

## Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs): graphics.

| ㅁㅁㅁ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| A "panel" in which you can draw | A JFrame, with a "panel" on which you can draw |
|  |  |
| jpanel.setPreferredSize(new Dimension(width, height)); jpanel.setBackground(Color.white); |  |
| jframe.getContentPane().add(panel, BorderLayout.CENTER); jframe.pack(); |  |
| jframe.setVisible(true); |  |



## The for loop, for processing a range of integers

$\mathrm{x}=0$;
// add the squares of ints
// in range $2 . .200$ to x
$\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{x}+2 * 2$;
$\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{x}+3 * 3$;
...
$\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{x}+200$;
for each number i in the range $2 . .200$, add $i^{*} \mathrm{i}$ to x .
loop counter: i
initialization: int $\mathrm{i}=2$;
loop condition: i <= 200;
increment: $\mathrm{i}=\mathrm{i}+1$
repetend or body: $\{x=x+i * i ;\}$
The for-loop:
for (int $\mathrm{i}=2$; $\mathrm{i}<=200$; $\mathrm{i}=\mathrm{i}+1$ ) $\{$
$\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{i} * \mathrm{i}$;
\}
repetend: the thing to be repeated. The block:
$\{x=x+i * i ;\}$


| Pattern for processing range of integers: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| for (int $k=a ; k<b ; k=k+1)$ \{ <br> Process integer k; | $\text { for }(\text { int } \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{c} ; \mathrm{i}<=\mathrm{d} ; \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{i}+1)\{$ <br> Process integer i; |
| \} | $\}$ |
| // Print the integers in $10 . . \mathrm{n}-1$ <br> // inv: All ints in $10 . . \mathrm{k}-1$ been printed <br> for (int $\mathrm{k}=10 ; \mathrm{k}<\mathrm{n} ; \mathrm{k}=\mathrm{k}+1)\{$ <br> System.out.println(k); <br> \} <br> // All ints in $10 . . \mathrm{n}-1$ been printed | $/ /$ Print the integers in $1 . .10$ <br> $/ /$ inv: All ints in $10 . . \mathrm{i}-1$ printed <br> for (int $\mathrm{i}=1 ; \mathrm{i}<=10 ; \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{i}+1)\{$ <br> System.out.println(i); <br> $\}$ <br> $/ /$ All ints in 10..i-1 printed |



| Note on ranges. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2 . .5$ contains $2,3,4,5$ | It contains 5+1-2 $=4$ values |
| $2 . .4$ contains 2, 3, 4 . | It contains 4+1-2 $=4$ values |
| 2.3 contains 2,3 . | It contains 3+1-2 $=2$ values |
| $2 . .2$ contains 2 . | It contains $2+1-2=1$ values |
| $2 . .1$ contains . | It contains $1+1-2=0$ values |
| The number of values in $\mathbf{m} . . \mathbf{n}$ is $\mathbf{n + 1}-\mathbf{m}$. |  |
| In the notation $m . . n$, we require always, without saying it, that $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{- 1}<=\mathbf{n}$. |  |
| If $\mathrm{m}-1=\mathrm{n}$, the range has 0 values. |  |


| The pattern for processing range of integers: <br> range a..b-1 $\qquad$ range $c . . d$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| for (int $\mathrm{i}=\mathrm{a} ; \mathrm{i}<\mathrm{b} ; \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{i}+1)$ \{ <br> Process integer i; | for (int $\mathrm{i}=\mathrm{c} ; \mathrm{i}<=\mathrm{d} ; \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{i}+1)\{$ <br> Process integer i; |
| \} |  |
| ```// Print indices of all 'e's in String s // inv: Indices of 'e's in s[0..s.i-1] for (int i= 0; i < s.length(); i= i +1) { if (s.charAt(i) == 'e') System.out.println(i); } // Indices of 'e's in s[0..s.length()-1] // printed``` | ```// Store in double var. v the sum // \(1 / 1+1 / 2+\ldots+1 / n\) \(\mathrm{v}=0\); // inv: \(1 / 1+1 / 2+\ldots+1 /(\mathrm{i}-1)\) for (int \(\mathrm{i}=1 ; \mathrm{i}<=\mathrm{n} ; \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{i}+1)\) \{ \(\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{v}+1.0 / \mathrm{i} ;\) \} \(/ / v=1 / 1+1 / 2+\ldots+1 / n\)None``` |


| Loops are often not easy to develop or understand. |
| :--- |
| Our goal: Provide you with a methodolgy for the |
| development of loops that process a range of integers. |
| 1. Separate your concerns - focus on one thing at a time. |
| 2. Make small steps toward completing the loop. |
| 3. Don't introduce a new variable without a good reason. |
| 4. Keep program simple. |
|  |


| Development of a loop to process a range a..b | $\begin{gathered} \text { for }(\text { int } i=a ; i<=b ; i=i+1)\{ \\ \text { Process integer } i ; \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Follow this methodology for ease in writing loops!!! | Step 1. Recognize that a range of integers has to be processed. |
| $\begin{aligned} & / / \text { numbers in } 10 . .46 \\ & \mathrm{~m}=0 \\ & / / \mathrm{m}=\text { sum of even ints in } 10 . .(\mathrm{k}-1) \end{aligned}$ | Step 2. Write a postcondition, based on the spec, which says what is true at the end. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { for (int } k=10 ; k<=46 ; k=k+1)\{ \\ & \quad / / \text { Process } k \end{aligned}$ | Step 3. Write the skeleton of the loop. |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { if }(\mathrm{k} \% 2==0)\{ \\ \mathrm{m}=\mathrm{m}+\mathrm{k} ; \end{gathered}$ | Step 4. Fill in the loop control. <br> Step 5. Write down, before the loop, what the variables mean |
| $/ / \mathrm{m}=$ sum of even ints in $10 . .46$ | and initialize other variables. Step 6. Write the method body (to process k ). |

Development of a loop to process a range a..b-1
// Set c to the number of chars in String s that are digits $0 . .9$
for (int $\mathrm{i}=; \quad ; \quad$;
Process integer i ;
\}
What is the range of integers to process?
A. 1 .. s.length ()
B. 1 .. s.length ()$-1$
C. 0 .. s.length ()
D. 0 .. s.length ()$-1$
E. I don't know.

## Development of a loop to process a range a..b-1

// Set c to number of chars in String s that are digits ' 0 '...' 9 ' for (int $\mathrm{i}=$; ; ) \{

Process integer i;
\}
What is the the postcondition?
A. $\mathrm{c}=$ no. of chars in s that are in ' 0 '...' 9 '
B. $\mathrm{c}=$ no. of chars in $\mathrm{s}[0$..s.length()-1] that are in ' 0 '...' 9 '
C. $\mathrm{c}=$ no. of chars in $\mathrm{s}[0$..s.length ()$]$ that are in ' 0 '...' 9 '
D. A or B
E. I don't know

```
            Development of a loop to process a range a..b-1
// Set c to number of chars in String s that are digits '0'..'9'
for (int i= ; ; ) {
            Process integer i;
}
// c = no. of chars in s[0..s.length()-1] that are in ' 0'..''9'
    Write the initialization, loop condition, and increment
    A. for (int i= 1; i<= 9; i= i +1 )
    B. for (int i= 1; i <= s.length(); i= i+1 )
    C. for (int i= 1; i < s.length(); i= i+1 )
    D. for (int i= 0; i < s.length(); i= i+1 )
    E. for (int i= 0; i <= s.length() - 1; i= i + 1
```

Development of a loop to process a range a..b-1
// Set c to number of chars in String s that are digits ' 0 '..'9'
// What should be true here about c and i?
for (int $\mathrm{i}=0 ; \quad \mathrm{i}<\mathrm{s}$.length ()$; \quad \mathrm{i}=\mathrm{i}+1 \quad$ ) $\{$
Process integer i;
\}
$/ / \mathrm{c}=$ no. of chars in $\mathrm{s}[0 .$. s.length()-1] that are in ' 0 '...' 9 '
A. $/ / \mathrm{c}=$ no. of chars in $\mathrm{s}[0 . . \mathrm{i}-1]$ that are in ' 0 ' .. ' 9 '
B. $/ / \mathrm{c}=$ no. of chars in $\mathrm{s}[0 . . \mathrm{i}]$ that are in ' 0 ' .. ' 9 '
C. $/ / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{no}$. of chars in $\mathrm{s}[1 . . \mathrm{i}]$ that are in ' 0 ' .. ' 9 '
D. I don't know.

## Development of a loop to process a range a..b-1

// Set c to number of chars is String s that are digits ' 0 '...'9'
$/ /$ inv: $\mathrm{c}=$ no. of chars of $\mathrm{s}[0 . . \mathrm{i}-1]$ that are in ' 0 '...' 9 '
for (int $i=0 ; \quad i<\operatorname{s.length}() ; \quad i=i+1 \quad$ ) \{
Process integer i;
\}
$/ / \mathrm{c}=$ no. of chars of $\mathrm{s}[0 . . \mathrm{s} . l \mathrm{length}()-1]$ that are in ' 0 '..'9' How should c be initialized c ?
A. $\mathrm{c}=1$;
B. $\mathrm{c}=0$;
C. $\mathrm{c}=5$;
D. $\mathrm{c}=-1$;

Try these problems. Develop them using the methodology given on slide 9. Then type them into DrJava and test them!

1. Set c to the number of chars is String s that are digits (in $0 . .9$ )
2. Store in res a copy of String s but with no blanks.
3. Store in res a copy of String s but with adjacent duplicates removed.
4. Set boolean $v$ to the value of "no integer in $2 . . n-1$ divides $x$ ".
5. Set boolean v to the value of "every element in Vector v is an object of class JFrame"
6. Add up the squares of the odd integers in the range m..n
