Title: Location and Language Use in Social Media http://www.mpi-sws.org/~cristian/LACSS_2014.html

http://www.mpi-sws.org/~cristian/LACSS_2014.html http://acl2014.org/

Title: Location and Language Use in Social Media

Abstract:

We now know that social interactions are critical in many knowledge and information processes. In this talk, I plan to illustrate a model-driven approach to understanding social behavior around user location and different languages in social media.

First, in 2010, we performed the first in-depth study of user location field in Twitter user profiles. We found that 34% of users did not provide real location information, frequently incorporating fake locations or sarcastic comments that can fool traditional geographic information tools. We then performed a simple machine learning experiment to determine whether we can identify a user's location by only looking at contents of a user's tweets. We found that a user's country and state can in fact be determined easily with decent accuracy, indicating that users implicitly reveal location information, with or without realizing it.

Second, despite the widespread adoption of Twitter in different locales, little research has investigated the differences among users of different languages. In prior research, the natural tendency has been to assume that the behaviors of English users generalize to other language users. We studied 62 million tweets collected over a four-week period. We discovered cross-language differences in adoption of features such as URLs, hashtags, mentions, replies, and retweets. We also found interesting patterns of how multi-lingual Twitter users broker information across these language boundaries. We discuss our work's implications for research on large-scale social systems and design of cross-cultural communication tools.

Bio: Ed H. Chi is a Staff Research Scientist at Google, focusing on social interaction research relating to social search, recommendation, annotations, and analytics. Previous to Google, he was the Area Manager and a Principal Scientist at Palo Alto Research Center's Augmented Social Cognition Group, where he led the group in understanding how Web2.0 and Social Computing systems help groups of people to remember, think and reason. Ed completed his three degrees (B.S., M.S., and Ph.D.) in 6.5 years from University of Minnesota, and has been doing research on user interface software systems since 1993. He has been featured and guoted in the press, including the Economist, Time Magazine, LA Times, and the Associated Press.

With over 20 patents and over 90 research articles, he is known for research in Web and online social sites, and the effects of social signals on user behavior. For example, he led a group of researchers at PARC to understand the underlying mechanisms in Wikipedia. He has also worked on information visualization, computational molecular biology, ubicomp, and recommendation/search engines, and has won awards for both teaching and research. In his spare time, Ed is an avid photographer and snowboarder.

Location and Language Use in Social Media

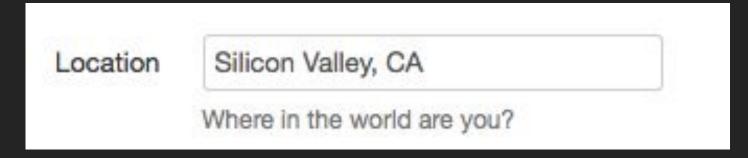
Ed H. Chi (edchi@)
Staff Research Scientist, Google Research

Talk in 2 Parts

- 1. User Behavior in Location Disclosure in Twitter [Hecht et al., CHI2011]
- 2. Break Language Barriers in Social Media [Hong et al., ICWSM2011]

"Locations" Signals in Social Media

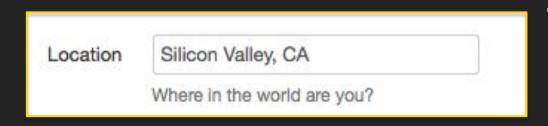
Hecht, Hong, Suh & Chi, CHI 2011







Varying Forms of Location Field



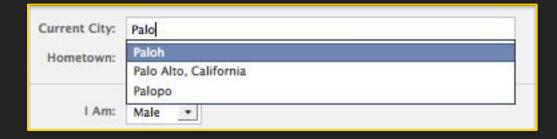
Twitter

- Free-form
- Current location

Google

- Free-form
- Multiple locations





Facebook

- Limited options,no "Bay Area, CA"
- 2 locations

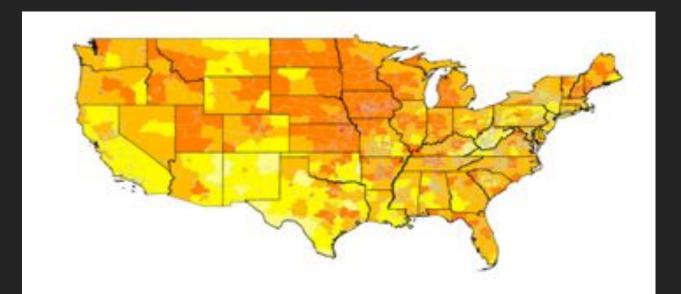
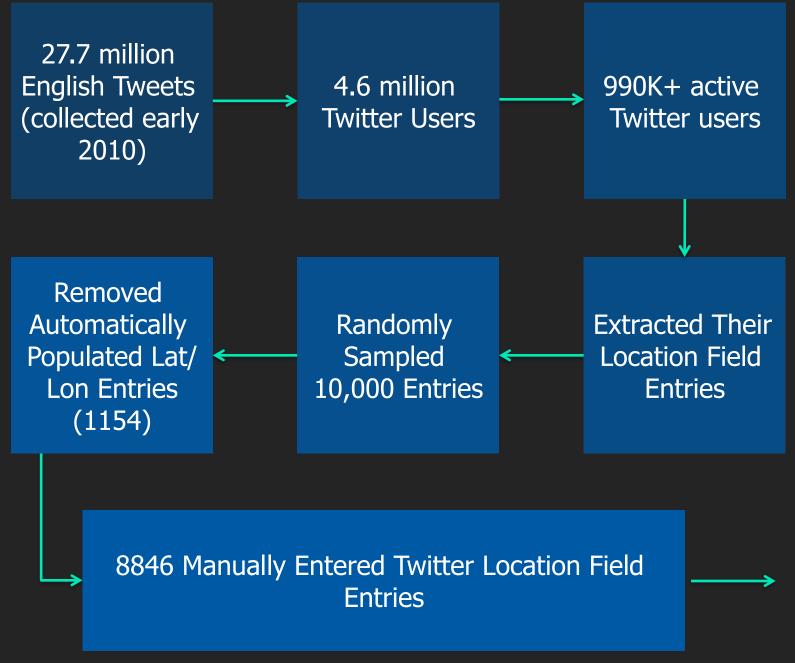


Figure 3: Facebook penetration using user-provided addresses. As a proportion of population, users in the midwest share more addresses on Facebook. However, this corresponds closely to overall Facebook penetration, shown in the next figure.

Backstrom et al. 2010

Assumptions about the Location Field

- I. Strongly-typed geo information
- 2. Little noise
- 3. Good precision



8846 Manually Entered Twitter Location Field Entries



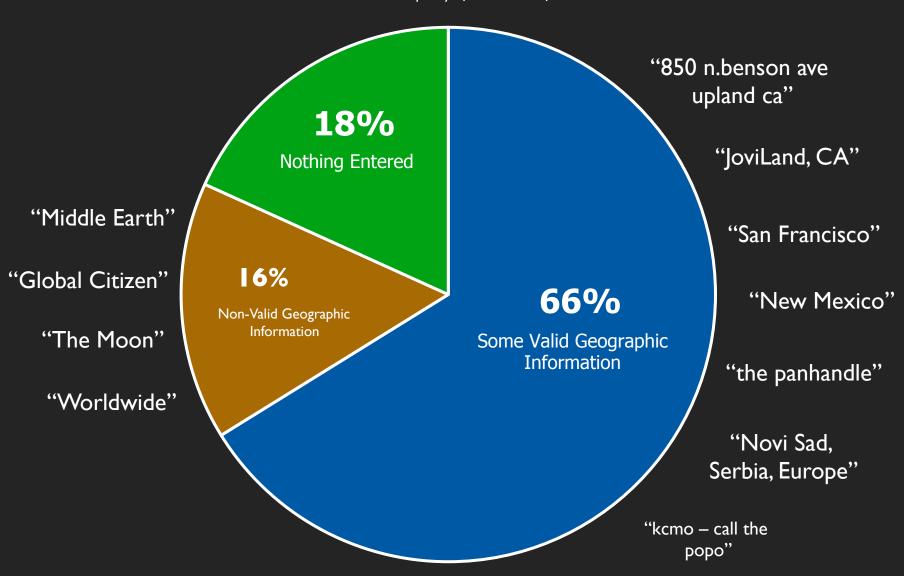
Two Coders

Powered by human knowledge, the Internet, friends + family, etc.

89%+ Agreement

Study I: "Geographicness"

data quality of the location field



Study 1: Non-Geo Information

types of non-geographic information entered into the location field

Information Type	# of Users
Popular Culture Reference	195 (12.9%)
Privacy-Oriented	18 (1.2%)
Insulting or Threatening to Reader	69 (4.6%)
Non-Earth Location	75 (5.0%)
Negative Emotion Towards Current Location	48 (3.2%)
Sexual in Nature	49 (3.2%)

Study 1: Non-Geo Information

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Non-Earth Location	75 (5.0%)
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Sexual in Nature	49 (3.2%)

Study 1: Popular Culture References

Non-geographic information in the location field in user's profiles

"BieberTown"

"My World"

"belieber wonderland"

"JaeJoongs heart"

"Next to Waldo :D"

"somewhere in Glambertville"

"Los Angeles, 2019 (GET IT?)"

"Schrute Farms"

Study 1: Privacy References

Non-geographic information in the location field in user's profiles

"Stalker City"

"Stalking me here isnt enough?"

"MindingMyOwn"

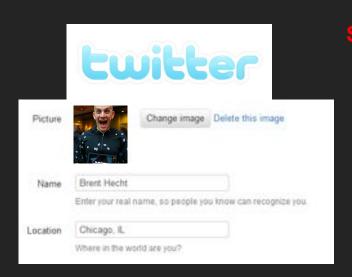
"For me to know n u to find out"

"NONE YA BISNESS"

"UM...STALKER!!"

"kgb answers"

Study 1: Implications



STRONGLY-TYPED GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION REQUIRED



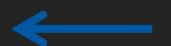
Geocoder





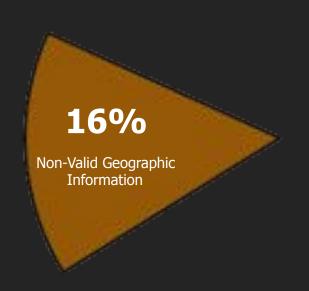


Figure 3: Facebook penetration using user-provided addresses. As a proportion of population, users in the midwest share more addresses on Facebook. However, this corresponds closely to overall Facebook penetration, shown in the next figure.



Latitude and Longitude Coordinates

Study 1: Quality Implications



STRONGLY-TYPED GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION REQUIRED



Geocoder





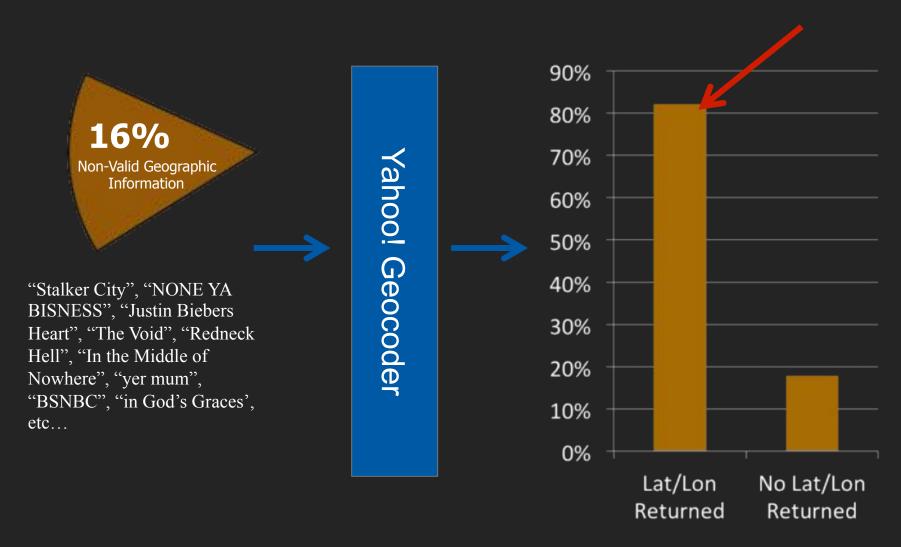


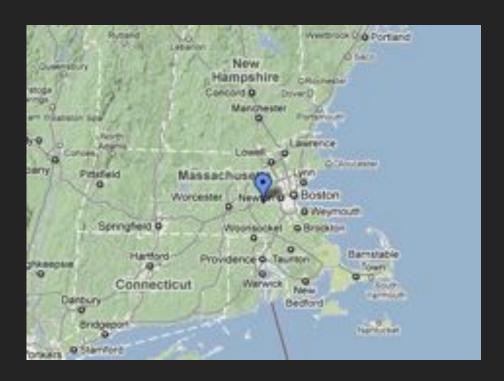
Figure 3: Facebook penetration using user-provided addresses. As a proportion of population, users in the midwest share more addresses on Facebook. However, this corresponds closely to overall Facebook penetration, shown in the next figure.



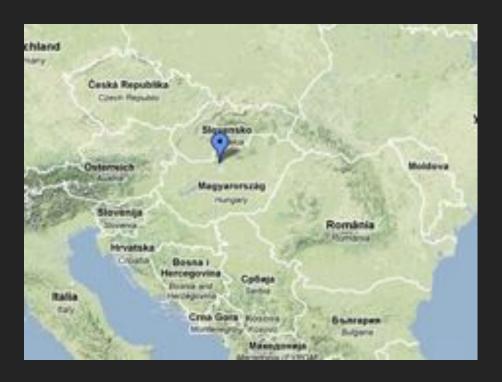
Latitude and Longitude Coordinates

Study 1: Quality Implications

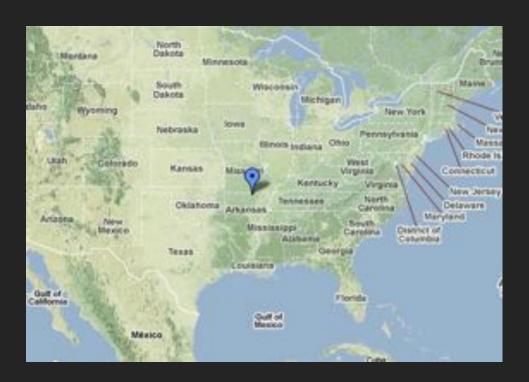




"Loserville:)" (-71.397524, 42.28904)

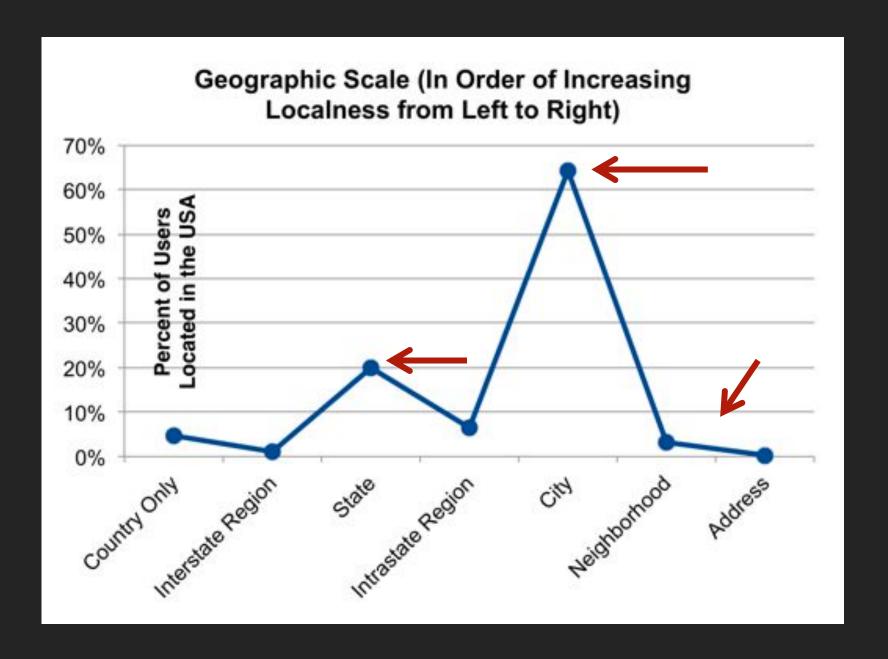


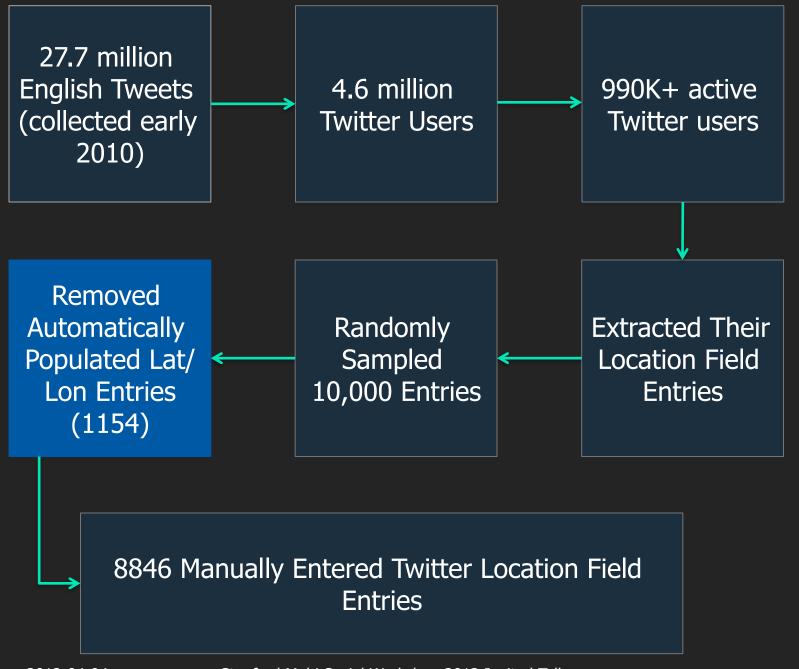
"With God" (19.13683,47.705132)

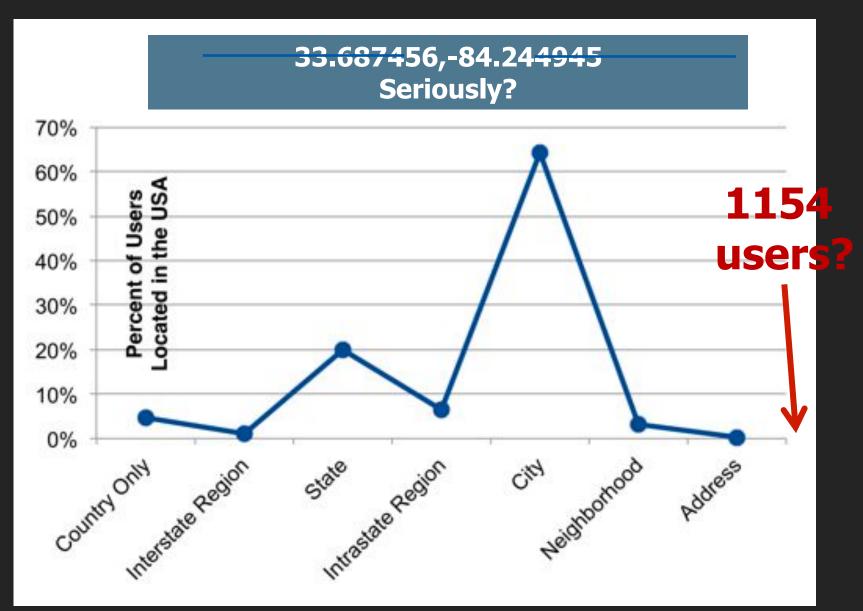


"Justin Biebers heart!"

(-91.700189, 36.328785)









edchi edchi wonderful afternoon at the 20th anni. of HCl at StanfordU. Terry Winograd toasted by many, inc. my ex and current boss: S.Card and L.Page.

21 Feb



edchi edchi
Disagree. RT @businessinsider: ex Sun CEO: Silicon Valley No
Longer Best Place To Start Biz. Gov Crushing Job Growth
http://read.bi/hWoEff

13 Feb



edchi edchi
NYTimes: U.S. Urged to Raise Teachers' Status http://nyti.ms
/dDXnPv

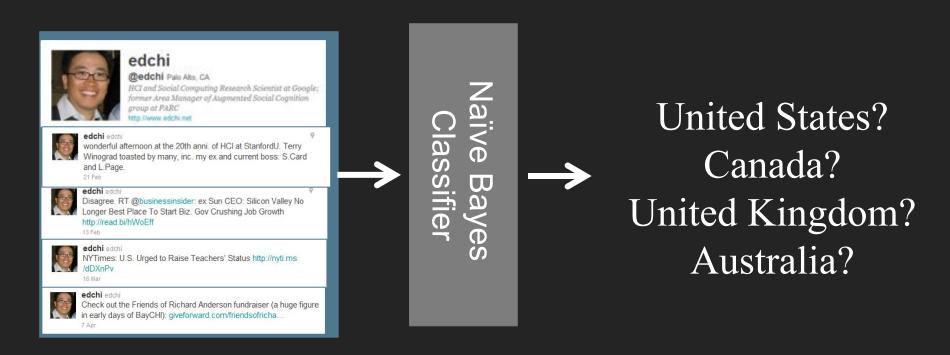
16 Mar



edchi edchi
Check out the Friends of Richard Anderson fundraiser (a huge figure in early days of BayCHI): giveforward.com/friendsofricha...
7 Apr

Study 2: Country Experiments

Uniform Sampling

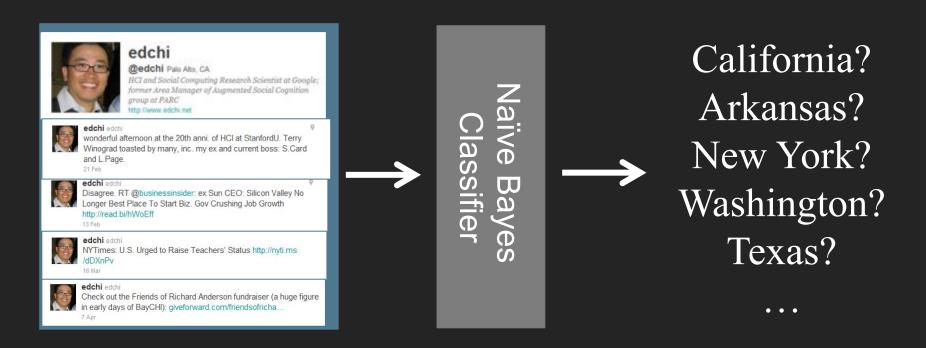


72.10% Accuracy

2.91x better than random

Study 2: State Experiments

Uniform Sampling



30.28% Accuracy

5.45x better than random

Study 2: Predictive Words

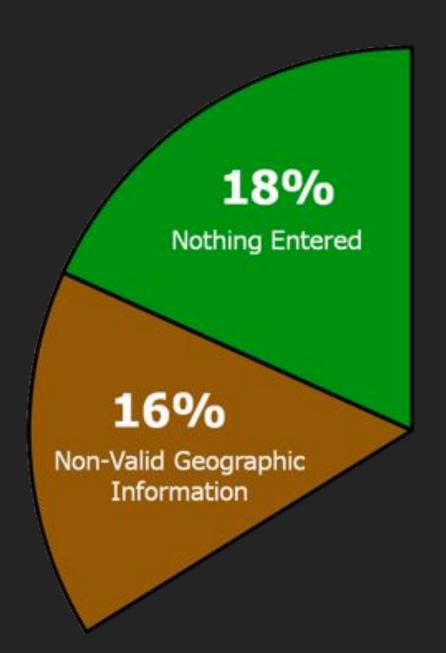
Word	Geography	Predictiveness
calgary	Canada	419.42
brisbane	Australia	137.29
coolcanuck	Canada	78.28
afl	Australia	56.24
clegg	UK	35.49
cbc	Canada	29.40
yelp	USA	19.80

Word	Geography	Predictiveness
elk	Colorado	90.74
redsox	Massachusetts	41.18
biggbi	Michigan	24.26
gamecock	South Carolina	16.00
crawfish	Louisiana	14.87

- 1.81x better than random
- 5.45x better than random
- 1.08x better than random
- 2.91x better than random



Tweets Have Implicit Location Information



This needs to be considered in the context of implicit location disclosure

Information Transmission across Language Barriers

Joint work with Lichan Hong, Gregorio Convertino [ICWSM July 2011]

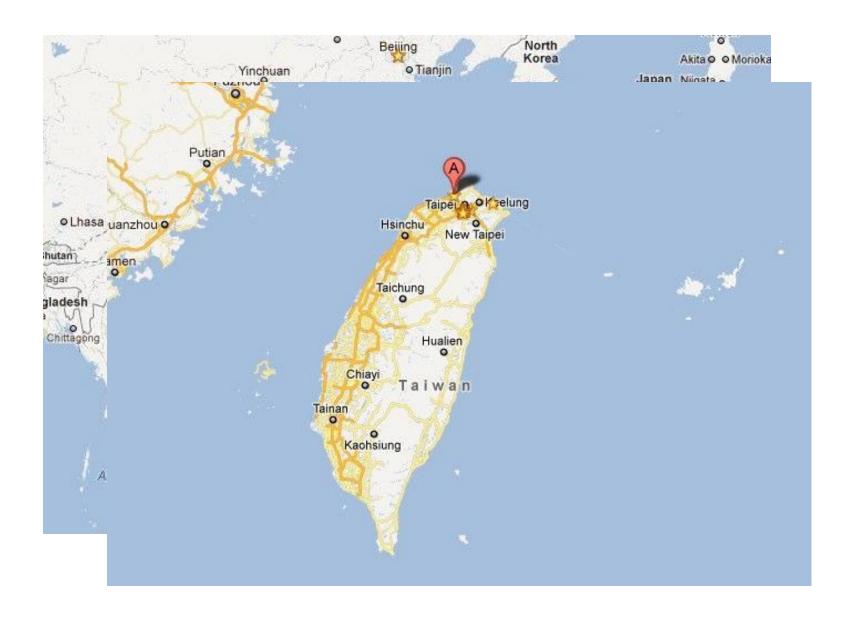
* Work done at Xerox PARC

THIS IS ME....











Social Media – Bringing world together?!

- I speak 3 different languages fluently.
 - English
 - Mandarin
 - Cantonese
- And 3 other languages badly:
 - Taiwanese
 - German
 - Japanese



Social Media – Bringing world together?!



艾未未 Ai Weiwei @aiww

47m

回避事实RT @yancaiwm: 虽然觉得她的回复很无聊,但还是转给艾总。||猪油渣: 你告诉他,如果有些人受到控制,必定还有一些人在控制,有些人是把别人当作达成个人目的的手段。我根本看不起一个向恶法低头的人,更不想成为他表演正义的道具。一个公众人物,与其千呼万唤,不如街头



Alan @GammaCounter

2h

Wasabi fire alarm. All of the deaf people tested, exposed to the odor of wasabi, woke up within 2.5 minutes. dlvr.it/1L6324 @gohsuket

13 Retweeted by aquigley



Alireza Sahami @alirezasahami

49m

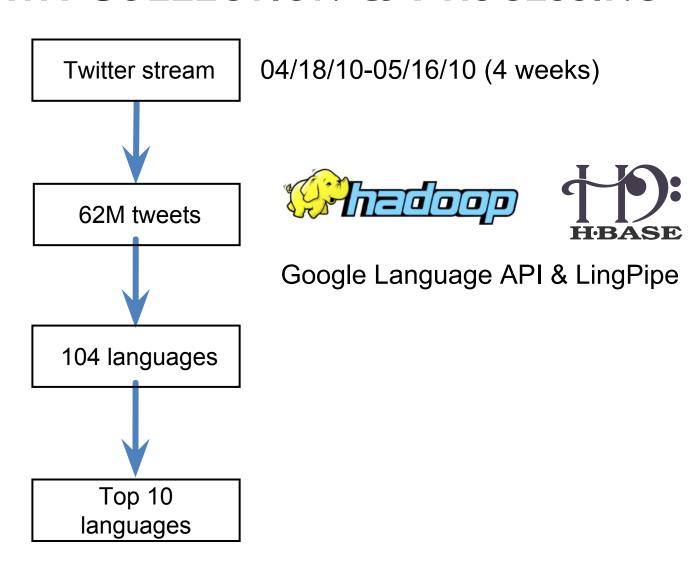
ایران نوروزت ، و نوروزت ای ایران جاودانه باد ./ Happy Nowruz



Search Update Search Update

49m

DATA COLLECTION & PROCESSING



TOP 10 LANGUAGES IN TWITTER

Language	Tweets	%	Users	
English	31,952,964	51.1	5,282,657	
Japanese	11,975,429	19.1	1,335,074	
Portuguese	5,993,584	9.6	993,083	
Indonesian	3,483,842	5.6	338,116	
Spanish	2,931,025	4.7	706,522	
Dutch	883,942	1.4	247,529	
Korean	754,189	1.2	116,506	
French	603,706	1.0	261,481	
German	588,409	1.0	192,477	
Malay	559,381	0.9	180,147	

[Hong, Convertino, Chi. ICWSM July 2011]

ACCURACY OF LANGUAGE DETECTION

- Two Types of Errors
 - Got ur dirct msg.i'm lukng 4wrd 2 twt wit u too.so,wat doing ha...(detected as Afrikaans)
 - High error rate for tweets of 1~2 words

COMMON TWITTER CONVENTIONS

hashtag



sharoda sharoda

Recently accepted #icwsm11 poster on question asking and answering on Twitter (pdf): http://bit.ly/f1UCPZ (with @koozda, @edchi)







edchi edchi

@msbernst Haha! Glad to hear I had an effect---Super Geeky Coolness!

reply (per-tweet metadata)



koozda Lichan Hong

Very interesting and relevant to our work! RT @TechCrunch: Look Out Quora, InboxQ Takes Q&A Off-Site And (... (cont) http://deck.ly/~Au74a

retweet

USE OF URLS IN 62M TWEETS

	Language	URLs
	AII	21%
V	English	25%
	Japanese	13%
	Portuguese	13%
	Indonesian	13%
	Spanish	15%
	Dutch	17%
X	Korean	17%
A	French	37%
	German	39%
	Malay	17%

Chi Square tests confirmed that differences by language are significant.

SIGNIFICANT CROSS-LANGUAGE DIFFERENCES

Language	URLs	Hashtags	Mentions	Replies	Retweets
All	21%	11%	49%	31%	13%
English	25%	14%	47%	29%	13%
Japanese	13%	5%	43%	33%	7%
Portuguese	13%	12%	50%	32%	12%
Indonesian	13%	5%	72%	20%	39%
Spanish	15%	11%	58%	39%	14%
Dutch	17%	13%	50%	35%	11%
Korean	17%	11%	73%	59%	11%
French	37%	12%	48%	36%	9%
German	39%	18%	36%	25%	8%
Malay	17%	5%	62%	23%	29%

Chi Square tests confirmed that differences by language are significant

Design IMPLICATIONS

Language	URLs	Hashtags	Mentions	Replies	Retweets
All	21%	11%	49%	31%	13%
Korean	17%	11%	73%	59%	11%
German	39%	18%	36%	25%	8%

- Use of Social Media for social networking vs. information sharing
 - Different in different languages
- Design of recommendation engines
 - Korean users: promote conversational tweets
 - German users: promote tweets with URLs

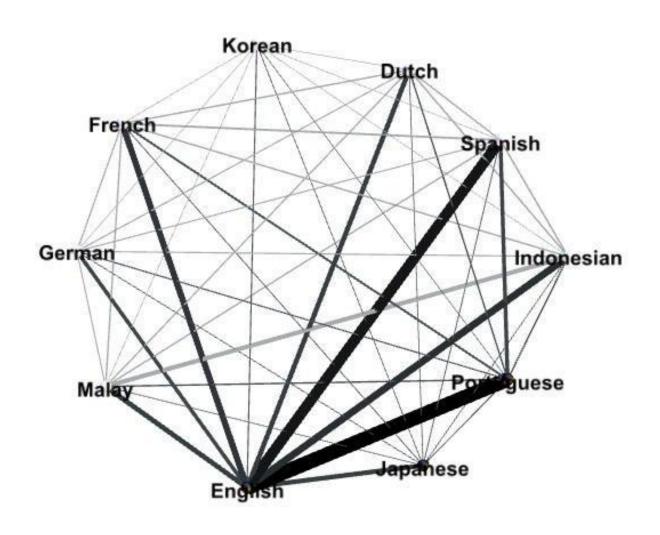
IDEAS BRIDGED BY BROKERS

- Importance of brokers. [Structural holes, Burt'92]
- Define bilingual brokers as Users who tweeted in a pair of languages

NUMBER OF BILINGUAL BROKERS

	E	J	Р	I	S	D	K	F	G
J	140,730								
Р	488,545	13,228							
ı	230,023	4,825	29,405						
S	359,117	10,139	112,524	36,068					
D	150,041	6,383	30,855	34,906	30,916				
K	19,722	6,384	906	2,014	1,109	972			
F	194,931	10,463	53,607	34,586	49,445	33,568	1,244		
G	110,748	6,053	22,106	21,471	21,989	22,162	786	24,763	
M	148,365	4,208	31,184	135,427	31,967	29,331	1,518	30,257	18,301

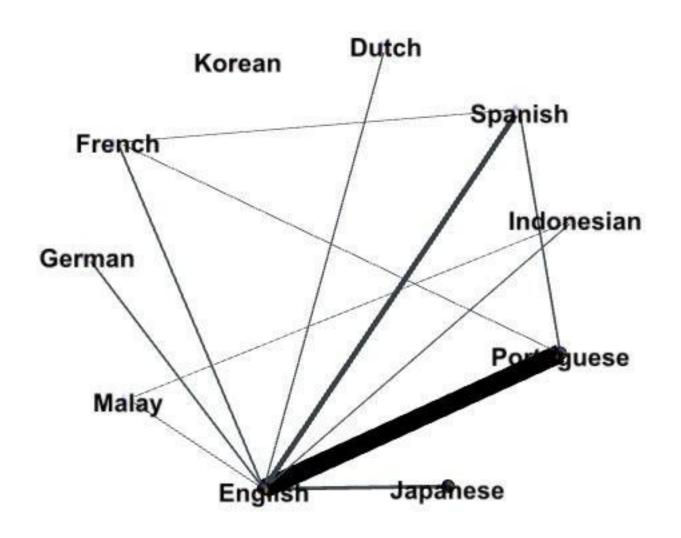
NUMBER OF BILINGUAL BROKERS



SHARING URLS ACROSS LANGUAGES

	E	J	Р	I	S	D	K	F	G	M
Е		3,013	18,399	985	4,986	1,144	212	1,791	1,647	540
J	3,013		77	37	58	29	43	59	46	18
Р	18,399	77		74	1,644	198	2	453	168	123
I	985	37	74		67	64	1	53	38	279
S	4,986	58	1,644	67		139	0	286	139	53
D	1,144	29	198	64	139		2	112	126	48
K	212	43	2	1	0	2		3	3	1
F	1,791	59	453	53	286	112	3		157	53
G	1,647	46	168	38	139	126	3	157		40
М	540	18	123	279	53	48	1	53	40	

SHARING URLS ACROSS LANGUAGES

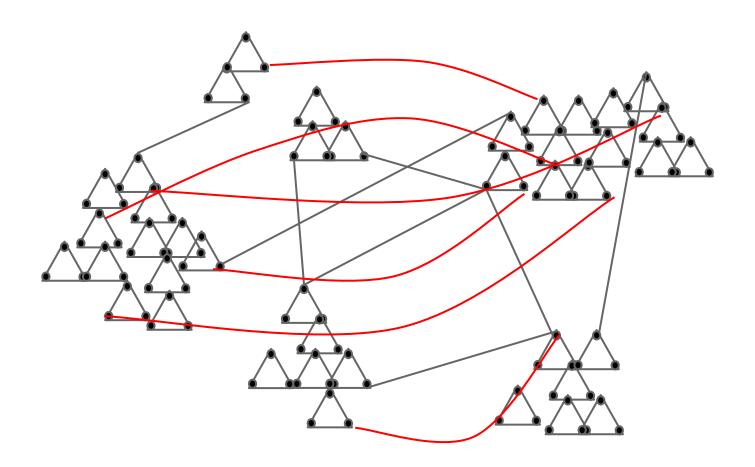


IMPLICATIONS

Need to improve cross-language brokerage and communication

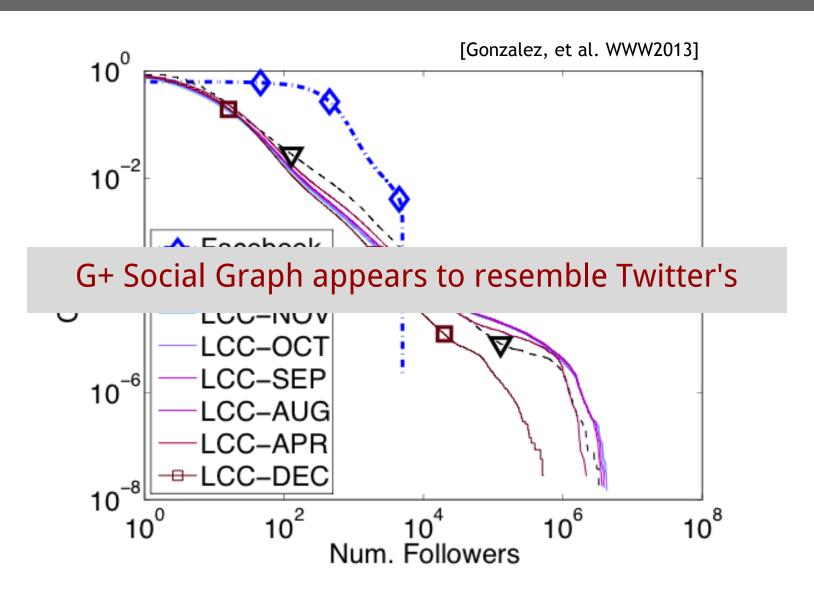


Reduce Isolation





Comparing to Twitter's graph structure





GIANT EXPERIMENT



Real Madrid C.F.

Shared publicly - Aug 16, 2013

El Real Madrid se ejercitó en el Bernabéu por primera vez esta temporada

Translate

















Real Madrid C.F.

Shared publicly - Aug 16, 2013

The Real Madrid trained at the Bernabeu for the first time this season

Show original text



+231











Talk in 2 Parts

- 1. User Behavior in Location Disclosure in Twitter [Hecht et al., CHI2011]
- 2. Break Language Barriers in Social Media [Hong et al., ICWSM2011]

User Behavior in Social Media

- Users adopt and adapt social media to suit their needs.
- Designing for the variety of behavior is critical to the success of social media.
- What we learned:
 - Location field can be quite expressive;
 - Language affects use cases;
 - Language can be a barrier to expression and information brokerage.

Thank you! Questions?

Social Interactions Research @ Google

Contact: edchi@google.com

Position Information

Sensor-based





Global Positioning System (GPS)



WiFi Access Point

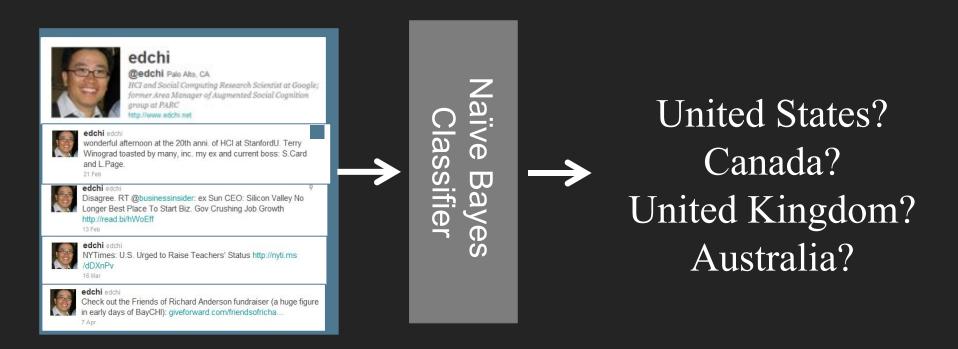


Cell Phone Towers



Study 2: Country Experiments

Demographically Proportional Sampling

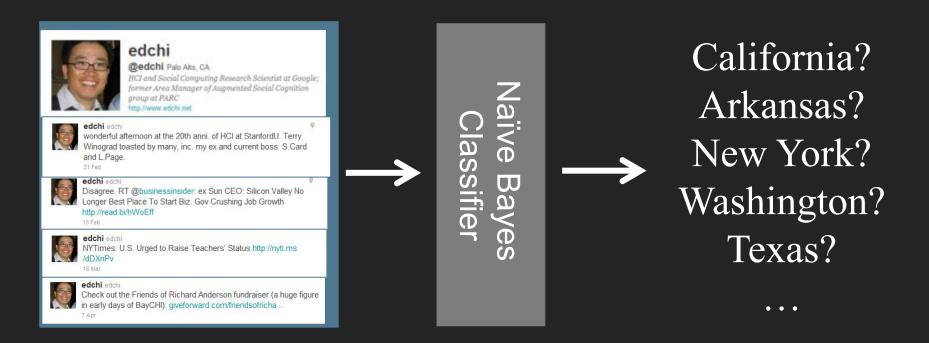


88.86% Accuracy

1.08x better than random

Study 2: State Experiments

Demographically Proportional Sampling



27.31% Accuracy

1.81x better than random