# CS4670: Computer Vision Noah Snavely 

## Lecture 14: Panoramas



What's inside your fridge?
http://www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/cse590ss/01wi/

## Reading

- Szeliski Chapter 9


## Announcements

- Project 2a due today, 8:59pm
- Project 2b out today
- Take-home prelim after Fall break


## Image alignment



## Can we use homography to create a 360 panorama?



## Last time: projecting images onto a common plane



Can't create a 360 panorama this way...
mosaic PP

## Panoramas

- What if you want a $360^{\circ}$ field of view?



## Spherical projection



- Map 3D point ( $X, Y, Z$ ) onto sphere

$$
(\widehat{x}, \widehat{y}, \widehat{z})=\frac{1}{\sqrt{X^{2}+Y^{2}+Z^{2}}}(X, Y, Z)
$$

- Convert to spherical coordinates $(\sin \theta \cos \phi, \sin \phi, \cos \theta \cos \phi)=(\hat{x}, \hat{y}, \hat{z})$
- Convert to spherical image coordinates

$$
(\tilde{x}, \tilde{y})=(s \theta, s \phi)+\left(\tilde{x}_{c}, \tilde{y}_{c}\right)
$$

- $s$ defines size of the final image
" often convenient to set s = camera focal length




## Spherical reprojection


input

$\mathrm{f}=\mathbf{2 0 0}$ (pixels)

$\mathrm{f}=\mathbf{4 0 0}$

$\mathrm{f}=\mathbf{8 0 0}$

- Map image to spherical coordinates
- need to know the focal length


## Aligning spherical images



- Suppose we rotate the camera by $\theta$ about the vertical axis
- How does this change the spherical image?


## Aligning spherical images



- Suppose we rotate the camera by $\theta$ about the vertical axis
- How does this change the spherical image?
- Translation by $\theta$
- This means that we can align spherical images by translation



## Unwrapping a sphere



## Spherical panoramas



Microsoft Lobby: http://www.acm.org/pubs/citations/proceedings/graph/258734/p251-szeliski

## Different projections are possible



## Blending

- We've aligned the images - now what?



## Blending

- Want to seamlessly blend them together


## Image Blending



## Feathering



## Effect of window size



## Effect of window size



## Good window size


"Optimal" window: smooth but not ghosted

- Doesn't always work...


## Pyramid blending


(d)

(h)

(1)

Create a Laplacian pyramid, blend each level

- Burt, P. J. and Adelson, E. H., A multiresolution spline with applications to image mosaics, ACM Transactions on Graphics, 42(4), October 1983, 217-236.


## The Laplacian Pyramid

$$
L_{i}=G_{i}-\operatorname{expand}\left(G_{i+1}\right)
$$

Gaussian Pyramid $\quad G_{i}=L_{i}+\operatorname{expand}\left(G_{i+1}\right) \quad$ Laplacian Pyramid


## Alpha Blending



Optional: see Blinn (CGA, 1994) for details:
http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/iel1/38/7531/00310740.pdf?isNumb er=7531\&prod=JNL\&arnumber=310740\&arSt=83\&ared=87\&a $\underline{\text { rAuthor=Blinn\%2C+J.F. }}$

Encoding blend weights: $\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y})=(\alpha \mathrm{R}, \alpha \mathrm{G}, \alpha \mathrm{B}, \alpha)$
color at $\mathrm{p}=\frac{\left(\alpha_{1} R_{1}, \alpha_{1} G_{1}, \alpha_{1} B_{1}\right)+\left(\alpha_{2} R_{2}, \alpha_{2} G_{2}, \alpha_{2} B_{2}\right)+\left(\alpha_{3} R_{3}, \alpha_{3} G_{3}, \alpha_{3} B_{3}\right)}{\alpha_{1}+\alpha_{2}+\alpha_{3}}$
Implement this in two steps:

1. accumulate: add up the ( $\alpha$ premultiplied) $R G B \alpha$ values at each pixel
2. normalize: divide each pixel's accumulated RGB by its $\alpha$ value

Q: what if $\alpha=0$ ?

## Poisson Image Editing



- For more info: Perez et al, SIGGRAPH 2003
- http://research.microsoft.com/vision/cambridge/papers/perez siggraph03.pdf


## Some panorama examples

Before Siggraph Deadline:
http://www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/cse590ss/01wi/projects/project1/students/d ougz/siggraph-hires.html

## Some panorama examples

- Every image on Google Streetview



## Magic: ghost removal


M. Uyttendaele, A. Eden, and R. Szeliski. Eliminating ghosting and exposure artifacts in image mosaics. In Proceedings of the Interational Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition, volume 2, pages 509--516, Kauai, Hawaii, December 2001.

## Magic: ghost removal


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## Other types of mosaics



- Can mosaic onto any surface if you know the geometry
- See NASA's Visible Earth project for some stunning earth mosaics
- http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/Newsroom/BlueMarble/
- Click for images...


## Questions?

## CS6670: Computer Vision

Noah Snavely

## Lecture 14b: Single-view modeling



## Projective geometry



Ames Room

- Readings
- Mundy, J.L. and Zisserman, A., Geometric Invariance in Computer Vision, Appendix: Projective Geometry for Machine Vision, MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, 1992, (read 23.1-23.5, 23.10)
- available online: http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~ph/869/papers/zisser-mundy.pdf


## Projective geometry—what's it good for?

- Uses of projective geometry
- Drawing
- Measurements
- Mathematics for projection
- Undistorting images
- Camera pose estimation
- Object recognition


Paolo Uccello

## Applications of projective geometry



Vermeer's Music Lesson


## Measurements on planes



Approach: unwarp then measure

## Point and line duality

- A line $I$ is a homogeneous 3 -vector
- It is $\perp$ to every point (ray) $\mathbf{p}$ on the line: I $\mathbf{p}=0$


What is the line $\mathbf{I}$ spanned by rays $\boldsymbol{p}_{1}$ and $\mathbf{p}_{2}$ ?

- $I$ is $\perp$ to $p_{1}$ and $p_{2} \Rightarrow I=p_{1} \times p_{2}$
- I can be interpreted as a plane normal

What is the intersection of two lines $\boldsymbol{I}_{1}$ and $\boldsymbol{I}_{2}$ ?

- $p$ is $\perp$ to $I_{1}$ and $I_{2} \Rightarrow p=I_{1} \times I_{2}$

Points and lines are dual in projective space

