Replace all occurrences (instead of the first one in each line) — Options: usually you do not need any. The only interesting one is 8.

For I. (the whole file). If the range is omitted, it means “current range.”

Ranges: ___________ lines through __________ (inclusive). You can use $ instead of the last line in the file, and you can use % to stand for the last line in the file. You can use “ to stand for the first line in the file.

Search

Search and Replace

To return to command mode, press <ESC>.

R  Replace text under cursor.
O  Replace text before the current line.
A  Replace text after the current line.
I  Insert text at the beginning of the current line.
L  Insert text after the cursor.

Editing mode in VI

VI family — VI, Alt VI, Gvim

The original VI (stands for "Visual Editor") is a very limited editor. The "family" of VI is always installed on most systems. It offers the command mode, after one of the editing commands is entered, you enter editing mode. If you want to edit a file, you have to start another VI and from there you can edit the file. The two most commonly used editors are X and GNU.