## CS100M Section Exercise 13

## 1 Bag of Dice

Assume you have an implementation of the Dice class from lecture. The class has the following public methods:

- public Dice(int numSides)
- public void roll()
- public int getTop()
- public int getSides()
- public void setTop(int faceValue)

In some games, several dice are rolled at once, which leads to interesting non-uniform probability distributions. So now we will create a bag of dice, a class that holds several dice and has a method to roll all of them simultaneously.

```
class BagOfDice {
    // this array will hold all dice
    private Dice[] dice;
    /** Create a new bag of dice with given number of dice.
    * The number of sides will be 6 for all new dice. */
    public BagOfDice(int numDice) {
    }
    /** Create a new bag of dice with given numbers of sides.
    * The number of dice should be equal to the array length. */
    public BagOfDice(int[] numSides) {
    }
    /** returns the array of Dice objects being used by this class */
    public Dice[] getDice() {
    }
    /** Roll dice and return the sum of numbers on top. */
    public int rollAllDice() {
    }
}
```


## 2 Polynomials

In this part, we will create a class that represents a polynomial as an array of coefficients. Then we will extend the polynomial class to implement a quadratic.

```
class Polynomial {
    // the array of coefficients coeffs[i] is the coefficient next to x^i
    protected double[] coeffs;
    /** Create a new polynomial with the given coefficients. */
    public Polynomial(double[] coefficients) {
    }
    /** =The degree of this polynomial (the degree of the
    * highest nonzero term.) */
    public int getDegree() {
    }
    /** ={This Polynomial is the same as Polynomial p, true or false} */
    public boolean equals(Polynomial p) {
    }
    /* = The value of this polynomial evaluated at x */
    public double evaluate(double x) {
    }
}
class Quadratic
        _-_---_-----
        Polynomial {
    /** Construct a polynomial ax^2 + bx + c. */
    public Quadratic(double a, double b, double c) {
    }
    /** =The roots of this quadratic. The returned array
        * will be of size 2 or 1, or null if roots are complex. */
    public double[] getRealRoots() {
    }
}
```

If you have time (or after section), try to implement new instance methods into the Polynomial class to add another polynomial to this one and to compute the derivative. What method headers would be appropriate?

