

Feb 4, 2020

Last time: gradient descent $x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha_k \nabla f(x_k)$

error analysis: $e_k = x_k - x_*$ ($f(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T A x + x^T b + c$)

$$\|e_{k+1}\| < a \|e_k\| \quad a < 1 \quad \|e_{k+1}\| \leq O(a^k)$$

Newton: $x_{k+1} = x_k - H_k^{-1} g_k$

Stochastic gradient descent (SGD) $x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha_k g_{Jk}$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N f_i(x) \quad g(x) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N g_i(x)$$

$$J \subseteq \{1, \dots, N\} \quad g_{Jk} = \frac{1}{|J|} \sum_{j \in J} g_j(x) \quad \mathbb{E}(g_{Jk}) = g_k$$

Should we expect SGD to converge?

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha_k (g_k + u_k) \quad \text{error/noise}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T A x + x^T b + c \quad g(x) = Ax + b$$

$$x_{k+1} = x_k - \alpha (Ax_k + b + u_k) \quad b = -Ax^*$$

$$e_{k+1} = e_k - \alpha (A(x_k - x^*)) - \alpha u_k$$

\equiv

$$e_1 = (I - \alpha A) e_0 - \alpha u_0$$

$$e_2 = e_0$$

control as before

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_1^T \\ \vdots \\ a_m^T \end{bmatrix} \quad m \times k \quad L_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if point } i \text{ is in } C_j \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} r_1^T \\ \vdots \\ r_k^T \end{bmatrix} \quad A \approx LR$$

$$e_i^T A = a_i^T \approx e_i^T (LR) = (e_i^T L) R = r_j^T \quad j = C(i)$$

$[0 \dots 0 \ 1 \ 0 \dots 0]$

$$\|A - LR\|_F^2$$

Alternatin min

②

① Fix L

$$R = \underset{S}{\text{min}} \|A - LS\|_F$$

$R = \text{means}$

