

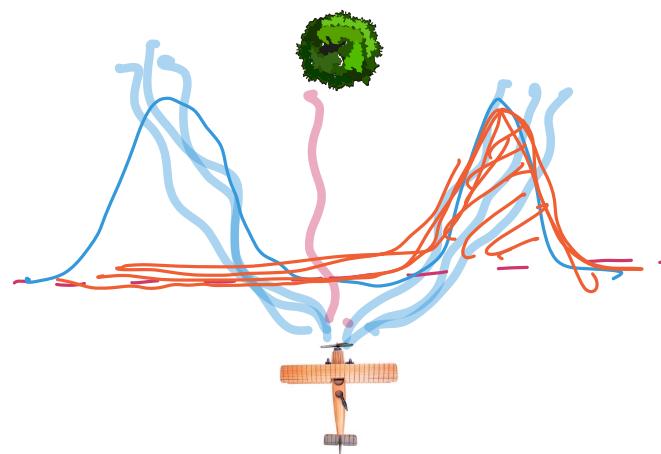
FORWARD KL

$$\min_{\theta} - \mathbb{E}_{z \sim p_{\text{exper}}(z)} \log P_{\theta}(z)$$

↓

$$- \sum_z p_{\text{exper}}(z) \log P_{\theta}(z)$$

$\neq 0$        $= 0$



Goal: LEARN

$$P_{\theta}(\xi)$$

Given:  $\dots, \xi^n \sim P_{\text{prior}}(\xi^i)$

FIND

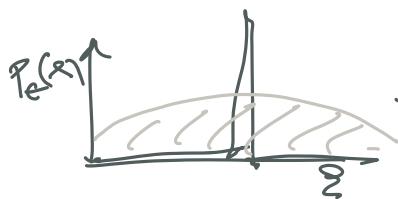
$$\max - \sum_{\xi} P_{\theta}(\xi) \log P_{\theta}(\xi)$$

s.t.

$$\sum_{\xi} P_{\theta}(\xi) f^1(\xi) = E f^1(\xi)$$

$\vdots$

$$\sum_{\xi} P_{\theta}(\xi) f^k(\xi) = E f^k(\xi)$$



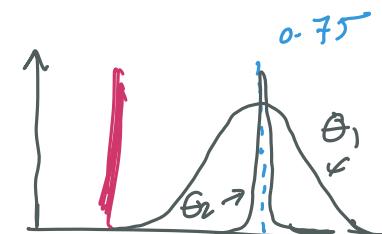
BASIS FEATURE VECTORS

$$f^1(\xi) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$f^2(\xi) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$\vdots$

$$f^k(\xi) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$



$f^1(\xi)$   
= How much  
gras  $\xi$  driven?

min  $\theta$

$$\sum_{\xi} P_{\theta}(\xi) \log P_{\theta}(\xi) \rightarrow$$

① Write out the

Lagrange-

s.t.

$$\sum_{\xi} P_{\theta}(\xi) f^1(\xi) = C_1 = \frac{0.75}{0.25}$$

$$\max_{\lambda} \min_{\theta} \sum_{\xi} P_{\theta}(\xi) \log P_{\theta}(\xi)$$

$$+ \lambda \left[ \sum_{\xi} P_{\theta} f^1(\xi) - C \right]$$

$$+ \lambda_2 [ \dots ]$$

$$+ \lambda_3 [ \dots ]$$

② Take the gradient

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} (\dots) = 0$$

③ Substitute in

$$\boxed{\sum_{\xi} P_{\theta}(\xi) = 1}$$

$$P_{\theta}(\xi) \propto \exp(-\lambda_1 f_1(\xi) - \lambda_2 f_2(\xi) - \lambda_3 f_3(\xi) \dots)$$

$$\propto \exp(-\text{cost}_{\theta}(\xi))$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z(\theta)} \exp(-\text{cost}_{\theta}(\xi))$$

↓  
Plug back in to  
optimization

$$\max_{\theta} \sum_{i=1}^N \log P_{\theta}(\xi_i^h)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \log \left( \frac{1}{Z(\theta)} \exp(-\text{cost}_{\theta}(\xi_i^h)) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N -\text{cost}_{\theta}(\xi_i^h) - \log Z(\theta)$$

$$\min_{\theta} \sum_{i=1}^N \text{cost}_{\theta}(\xi_i^h) + \log Z(\theta)$$