

CS4850 HW11

- We approximate a function by a wavelet system by solving the system:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \\ c_5 \\ c_6 \\ c_7 \\ c_8 \end{pmatrix}$$

How do you efficiently solve for the coefficients c_1, c_2, \dots, c_8 ? If the matrix is $n \times n$, how long does your algorithm take? Explain how your algorithm works.

- Explain why a harmonic function with a given boundary condition is unique.