The exam is closed book and closed notes. Do not begin until instructed.

You have **90 minutes**. Good luck!

Write your name and Cornell **NetID** at the top of every page! There are 7 questions on 9 numbered pages, front and back. Check that you have all the pages. When you hand in your exam, make sure your pages are still stapled together. If not, please use our stapler to reattach all your pages!

We have scrap paper available. If you do a lot of crossing out and rewriting, you might want to write code on scrap paper first and then copy it to the exam so that we can make sense of what you handed in.

Write your answers in the space provided. Ambiguous answers will be considered incorrect. You should be able to fit your answers easily into the space provided.

In some places, we have abbreviated or condensed code to reduce the number of pages that must be printed for the exam. In others, code has been obfuscated to make the problem more difficult. This does not mean that its good style.

**Academic Integrity Statement:** I pledge that I have neither given nor received any unauthorized aid on this exam.

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**Prelim 2**

CS 2110, 5:30 PM, November 17, 2016

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*(signature)*

1 of 9
1. Short Answer [18 pts]

(a) [3 pts] In a model/view/controller, Swing is likely to be part of (there may be more than one):
   i. the model
   ii. the view
   iii. the controller

(b) [4 pts] Which of the following must be true (there may be more than one)?
   i. if x.hashCode() == y.hashCode() then x.equals(y)
   ii. if x.hashCode() == y.hashCode() then x == y
   iii. if x.equals(y) then x.hashCode() == y.hashCode()
   iv. if x == y then x.hashCode() == y.hashCode()

(c) [4 pts] A traversal of an expression tree produces the string "+ + 3 5 * 4 2".
   i. What kind of traversal is it?
   ii. What is the result of evaluating the expression?

(d) [7 pts] Let \( f(n) := n^2 + n \log n \). Then \( f(n) \) is \( O(g(n)) \) for which of the following \( g \)?
   Note: there may be more than one.
   - \( g(n) ::= n \log n \)
   - \( g(n) ::= n^2 \)
   - \( g(n) ::= 2^n \)
   - \( g(n) ::= \log n \)
   - \( g(n) ::= (n^2 + n \log n)/2 \)
   - \( g(n) ::= n^2 + n \log n - 1 \)
   - \( g(n) ::= \sqrt{n^2 + n \log n} \)
2. **Graphs [18 pts]** Consider the following graph:

(a) [5 pts] List the nodes in the order they would be visited by DFS, starting from A. When there are multiple valid options, list the lower-letter nodes first. (e.g. if you can visit either C or F next, visit C next)

(b) [5 pts] List the nodes in the order they would be visited by BFS, starting from A.

(c) [5 pts] List the nodes in the order they would be visited by Dijkstra’s algorithm, starting from A. Write down the resulting path lengths.  

[TODO — clarification: “settled” instead of “visited”]

(d) [3 pts] Is the graph planar?
3. **Complexity** [16 pts]

   (a) [4 pts] What is the definition of “$f(n)$ is $O(g(n))$”?

   (b) [6 pts] Prove that $2n + 2$ is $O(n^2 - 1)$.

   (c) [6 pts] Give the worst-case and expected case run times of quicksort on an array $b$ of size $n$. Describe a situation in which it will take the worst-case time.
4. **Heaps** [14 pts]

In this question, you will perform operations on a min-heap in which the values are the priorities. When you change the value of a node, cross out the old value and write the new value next to it. For example, after swapping the root with the left child and then swapping the root with the right child,

[TODO — there is a typo in the example; should be right then left]

If you make a mistake, be sure that you differentiate between the mistake and the values that you are crossing out!

(a) [7 pts] Perform poll on the following min-heap:

(b) [7 pts] Perform add(5) on the following min-heap:
5. GUIs [10 pts] Consider the program on the next page.

(a) [5 pts] Draw the GUI resulting from running the program on the following page.

(b) [5 pts] The code doesn’t work: nothing happens when the button is pressed. Explain why not, and fix it. Hint: this requires a one-line change. Don’t worry if you don’t remember the exact names of any swing methods you may need.
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

class GUI extends JFrame {

    /** invariant: label.getText() = count */
    private JLabel label;
    private int count;

    private class IncrementButton
        extends JButton
        implements ActionListener
    {
        public IncrementButton()
        {
            super("Press to increment");
        }

        /** increment count and update label. */
        public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
        {
            count = count + 1;
            label.setText("" + count);
        }
    }

    public GUI()
    {
        super("GUI");

        this.label = new JLabel("0");
        this.count = 0;

        setLayout(new FlowLayout());
        add(label);
        add(new IncrementButton());
        pack();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        new GUI().setVisible(true);
    }
}
6. **Spanning Trees** [10 pts] Recall the following definition:

**Definition:** A spanning tree $T$ of a connected graph $G$ is a subgraph of $G$ containing all the nodes of $G$ and a maximal set of edges, that

(a) contains no cycle, and
(b) connects all the nodes of $G$.

Based on this definition, describe a high-level algorithm (as done in lecture) to find a spanning tree of $G$. 

7. Sorting [14 pts] In this question we develop a sorting algorithm using loop invariants.

- Precondition: the array $b$ has length $n + 1$ (nothing is known about the values).
- Postcondition: $b[0..n]$ is sorted.
- Invariant: $b[i..n]$ is sorted and $b[0..i - 1] \leq b[i..n]$.

(a) [2 pts] Give an array diagram that captures this invariant.

(b) [2 pts] Give the initialization statements that make the invariant true.

(c) [2 pts] Give the loop condition.

(d) [2 pts] Give a statement that makes progress towards termination (it may violate the invariant).

(e) [3 pts] Describe in English what must be done in the loop body before part (d) to preserve the invariant. Your answer should be roughly one sentence.

(f) [3 pts] What is the asymptotic worst-case running time of this algorithm?