Homework #3 Due Thursday, July 24, 2003

## What's In A Name?

Answer all questions. Submit any pertinent hand calculations and/or Matlab code in a neat manner in order to help us give you partial credit. Readings: Van Loan 4.0-4.4. Code from the text is available at www.cs.cornell.edu/cv, click on "M-files".

- 1) Do problem P4.1.4 in the text. What is the moral of the story?
- 2) a) Show that

$$I = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx < \infty$$

analytically, by finding I.

- b) Approximate I using the closed Newton-Cotes rule for m=3. What goes wrong? How can you get around this?
  - c) All error bounds for Newton-Cotes rules are of the form

$$\left| Q_{NC(m)} - \int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx \right| \le kM \left(\frac{b-a}{m \pm \alpha}\right)^{m \pm \beta},\tag{1}$$

where k is some positive constant, $\alpha \geq 1$  and  $\beta \geq 1$  are some integers and M is such that

$$\left| f^{(n)}(x) \right| \le M$$

for any  $x \in [a, b]$  and n is some integer. Tell why in this case (1) is useless. Explicit calculations are needed here.

- d) Augment the text code (not actually in the text but on its website) ShowNCOpenError so that it computes I and its error. You need not worry about the error bound.
  - 3) You are the engineer in charge of computing the integrals,

$$I_i = \int_a^b (\alpha_i g(x) + \beta_i h(x)) dx,$$

for  $i=1,2,\ldots,m$ , to within the specified tolerance of tol. Suppose that computing functional values of g is very expensive and similarly for h.

a) Suppose the expense of computing g and/or h limits you so that you could only compute one approximation to  $g_I = \int_a^b g(x) dx$  and one approximation to

 $h_I = \int_a^b h(x) dx$ . Why is this reasonable? Show why it is possible to approximate all  $I_i$  to within the specified tolerance, tol, since, for example with the Newton-Cotes rules, we can approximate  $g_I$  to within a tolerance of  $\frac{tol}{2M_\alpha}$ , where  $M_\alpha = \max\{|\alpha_1|, \ldots, |\alpha_m|\}$ .

b) You could use Newton-Cotes formulas to compute  $\int_a^b f_i(x)dx$  to the specified tolerance of tol, where  $f_i = \alpha_i g + \beta_i h$ , for i = 1, 2, ..., m. Considering part (a), what are disadvantages of doing this? Give quantitative evidence to support your claims.

## 4) TBA