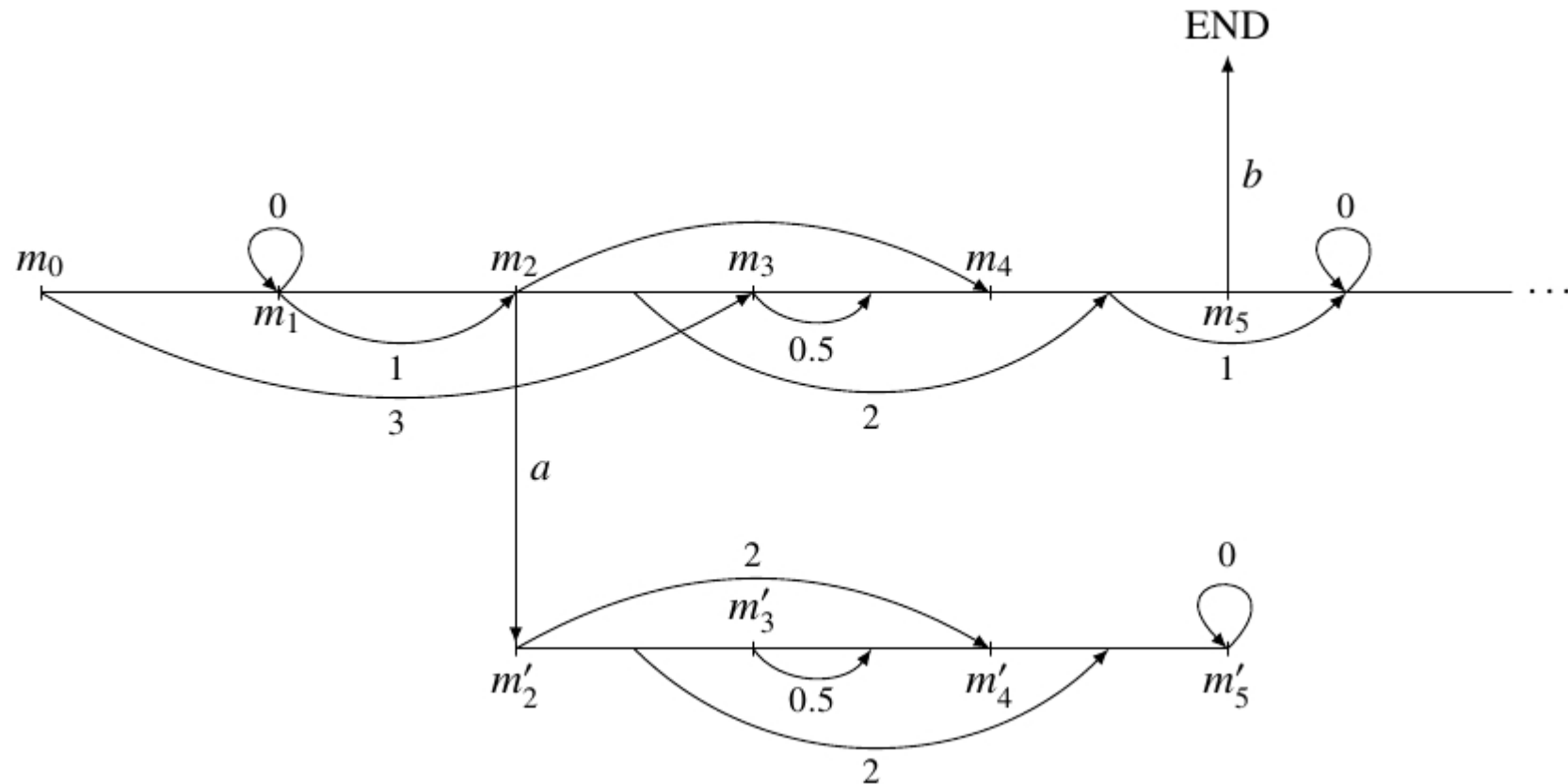
- $\exists \phi = \neg(\forall(\neg\phi))$

- $M, m, i \models \exists \phi$ iff

there exists $d \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ s.t. $m' = d \oplus m$ and $M, m', i + d \models \phi$

Timed Modal Logic (TML)

- $i(x) = 2$
- $M, m_0, i \models \forall (x \leq 4 \rightarrow \exists \langle a \rangle \top)$



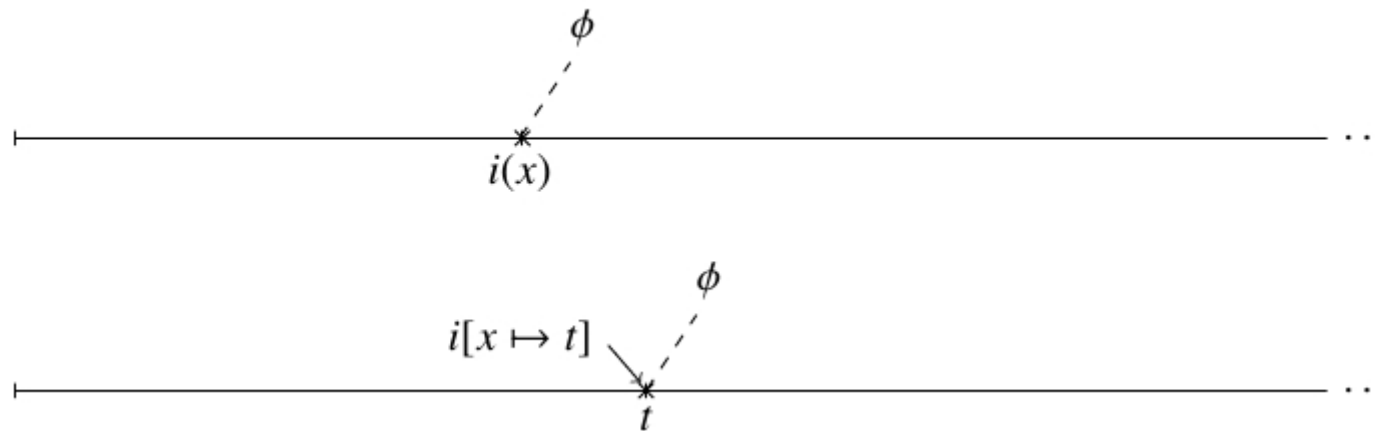
Timed Modal Logic (TML)

- Syntax

\mathcal{L} : $\phi ::= \perp \mid x \leq r \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \mid [a]\phi \mid \forall x. \phi$

- Semantics:

- $M, m, i \models \forall x. \phi$ iff
for any $t \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$, $M, m, i[x \mapsto t] \models \phi$



Timed Modal Logic (TML)

- Syntax

\mathcal{L} : $\phi ::= \perp \mid x \leq r \mid \phi \rightarrow \phi \mid [a]\phi \mid \forall \phi \mid \forall x. \phi$

- Semantics:

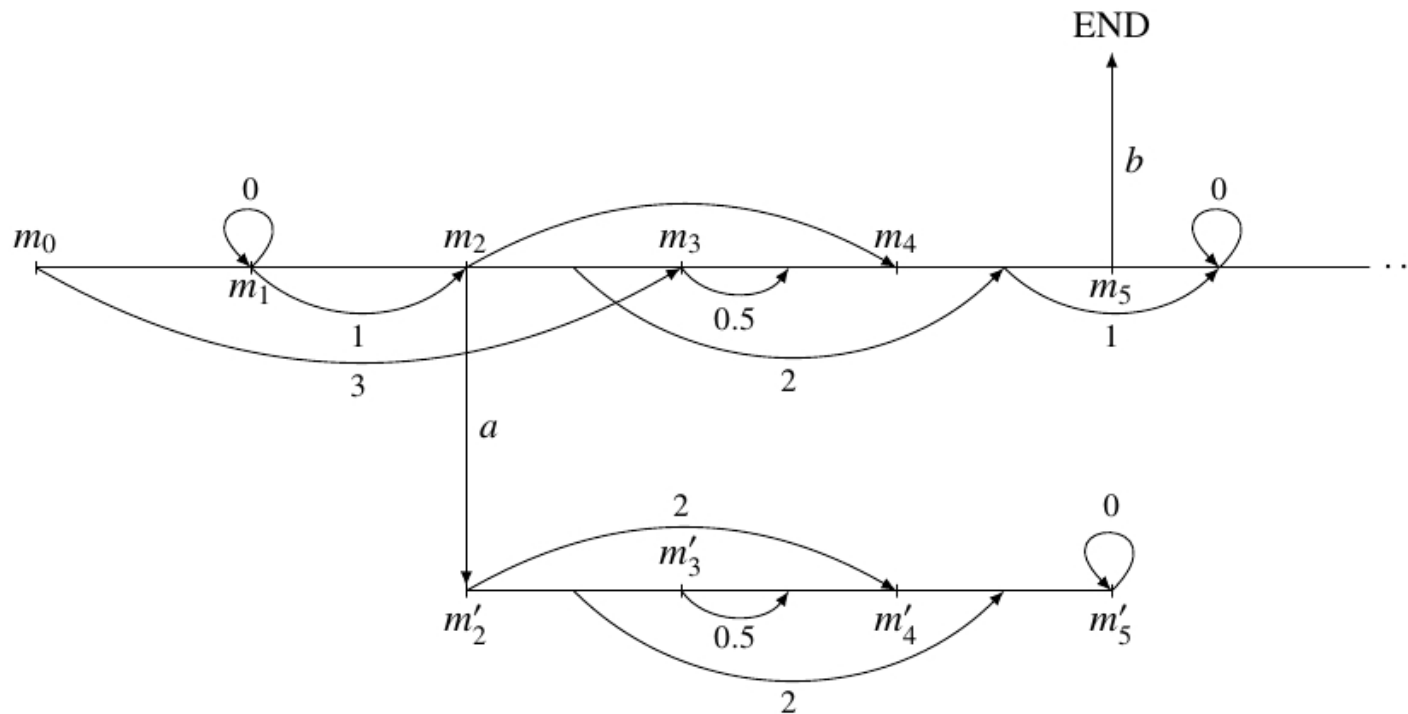
- $\exists x. \phi = \neg(\forall x. \neg \phi)$

- $M, m, i \models \exists x. \phi$ iff

there exists $t \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ s.t. $M, m, i[x \mapsto t] \models \phi$

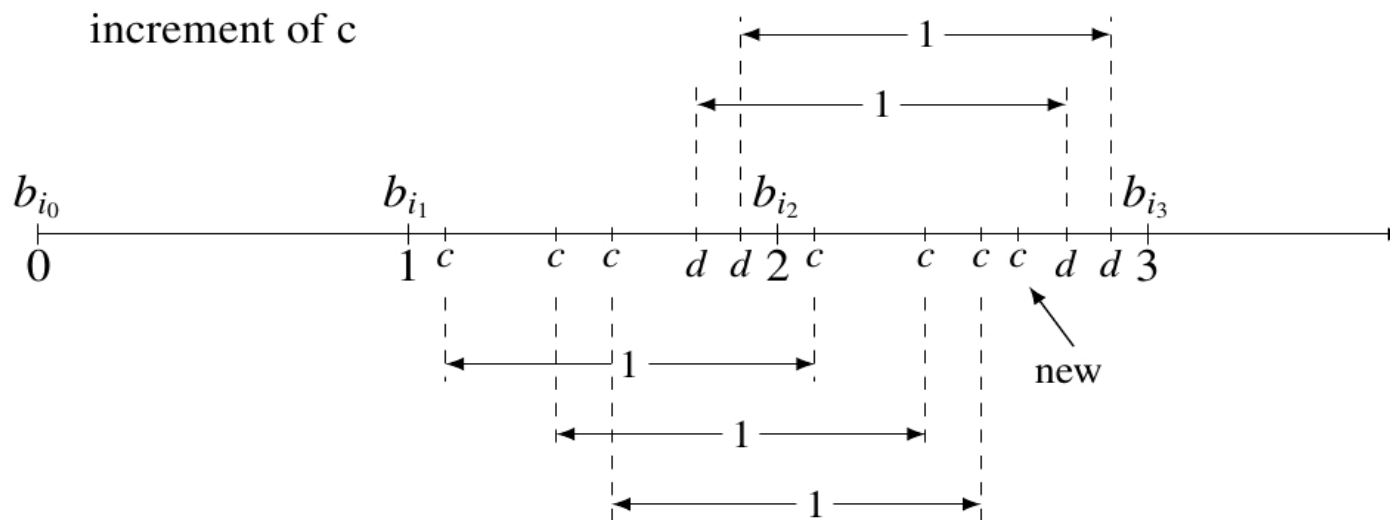
Timed Modal Logic (TML)

- $i(x) = 2$
- $M, m_0, i \models \forall x. (x = 0 \rightarrow \mathbb{W}(x \leq 2 \rightarrow \exists \langle a \rangle \top))$



Undecidability

- Theorem
 - The satisfiability question for TML is Σ_1^1 -hard, hence undecidable.
 - Proof: encode a non-deterministic 2-counter machine



Undecidability

- Theorem
 - The satisfiability question for TML is Σ_1^1 -hard, hence undecidable.
 - The set of TML-validities is not RE

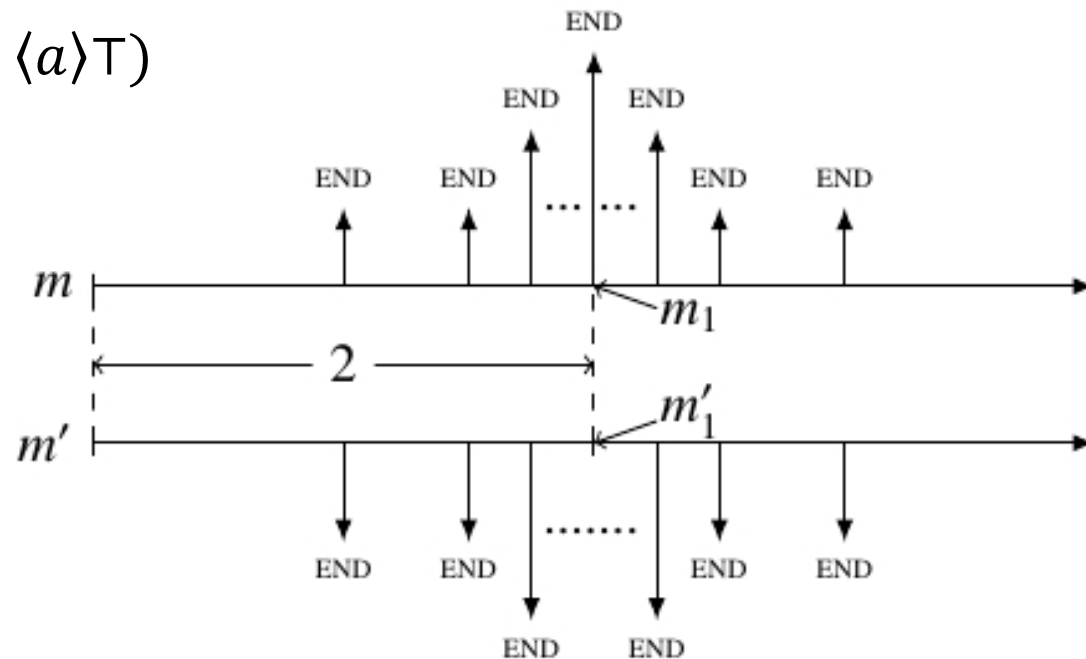
Adequacy of TML

- Adequacy of modal logics:
 - $m \sim m'$ iff for any ϕ ,
$$M, m \models \phi \Leftrightarrow M, m' \models \phi$$

Adequacy of TML

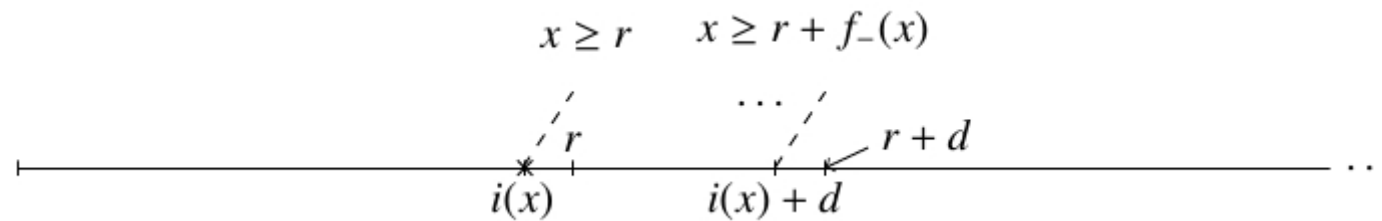
- $i(x) = \pi - 3$, for any ϕ :
 $M, m, i \models \phi$ iff $M', m', i \models \phi$

- $i'(x) = 0$,
 $\psi = \exists (x = 2 \wedge \langle a \rangle \top)$
 $M, m, i' \models \psi$
 $M', m', i' \not\models \psi$



Adequacy of TML

- Changing the interpretations



where $f_-(x) \leq d \leq f_+(x)$

- $\phi + f_- / f_+$
- $\phi +_\sigma f_- / f_+$
- $\phi + f$

Adequacy of TML

- Lemma:

- $M, m, i \models \phi \Rightarrow M, m, (i + \delta) \circ \sigma^{-1} \models \phi +_{\sigma} f^- / f_+$

- Corollary:

- $M, m, i \models \phi \Leftrightarrow M, m, i + f \models \phi + f$
 - $M, m, i \models \phi \Leftrightarrow M, m, i + \delta \models \phi$

Adequacy of TML

- Theorem:

- $m \sim m'$ iff for any i and ϕ ,

$$M, m, i \models \phi \Leftrightarrow M, m', i \models \phi$$

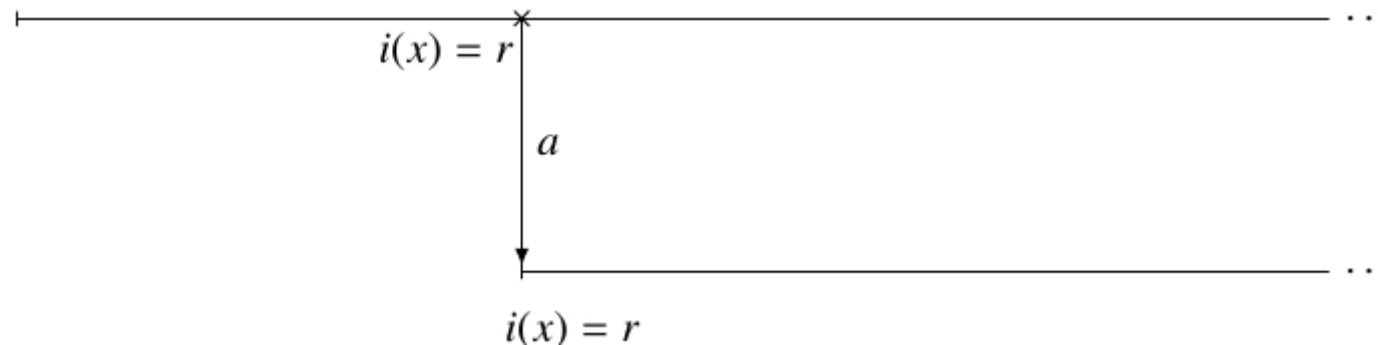
Axiomatization for TML

- Axioms and Rules
 - $\vdash \Box (\phi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\Box \phi \rightarrow \Box \psi)$
 - If $\vdash \phi$, then $\vdash \Box \phi$
where $\Box \in \{[a], \forall, \forall x.\}$

Axiomatization for TML

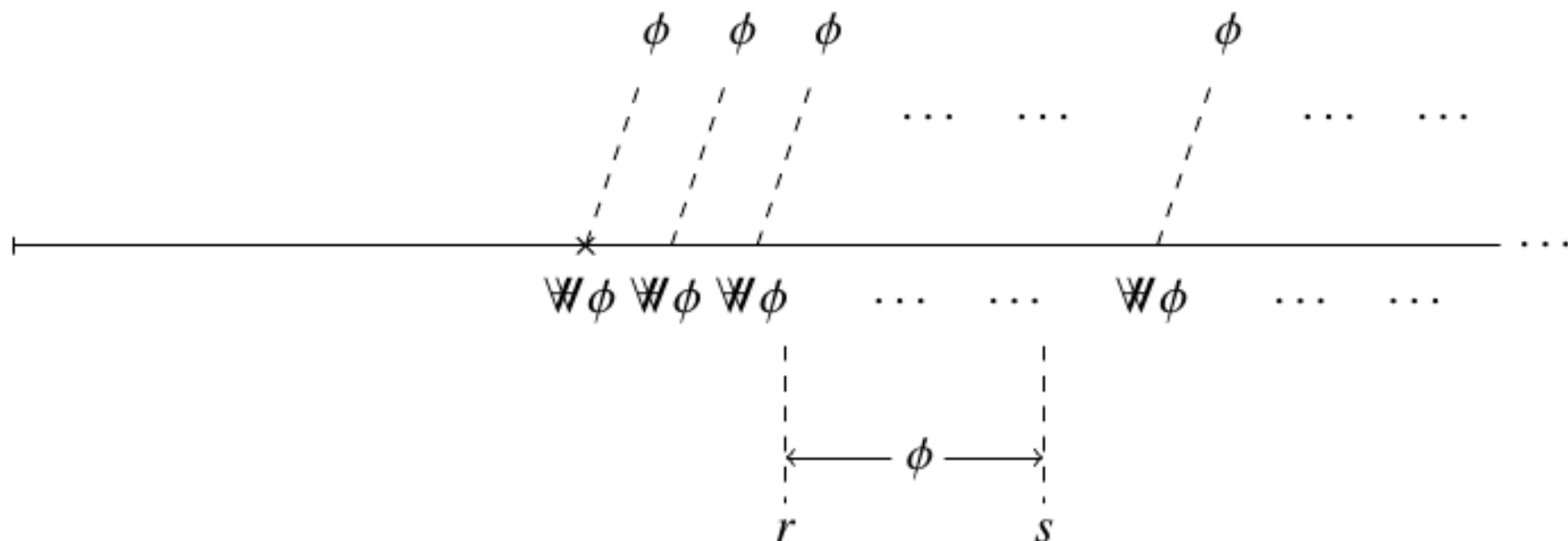
- Axioms and Rules

- $\vdash x \sqsubseteq r \rightarrow [a](x \sqsubseteq r)$



Axiomatization for TML

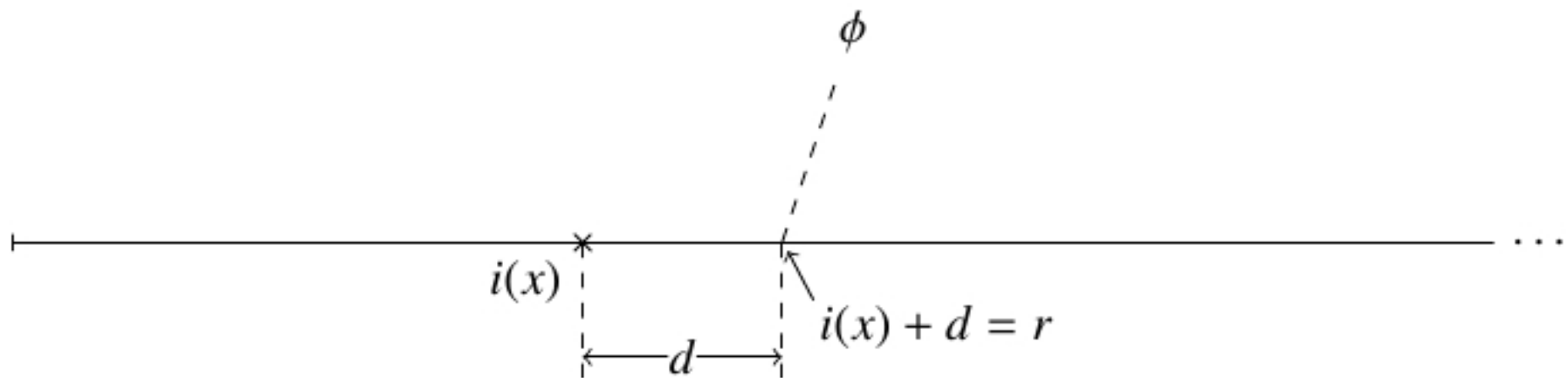
- Axioms and Rules
 - $\vdash \forall \phi \rightarrow \phi$
 - $\vdash \forall \phi \rightarrow \forall \forall \phi$
 - $\vdash \forall \phi \rightarrow \forall (r \leq x \leq s \rightarrow \phi), r \leq s$



Axiomatization for TML

- Axioms and Rules

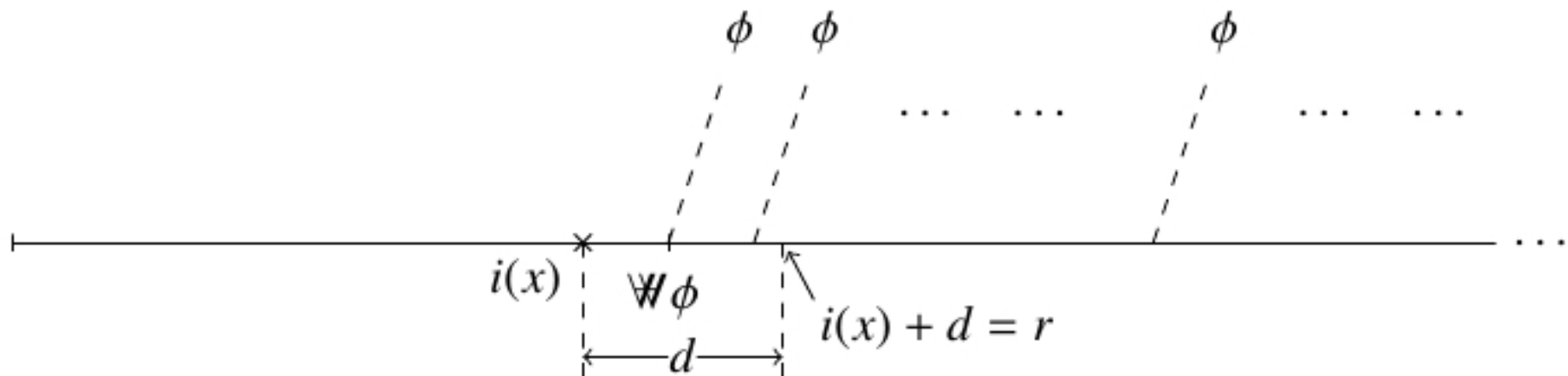
- $\vdash \exists (x = r \wedge \phi) \rightarrow \forall (x = r \rightarrow \phi)$



Axiomatization for TML

- Axioms and Rules

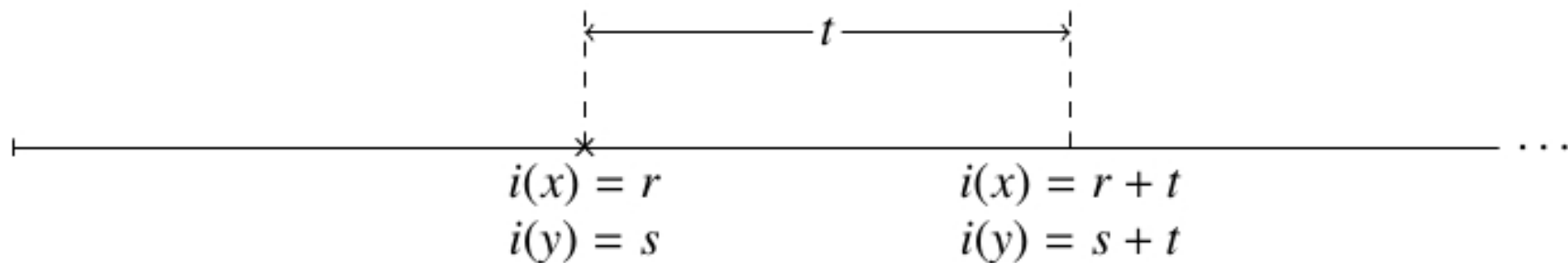
- $\vdash \exists (x \leq r \wedge \forall \phi) \rightarrow \forall (x \geq r \rightarrow \phi)$



Axiomatization for TML

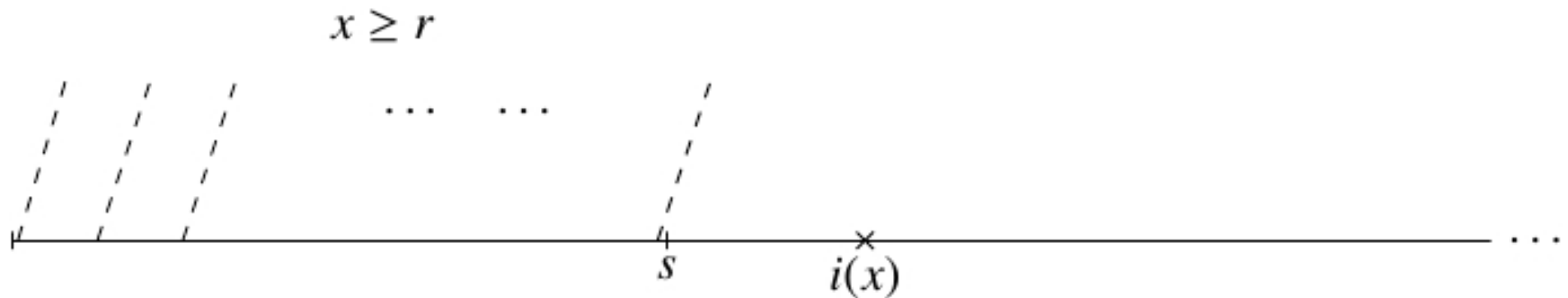
- Axioms

- $\vdash x \preceq r \wedge y \preceq s \rightarrow \forall (x \preceq r + t \rightarrow y \preceq s + t)$



Axiomatization for TML

- Infinitary Rules
 - $\{x \sqsubseteq r \mid r \triangleright s\} \vdash x \sqsubseteq s$
 - $\{x \geq r \mid r \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}\} \vdash \perp$



Axiomatization for TML

- Infinitary Rules
 - $\{x \trianglelefteq r \mid r \triangleright s\} \vdash x \trianglelefteq s$
 - $\{x \geq r \mid r \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}\} \vdash \perp$
 - $\{\phi + \overset{[x \mapsto r]}{[x \mapsto s]} \mid r \leq s\} \vdash \forall x. \phi$
 - $\{\forall (x \leq s \rightarrow \phi) \mid s \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}\} \vdash \forall \phi$

Axiomatization for TML

■ Infinitary Rules

- $\{C[x \trianglelefteq r] \mid r \triangleright s\} \vdash C[x \trianglelefteq s]$
- $\{C[x \geq r] \mid r \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}\} \vdash C[\perp]$
- $\{C[\phi + \overset{[x \mapsto r]}{ } / \underset{[x \mapsto s]}{ }] \mid r \leq s\} \vdash C[\forall x. \phi]$
- $\{C[\mathbb{W}(x \leq s \rightarrow \phi)] \mid s \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}\} \vdash C[\mathbb{W}\phi]$

where C is context: e.g.,

$$\varepsilon[X], [a]X, \forall x. \mathbb{W}X, \forall x. [a] \mathbb{W}[b][c]X$$

❖ *Kozen, Larsen, Mardare, Panangaden (LICS 2013)*

Axiomatization for TML

- Infinitary Rules

- $\{C[x \trianglelefteq r] \mid r \triangleright s\} \vdash C[x \trianglelefteq s]$
- $\{C[x \geq r] \mid r \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}\} \vdash C[\perp]$
- $\{C[\phi + \overset{[x \mapsto r]}{ } / \underset{[x \mapsto s]}{ }] \mid r \leq s\} \vdash C[\forall x. \phi]$
- $\{C[\mathbb{W}(x \leq s \rightarrow \phi)] \mid s \in \mathbb{Q}_{\geq 0}\} \vdash C[\mathbb{W}\phi]$

- Non-compactness

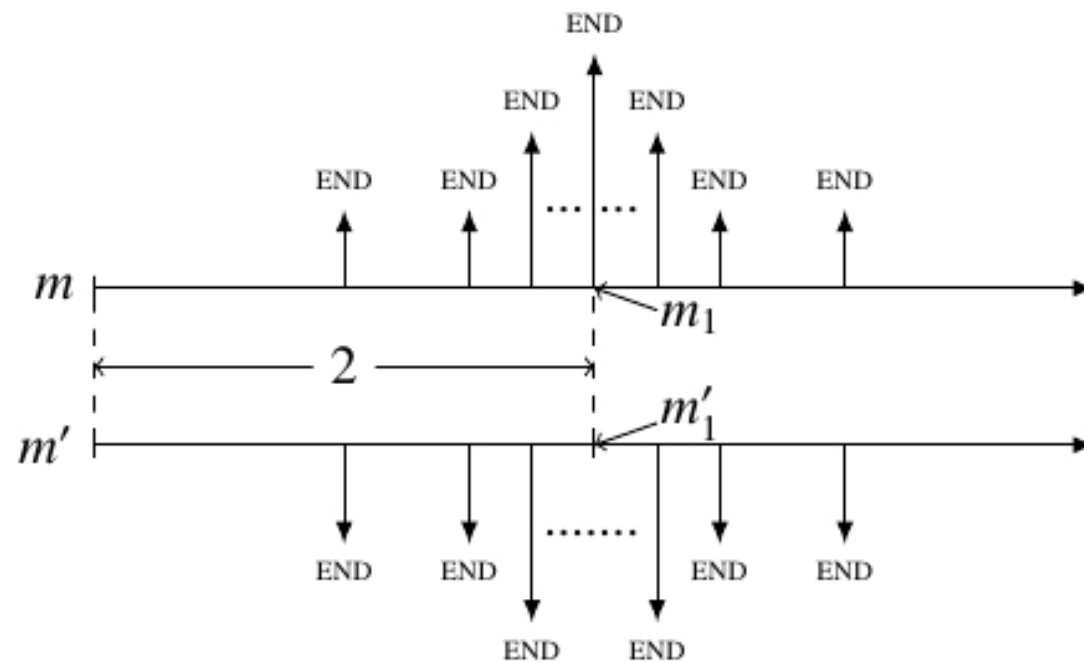
- $\Phi = \{x \geq r \mid r < s\} \cup \{x < s\}$

Axiomatization for TML

- Soundness:
 - $\Phi \vdash \phi \Rightarrow \Phi \models \phi$
- Completeness:
 - Weak-completeness
 - $\models \phi \Rightarrow \vdash \phi$
 - Strong-completeness
 - $\Phi \models \phi \Rightarrow \Phi \vdash \phi$

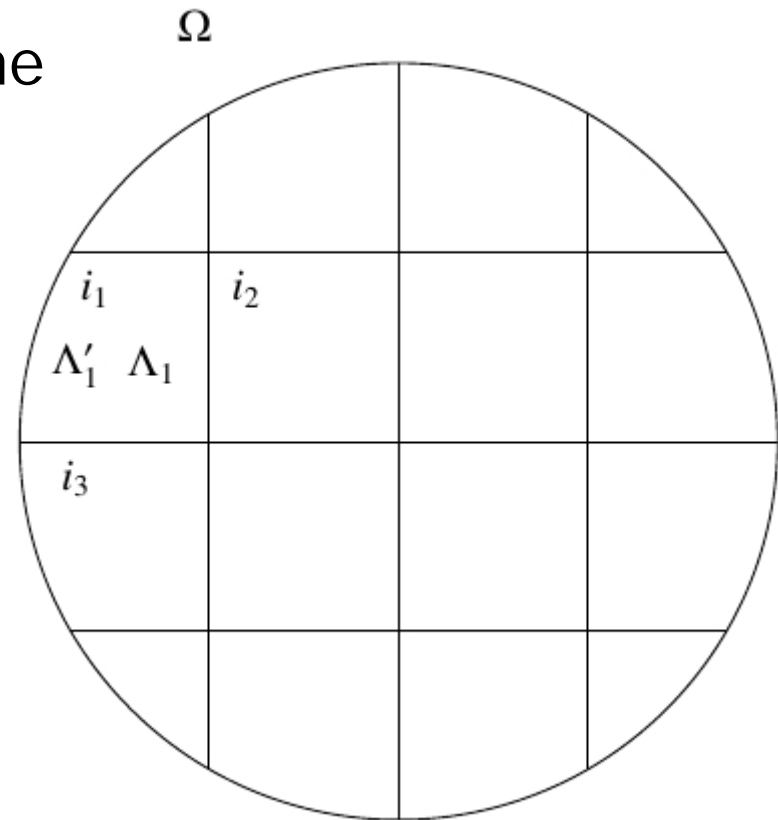
Axiomatization of TML

- $\psi = \exists (x = 2 \wedge \langle a \rangle \top)$
 - $i(x) = \pi - 3,$
 $M, m, i \not\models \psi$
 - $i'(x) = 0,$
 $M, m, i' \models \psi$



Axiomatization for TML

- Lemma
 - For any maximal consistent set $\Lambda \in \Omega$, there is only one i s.t. $\mathcal{I}(\Lambda) = i$.



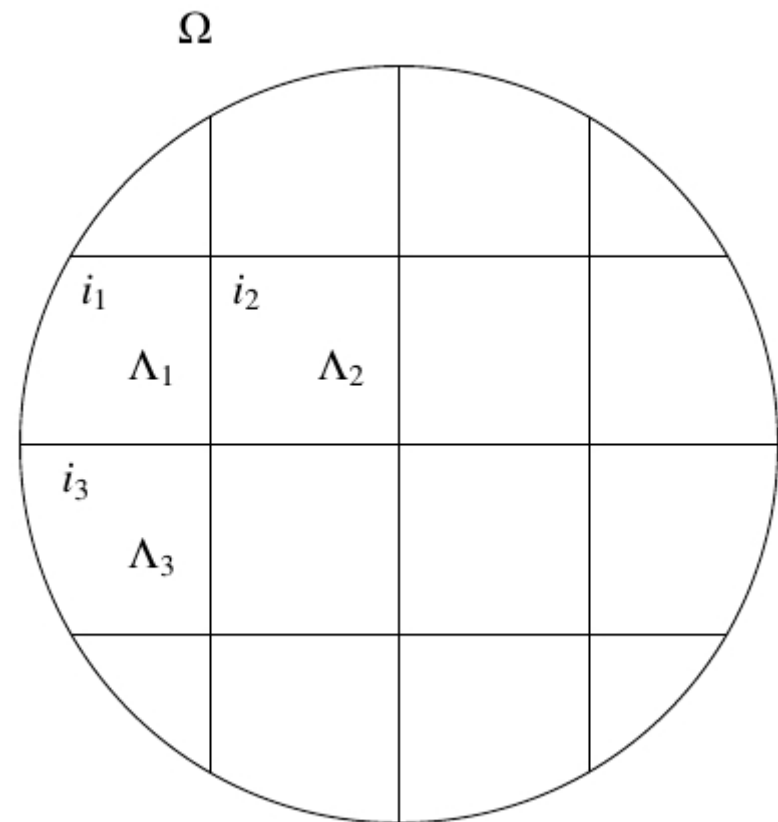
Axiomatization for TML

- Lemma

- For any $\phi \in \Lambda_1$,

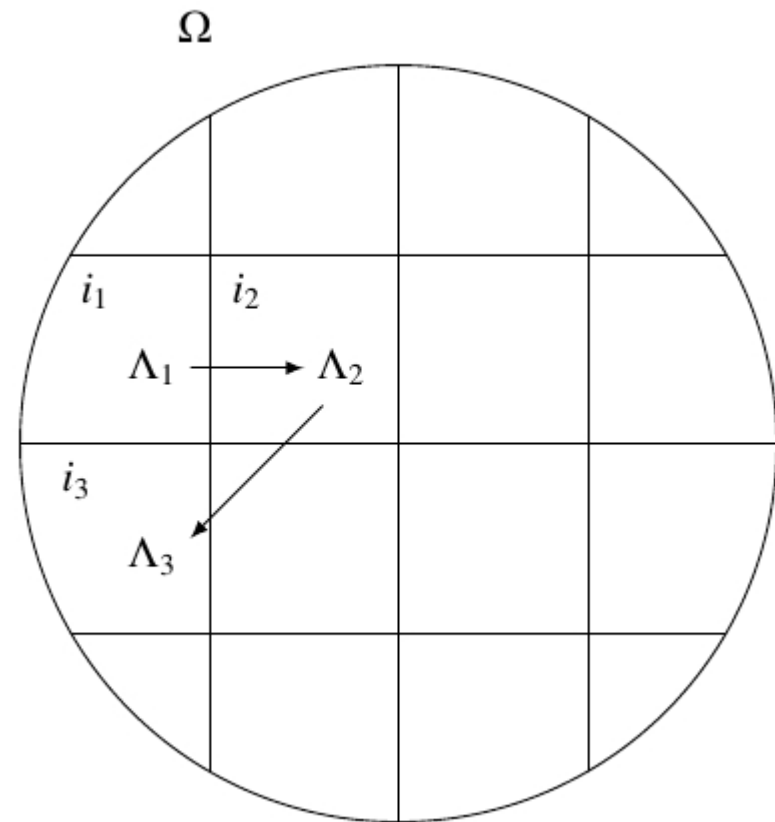
$$\phi +_{\sigma} f^- / f_+ \in \Lambda_2$$

where $f_- \leq i_2 - i_1 \leq f_+$



Axiomatization for TML

- Lemma
 - $\gamma: \mathcal{I} \rightarrow \Omega$
 - For any $\Lambda \in \Omega$, there exists γ s.t. $\gamma(\mathcal{I}(\Lambda)) = \Lambda$.



Axiomatization for TML

- Canonical model

- $\Gamma = (\Gamma, \theta, \oplus)$

- $\Gamma = \{\gamma \mid \gamma \text{ is a coherent function}\}$

- $\theta: \gamma \xrightarrow{a} \gamma'$ if for any i , $[a]\phi \in \gamma(i) \Rightarrow \phi \in \gamma'(i)$

- $\gamma' = d \oplus \gamma$ if for any i , $\forall \phi \in \gamma(i) \Rightarrow \phi \in \gamma'(i + d)$

Axiomatization for TML

- Truth Lemma
 - $\Gamma, \gamma, i \models \phi$ iff $\phi \in \gamma(i)$
- Strong completeness
 - $\Phi \models \phi \Rightarrow \Phi \vdash \phi$

Conclusion and Future work

- Conclusion
 - Adequacy of TML
 - Undecidability of satisfiability problem for TML
 - Strong-complete axiomatization
- Future work
 - Stone duality extend to this setting?
 - Extension of Boolean Algebra which represents TML

Timed Modal Logic

- Thanks!