CS 1110

Prelim 1 Review Fall 2018

Exam Info

- Prelim 1: Thursday, October 12th
 - Last name **A D** at 5:15 6:45 in Uris G01
 - Last name $\mathbf{E} \mathbf{K}$ at 5:15 6:45 in Statler Aud.
 - Last name **L P** at 7:30 9:00 in Uris G01
 - Last name $\mathbf{Q} \mathbf{Z}$ at 7:30 9:00 in Statler Aud.
 - SDS Students will get an e-mail
- Exceptions ONLY if you filed a conflict
 - We expect you at time and room assigned

Studying for the Exam

- Read study guides, review slides online
 - Solution to review posted after review
- Review all labs and assignments
 - Solutions to Assignment 2 are in CMS
 - No solutions to code, but talk to TAs
- Look at exams from past years
 - Exams with solutions on course web page
 - Only look at the fall exams; spring is different

Grading

- We will announce *approximate* letter grades
 - We adjust letter grades based on all exams
 - But no hard guidelines (e.g. mean = grade X)
 - May adjust borderline grades again at final grades
- Use this to determine whether you want to drop
 - Drop deadline is next week, October 1th
 - Goal: Have everyone graded by end of Saturday
 - Will definitely notify you if you made less than C+

- Five Questions on the following topics:
 - String slicing functions (A1)
 - Call frames and the call stack (A2)
 - Functions on mutable objects (A3)
 - Testing and debugging (Labs 3, 4, and 6)
 - Short Answer (Terminology)
- + 2 pts for writing your name and net-id

- Five Questions on the following topics:
 - String slicing functions (A1)
 - Vhat about lists? Call frames
 - Functi
 - ougging (Labs 3, 4, and 6) Testing
 - Short Answer (Terminology)
- + 2 pts for writing your name and net-id

- Five Questions on the following topics:
 - String slicing functions
 - Call frames and the call stack
 - Functions on mutable objects
 - Testing and debugging
 - Short Answer
- + 2 pts for writing your name and net-id

Lists may appear in any of these 5

- String slicing functions (A1)
 - Will be given a function specification
 - Implement it using string methods, slicing
- Call frames and the call stack (A2)
- Functions on mutable objects (A3)
- Testing and debugging (Labs 3, 4, and 6)
- Short Answer (Terminology)

String Slicing

def make_netid(name,n):

"""Returns: a netid for name with suffix n

Netid is either two letters and a number (if the student has no middle name) or three letters and a number (if the student has a middle name). Letters in netid are lowercase.

Example: make_netid('Walker McMillan White',2) is 'wmw2'

Example: make_netid('Walker White',4) is 'ww4'

Parameter name: the student name

Precondition: name is a string either with format '<first-name>

<last-name>' or '<first-name> <middle-name> <last-name>'

Parameter n: the netid suffix

Precondition: n > 0 is an int."""

Useful String Methods

Method	Result
s.find(s1)	Returns first position of s1 in s; -1 if not there.
s.rfind(s1)	Returns LAST position of s1 in s; -1 if not there.
s.lower()	Returns copy of s with all letters lower case
s.upper()	Returns copy of s with all letters upper case

- We will give you any methods you need
- But you must know how to slice strings!

String Slicing

def make_netid(name,n): """**Returns**: a netid for name with suffix n.""" name = name.lower() # switch to lower case fpos = name.find(' ') # find first space first = name[:fpos] last = name[fpos+1:]mpos = last.find(' ') # see if there is another space **if** mpos == -1: return first[0]+last[0]+str(n) # remember, n is not a string else: middle = last[:mpos] last = last[mpos+1:]return first[0]+middle[0]+last[0]+str(n)

- String slicing functions (A1)
- Call frames and the call stack (A2)
 - Very similar to A2 (see solution in CMS)
 - May have to draw a full call stack
 - See lectures 4 and 9 (slide typos corrected)
- Functions on mutable objects (A3)
- Testing and debugging (Labs 3, 4, and 6)
- Short Answer (Terminology)

Call Stack Example

- Given functions to right
 - Function fname() is not important for problem
 - Use the numbers given
- Execute the call: lname_first('John Doe')
- Draw entire call stack when helper function lname completes line 1
 - Draw nothing else

10/10/18

```
def lname_first(s):
    """Precondition: s in the form
    <first-name> <last-name>"""
    first = fname(s)
    last = lname(s)
    return last + ',' + first

def lname(s):
```

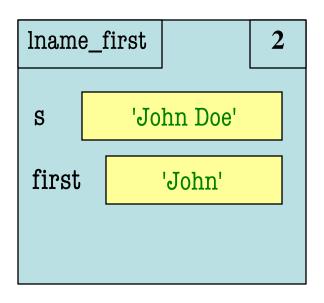
"""**Prec**: see last_name_first"""

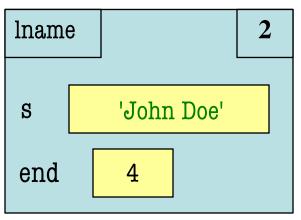
```
2 | return s[end+1:]

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```

end = s.find(' ')

Call Stack Example: lname_first('John Doe')



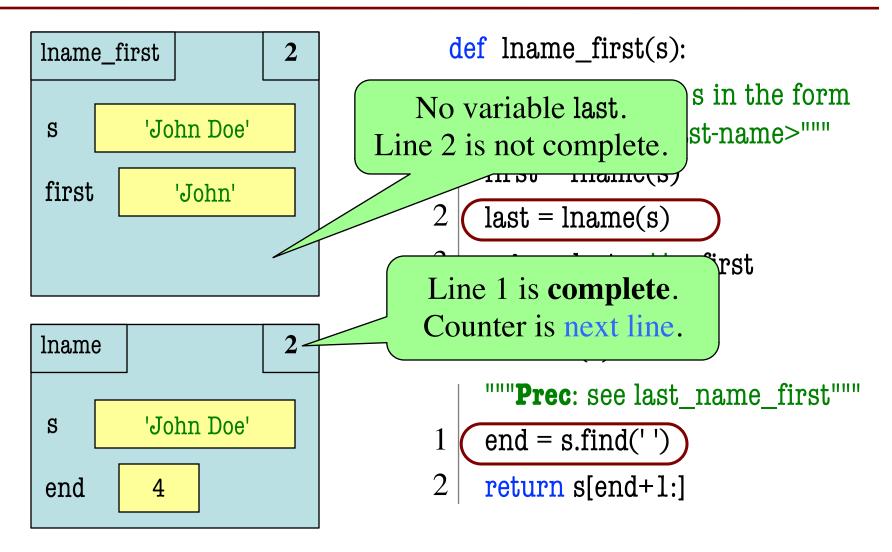


```
def lname_first(s):
    """Precondition: s in the form
    <first-name> <last-name>"""
    first = fname(s)
    last = lname(s)
    return last + ',' + first
```

```
def lname(s):
    """Prec: see last_name_first"""

1    end = s.find(' ')
2    return s[end+1:]
```

Call Stack Example: lname_first('John Doe')



def cycle_left(p):

"""Cycle coords left

Precondition: p a point"""

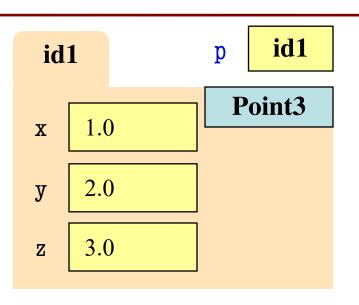
- $1 \mid temp = p.x$
- $2 \mid p.x = p.y$
- $3 \mid p.y = p.z$
- $4 \mid p.z = temp$

May get a function on a mutable object

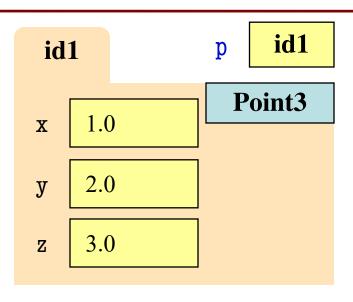
```
>> p = Point3(1.0,2.0,3.0)
```

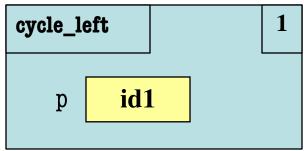
- >>> cycle_left(p)
- You are not expected to come up w/ the "folder"
 - Will provide it for you
 - You just track changes
- Diagram all steps

```
def cycle_left(p):
   """Cycle coords left
   Precondition: p a point"""
   temp = p.x
   p.x = p.y
   p.y = p.z
   p.z = temp
>> p = Point3(1.0,2.0,3.0)
>>> cycle_left(p)
                    Function Call
```

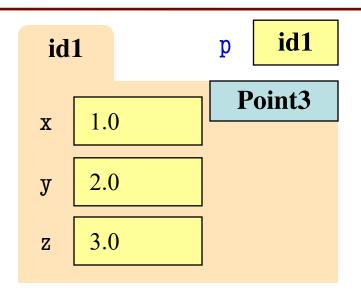


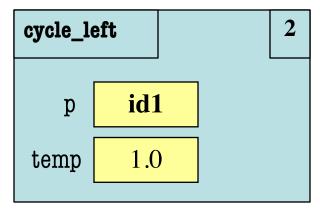
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def cycle_left(p):
   """Cycle coords left
   Precondition: p a point"""
   temp = p.x
   p.x = p.y
   p.y = p.z
   p.z = temp
>> p = Point3(1.0,2.0,3.0)
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                    Function Call
```



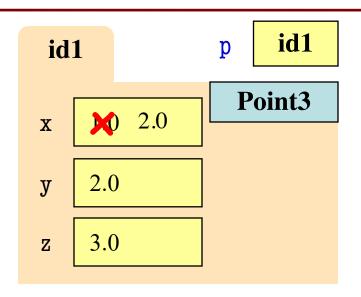


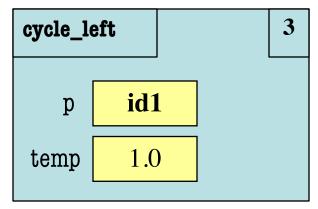
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                    Function Call
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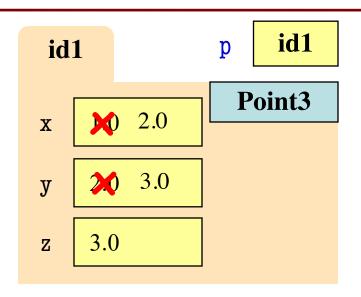


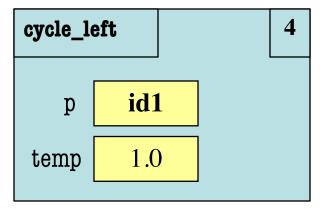
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>> p = Point3(1.0,2.0,3.0)
>>> cycle_left(p)
                    Function Call
```



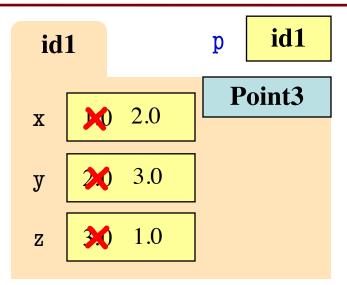


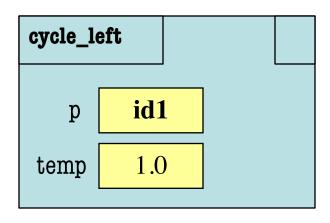
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   """Cycle coords left
   Precondition: p a point"""
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   p.x = p.y
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   p.z = temp
>> p = Point3(1.0,2.0,3.0)
>>> cycle_left(p)
                    Function Call
```



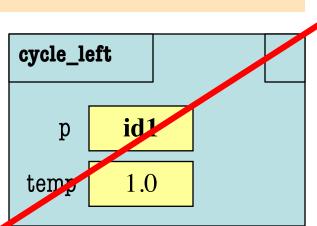


```
def cycle_left(p):
   """Cycle coords left
   Precondition: p a point"""
   temp = p.x
   p.x = p.y
   p.y = p.z
   p.z = temp
>> p = Point3(1.0,2.0,3.0)
>>> cycle_left(p)
                    Function Call
```





```
def cycle_left(p):
                                        id1
                                                      p
   """Cycle coords left
                                            2.0
                                        X
   Precondition: p a point"""
                                                3.0
                                        у
   temp = p.x
                                                1.0
                                        \mathbf{Z}
   p.x = p.y
                                         cycle_left
   p.y = p.z
   p.z = temp
                                                 id1
                                            p
>> p = Point3(1.0,2.0,3.0)
                                                 1.0
                                         temp
>>> cycle_left(p)
                      Function Call
```



id1

Point3

- String slicing functions (A1)
- Call frames and the call stack (A2)
- Functions on mutable objects (A3)
 - Given an object type (e.g. class)
 - Attributes will have invariants
 - Write a function respecting invariants
- Testing and debugging (Labs 3, 4, and 6)
- Short Answer (Terminology)

Example from Assignment 3

- Class: RGB
 - Constructor function: RGB(r,g,b)
 - Remember constructor is just a function that gives us back a mutable object of that type
 - Attributes:

Attribute	Invariant
red	int, within range 0255
green	int, within range 0255
blue	int, within range 0255

Function that Modifies Object

def lighten(rgb):

"""Lighten each attribute by 10%

Attributes get lighter when they increase.

Parameter rgb: the color to lighten

Precondition: rgb an RGB object"""

pass # implement me

Function that Modifies Object

def lighten(rgb):

"""Lighten each attribute by 10%"""

Procedure: no return

```
red = rgb.red # puts red attribute in local var
red = 1.1*red # increase by 10%
red = int(round(red,0)) # convert to closest int
rgb.red = min(255,red) # cannot go over 255
# Do the others in one line
rgb.green = min(255,int(round(1.1*rgb.green,0)))
rgb.blue = min(255,int(round(1.1*rgb.blue,0)))
```

Another Example

- Class: Length
 - Constructor function: Length(ft,in)
 - Remember constructor is just a function that gives us back a mutable object of that type
 - Attributes:

Attribute	Invariant
feet	int, non-negative, = 12 in
inches	int, within range 011

Function that Does Not Modify Object

def difference(len1,len2):

"""Returns: Difference between len1 and len2

Result is returned in inches

Parameter len1: the first length

Precondition: len1 is a length object longer than len2

Parameter len2: the second length

Precondition: len2 is a length object shorter than len1"""

pass # implement me

Function that Does Not Modify Object

def difference(len1,len2):

"""Returns: Difference between len1 and len2

Result is returned in inches

Parameter len1: the first length

Parameter len2: the second length

Precondition: len2 is a length object shorter than len1"""

feetdif = (len1.feet-len2.feet)*12

inchdif = len1.inches-len2.inches # may be negative

return feetdif+inchdif

- String slicing functions (A1)
- Call frames and the call stack (A2)
- Functions on mutable objects (A3)
- Testing and debugging (Lab 3, 4, and 6)
 - Coming up with test cases
 - Tracing program flow
 - Understanding assert statements
- Short Answer (Terminology)

Picking Test Cases

def pigify(w):

"""Returns: copy of w converted to Pig Latin
'y' is a vowel if it is not the first letter
If word begins with a vowel, append 'hay'
If word starts with 'q', assume followed by 'u';
move 'qu' to the end, and append 'ay'
If word begins with a consonant, move all
consonants up to first vowel to end and add 'ay'

Parameter w: the word to translate

Precondition: w contains only (lowercase) letters"""

Picking Test Cases

```
def pigify(w):
```

"""Returns: copy of w converted to Pig Latin"""

• • •

Test Cases (Determined by the rules):

are => arehay (Starts with vowel)

quiet => ietquay (Starts with qu)

ship => ipshay (Starts with consonant(s))

bzzz => bzzzay (All consonants)

yield => ieldyay (y as consonant)

byline => ylinebay (y as vowel)

def replace_first(word,a,b):

"""**Returns**: a copy with FIRST instance of a replaced by b

Example: replace_first('crane','a','o') returns 'crone'

Example: replace_first('poll','l','o') returns 'pool'

Parameter word: The string to copy and replace

Precondition: word is a string

Parameter a: The substring to find in word

Precondition: a is a valid substring of word

Parameter b: The substring to use in place of a

Precondition: b is a string"""

```
def replace_first(word,a,b):
                                        >>> replace_first('poll', 'l', 'o')
  """Returns: a copy with
                                        3
  FIRST a replaced by b"""
                                       pol
  pos = word.rfind(a)
  print(pos)
                                       polo
  before = word[:pos]
                                        'polo'
  print(before)
                                        >>> replace_first('askew', 'sk', 'ch')
  after = word[pos+1:]
  print(after)
                                        a
                                                    Identify the bug(s)
  result = before+b+after
                                       kew
                                                     in this function.
  print(result)
                                        achkew
  return result
                                        'achkew'
```

```
def replace_first(word,a,b):
                                        >>> replace_first('poll', 'l', 'o')
  """Returns: a copy with
                                             Unexpected!
  FIRST a replaced by b"""
                                        pol
  pos = word.rfind(a)
  print(pos)
                                        polo
  before = word[:pos]
                                        'polo'
  print(before)
                                        >>> replace_first('askew', 'sk', 'ch')
  after = word[pos+1:]
  print(after)
                                        a
  result = before+b+after
                                        kew
  print(result)
                                        achkew
  return result
                                        'achkew'
```

```
def replace_first(word,a,b):
                                        >>> replace_first('poll', 'l', 'o')
  """Returns: a copy with
                                        3
  FIRST a replaced by b"""
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  pos = word.find(a)
  print(pos)
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  before = word[:pos]
                                        'polo'
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  after = word[pos+1:]
  print(after)
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  print(result)
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  return result
                                        'achkew'
```

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  before = word[:pos]
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  print(before)
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  after = word[pos+1:]
  print(after)
  result = before+b+after
                                        kew
                                                Unexpected!
  print(result)
                                        achkew
  return result
                                        'achkew'
```

```
def replace_first(word,a,b):
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  """Returns: a copy with
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  FIRST a replaced by b"""
                                        pol
  pos = word.find(a)
  print(pos)
                                        polo
  before = word[:pos]
                                        'polo'
  print(before)
                                        >>> replace_first('askew', 'sk', 'ch')
  after = word[pos+len(a):]
  print(after)
                                        a
  result = before+b+after
                                        kew
  print(result)
                                        achkew
  return result
                                        'achkew'
```

- String slicing functions (A1)
- Call frames and the call stack (A2)
- Functions on mutable objects (A3)
- Testing and debugging (Labs 3, 4, and 6)
- Short Answer (Terminology)
 - See the study guide
 - Look at the lecture slides
 - Read relevant book chapters

In that order

Any More Questions?



