## 1 Canonical Correlations Analysis Handout

In CCA we think of data  $\mathbf{x}_t$  as coming in pairs  $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_t \\ \mathbf{x}_t' \end{bmatrix}$ . where say  $\mathbf{x}_t$  is say d dimensional and  $\mathbf{x}_t'$  is d' dimensional. Accordingly we can think of data matrix as [X, X']. That is n pairs of points. For example, we might get pictures from two different camera angles, or we might obtain audio and video components for a video recording. Our goal in CCA is to extract the common information amongst the two views from any one of the views.

To this end, we start with linear dimensionality reduction with such two views. For this handout, we consider one dimensional projections in each of the views. That is, we are interested in reducing the d and d' dimensional data in the two views into single numbers in each view by a linear transformation. To this end, let the one dimensional projection in view I be given by numbers  $y_1, \ldots, y_n$  where

$$y_t = \mathbf{w}_1^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{x}_t \quad \& \quad y_t' = \mathbf{v}_1^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{x}_t'$$

## 1.1 Question 1

You want to find directions  $\mathbf{w}_1$  and  $\mathbf{v}_1$  that maximize the correlation coefficient given by:

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \frac{\left(y_{t} - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y_{t}\right) \cdot \left(y'_{t} - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y'_{t}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left(y_{t} - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y_{t}\right)^{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left(y'_{t} - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y'_{t}\right)^{2}}}$$

Why is this problem equivalent to finding directions  $\mathbf{w}_1$  and  $\mathbf{v}_1$  that maximize

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( y_t - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y_t \right) \cdot \left( y'_t - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y'_t \right)$$

subject to condition:

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( y_t - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y_t \right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( y_t' - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y_t' \right)^2} = 1$$

## 1.2 Question 2

Let

$$\Sigma_{1,2} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( \mathbf{x}_t - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_t \right) \left( \mathbf{x}_t' - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_t' \right)^{\top}$$

denote the covariance matrix between view one and view two. Recall that covariance matrix for view 1 and view 2 are given by

$$\Sigma_{1,1} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( \mathbf{x}_t - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_t \right) \left( \mathbf{x}_t - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_t \right)^{\top} \quad \& \quad \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( \mathbf{x}_t' - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_t' \right) \left( \mathbf{x}_t' - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}_t' \right)^{\top}$$

respectively.

Show that

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( y_t - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y_t \right) \cdot \left( y_t' - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} y_t' \right) = \mathbf{w}_1^{\top} \Sigma_{1,2} \mathbf{v}_1$$

and that

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( y_t - \frac{1}{n} y_t \right)^2 = \mathbf{w}_1^{\top} \Sigma_{1,1} \mathbf{w}_1 \quad \& \quad \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \left( y_t' - \frac{1}{n} y_t' \right)^2 = \mathbf{v}_1^{\top} \Sigma_{2,2} \mathbf{v}_1$$

respectively.