

# CS/INFO 4154:

Analytics-driven Game Design

Lecture 4:

Learnability and User Interfaces

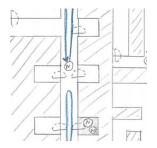
### The story so far...



Game Mechanics



**Brainstorming** 



Paper Prototyping

#### **Nuts and Bolts**

Learnability and User Interfaces
Level Design and Progressions
Architecture and Organization
Artificial Intelligence
Procedural Content Generation
Art and Design

#### **Analytics**

Internet Telemetry
Data Analysis
Data Visualization
Large-scale Experimentation
A/B Testing
Multivariate Testing

# Game design document

- Converge on one idea
- Plan for the development cycle
- Identify unknowns in the design
- Due Tuesday, September 15<sup>th</sup>, 11:59pm

# Throwaway Prototype

- No pressure
- "Hello World!" of your game
- Doesn't need to be playable
- Doesn't need to be integrated
- Pick *some piece* of your game and build it
  - Avatar moves/jumps on flat land
  - Hexagonal grid with nothing on it
  - Background artwork
- In class on Tuesday, September 22<sup>nd</sup>

# Pong / Asset Creation Graded

- 2 = complete
- 1 = partially complete
- 0 = no submission / didn't work at all
- Resubmit by Thursday, September 17<sup>th</sup>, 11:59pm

# Late Policy

- Some things cannot be turned in late
  - Releases
  - Presentations
- Other things: -25% per day and a guilt trip
  - Game Design Document
  - Revised Plans
  - Peer Evaluations

# The goal: happy players

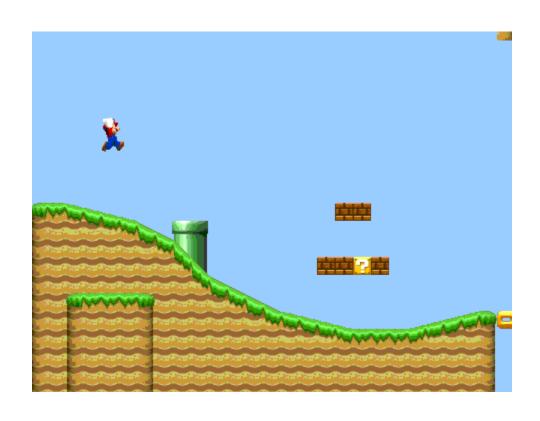




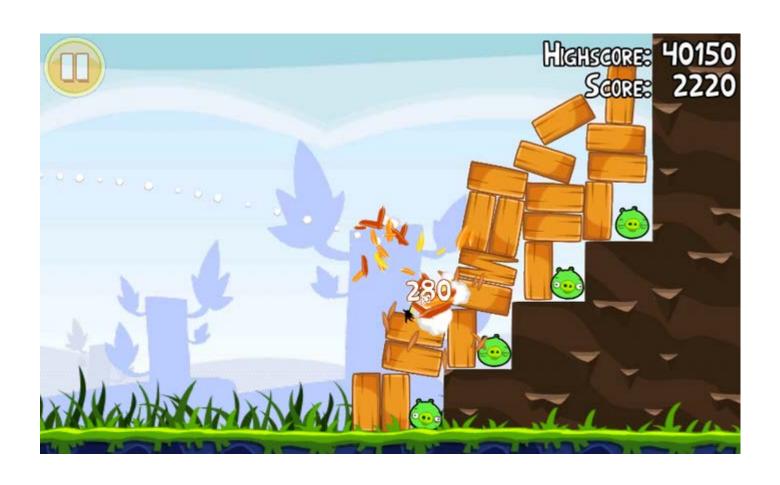


# Learnability

the capability of a software product to enable the user to learn how to use it



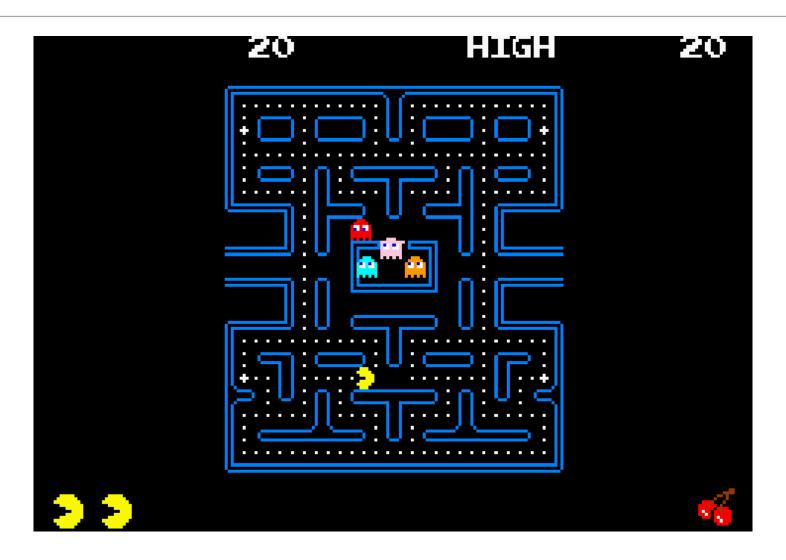






# What makes a game learnable?

# The old days

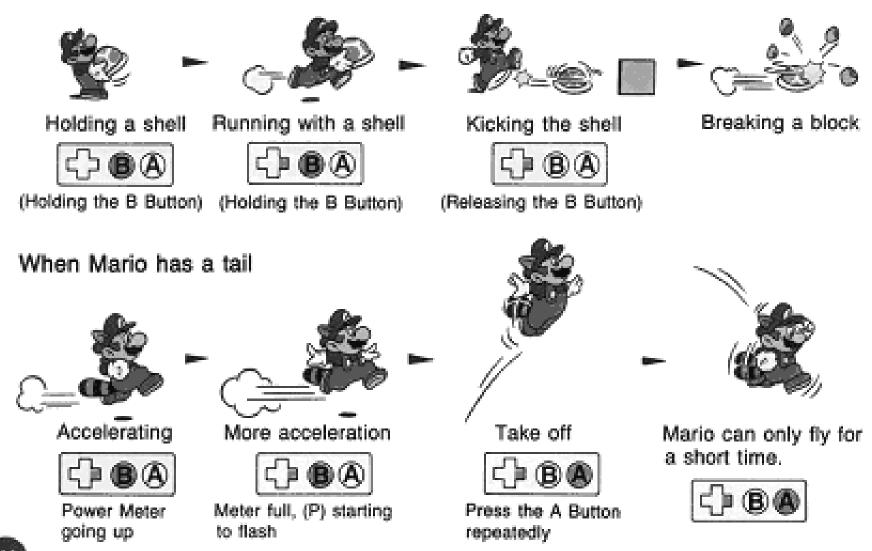


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#### **INSTRUCTION BOOKLET**

#### **NEW TECHNIQUES!**







#### What is a user interface?

the means by which the user and a computer system interact

# What makes a UI "good"?

# Critique this UI.



# Critique this UI.



# Critique this UI



### Key Lesson of this Class #1

# nobody reads and nobody listens

### Key Lesson of this Class #2

# people can only keep track of a few things

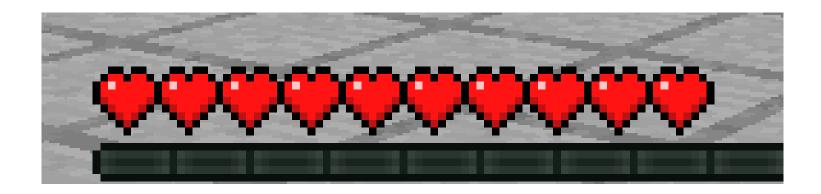
# Nielsen's heuristics for UI design

- 1. Make system status visible
- 2. Match the real world
- 3. Provide control and freedom
- 4. Be consistent
- 5. Prevent errors when possible

# Nielsen's heuristics for UI design

- 6. Facilitate recognition rather than recall
- 7. Be flexible and efficient
- 8. Use minimalist design
- 9. Help users recognize and recover from errors
- 10. Provide help and documentation

# 1. Make system status visible

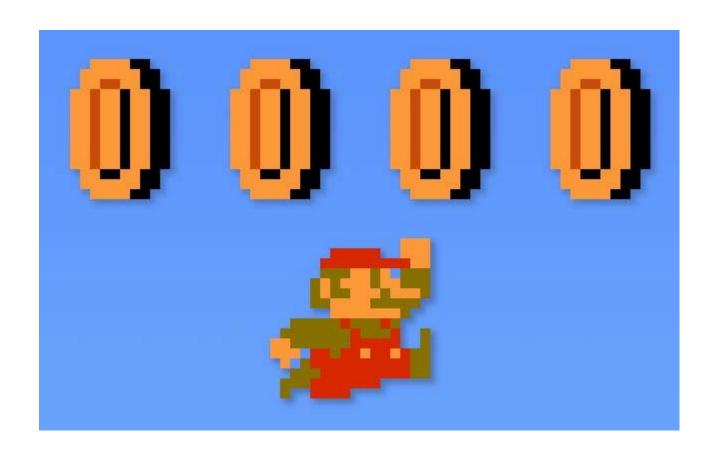


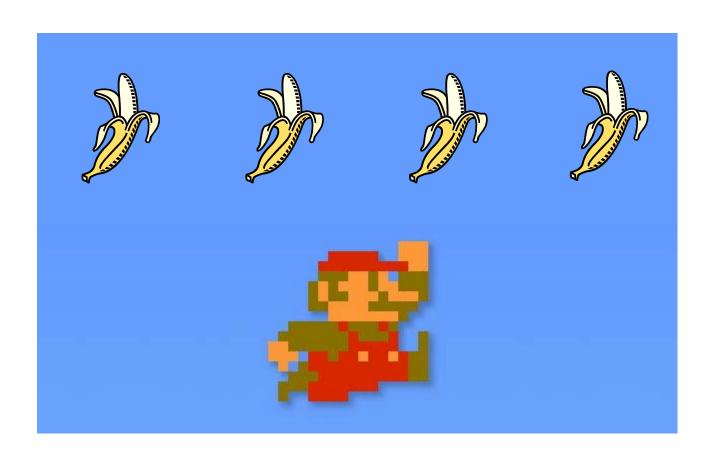
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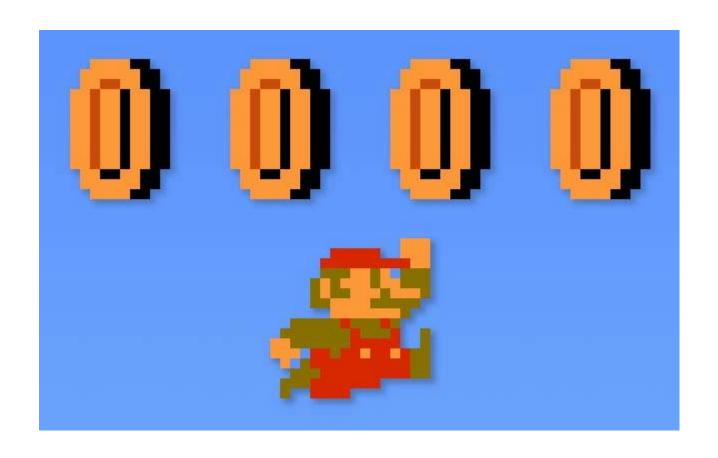


# 1. Make system status visible











## 6. Recognition rather than recall

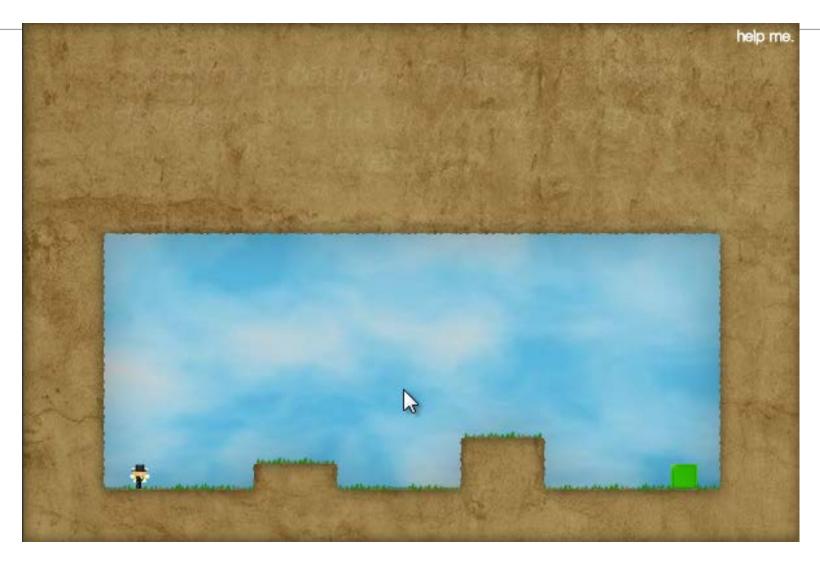
- User should *recognize* what's going on
- Shouldn't have to recall a tutorial

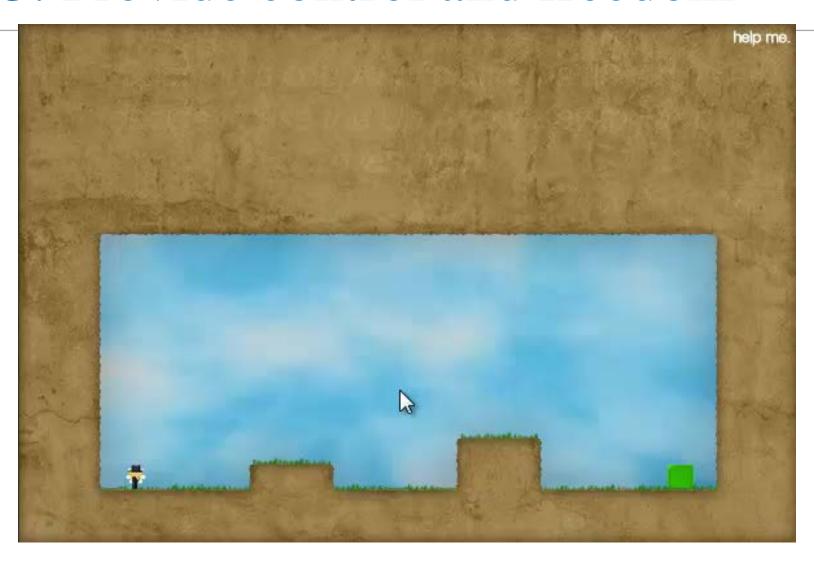
# 6. Use recognition rather than recall

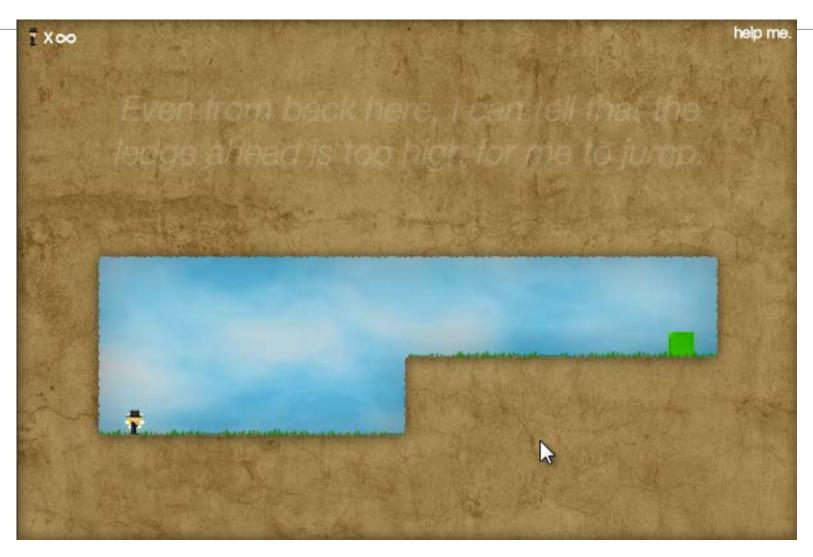


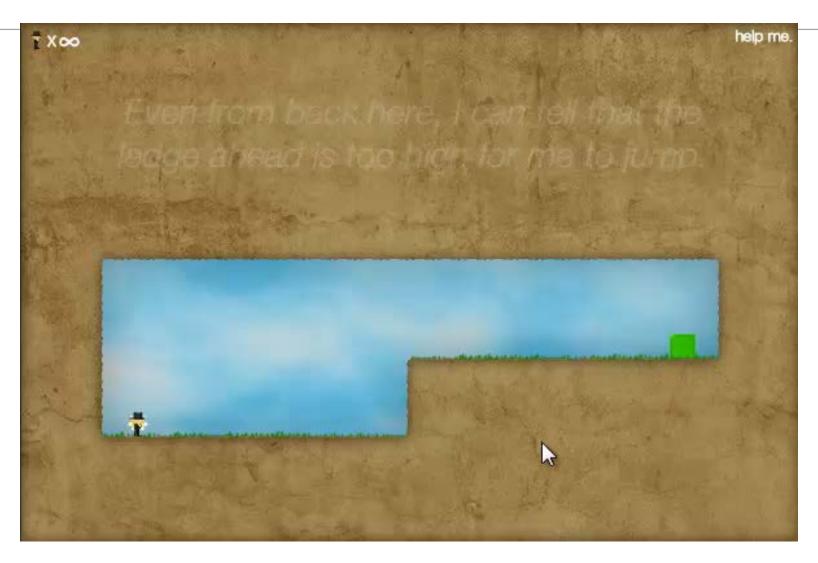
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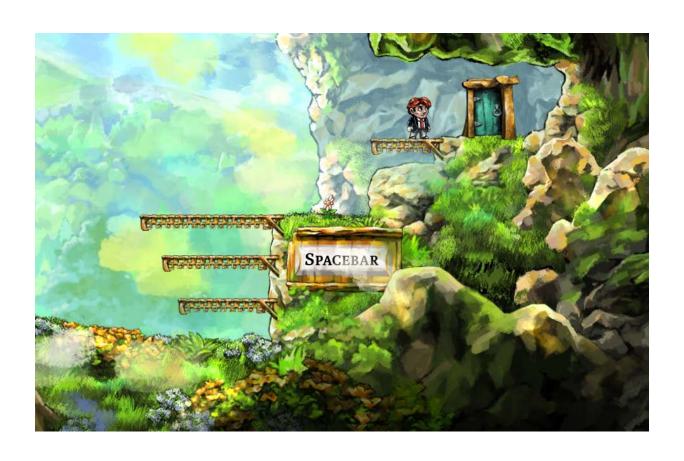








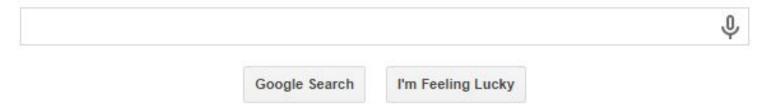






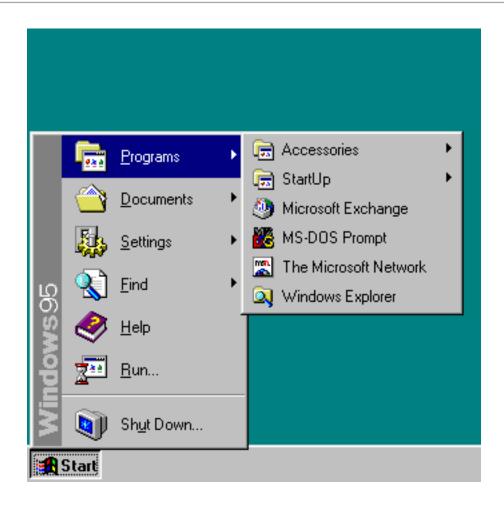
- Avoid clutter
- Provide *only* critical information





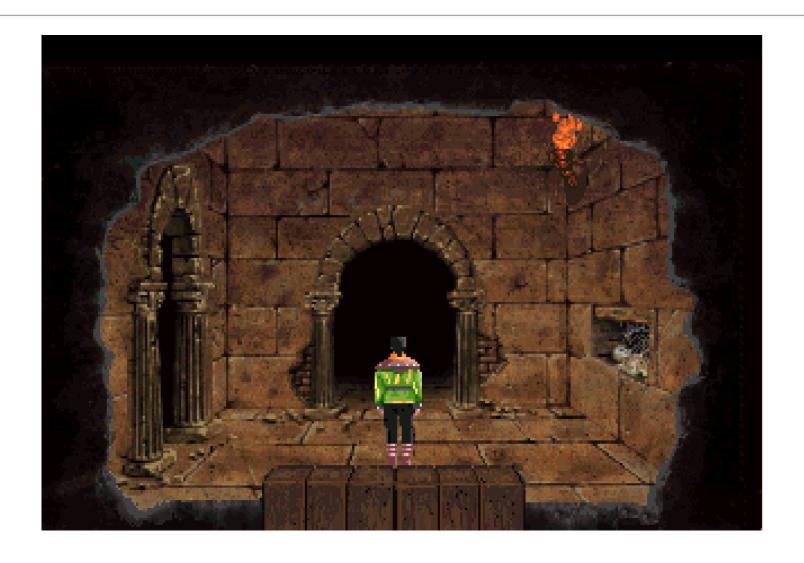












# 9. Help users recover from errors

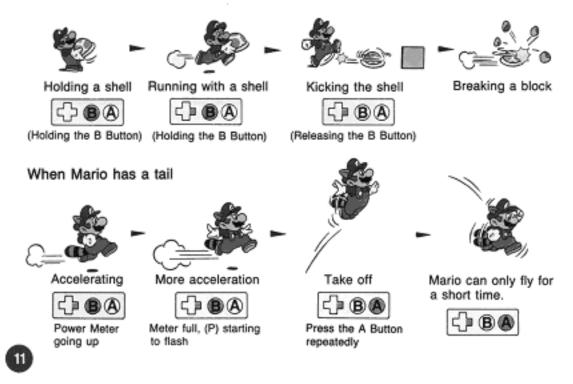


## 9. Help users recover from errors



#### 10. Provide help and documentation

#### **NEW TECHNIQUES!**



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## Group Work

- Pick one of your game ideas
- Pick two mechanics in your game
- Brainstorm a plan for how the user will learn these mechanics
- Design a level with a UI (and tutorials?) that will support this learning
- Show to another team