

CS 4110

Programming Languages & Logics

Lecture 5
The IMP Language



Simple imperative language

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arithmetic expressions $a \in \mathbf{Aexp}$ $a ::= x \mid n \mid a_1 + a_2 \mid a_1 \times a_2$

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Boolean expressions $b \in \mathbf{Bexp}$ $b ::= \mathbf{true} \mid \mathbf{false} \mid a_1 < a_2$

$$4 + x < 2 + y$$

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arithmetic expressions $a \in \mathbf{Aexp}$ $a ::= x \mid n \mid a_1 + a_2 \mid a_1 \times a_2$

Boolean expressions $b \in \mathbf{Bexp}$ $b ::= \mathbf{true} \mid \mathbf{false} \mid a_1 < a_2$

commands $c \in \mathbf{Com}$ $c ::= \mathbf{skip}$

| $x := a$

| $c_1; c_2$

| **if** b **then** c_1 **else** c_2

| **while** b **do** c

$x := 4 + 2$

Small-Step Semantics

Three relations, one for each syntactic category:

$$\rightarrow_{\mathbf{Aexp}} \subseteq (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Aexp}) \times (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Aexp})$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathbf{Bexp}} \subseteq (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Bexp}) \times (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Bexp})$$

$$\rightarrow_{\mathbf{Com}} \subseteq (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Com}) \times (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Com})$$

Small-Step Semantics

For example:

$\langle \sigma, \mathbf{if\ true\ then\ } x := 1 \mathbf{\ else\ } x := 2 \rangle$

Small-Step Semantics

For example:

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \sigma, \text{if } 0 < 4+1 \text{ then } x:=1 \text{ else } x:=2 \rangle \\ & \rightarrow_{\text{com}} \langle \sigma, \text{if } 0 < 5 \text{ then } x:=1 \text{ else } x:=2 \rangle \\ & \rightarrow_{\text{com}} \langle \sigma, \mathbf{\text{if true then } x := 1 \text{ else } x := 2} \rangle \\ & \rightarrow_{\text{com}} \langle \sigma, x := 1 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Small-Step Semantics

For example:

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \sigma, \mathbf{if\ true\ then\ } x := 1 \mathbf{\ else\ } x := 2 \rangle \\ \rightarrow_{\mathbf{com}} & \langle \sigma, x := 1 \rangle \\ \rightarrow_{\mathbf{com}} & \langle \sigma[x \mapsto 1], \mathbf{skip} \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Small-Step Semantics

$$\frac{n = \sigma(x)}{\langle \sigma, x \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, n \rangle}$$

Small-Step Semantics

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, e_1 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, e'_1 \rangle}{\langle \sigma, e_1 + e_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, e'_1 + e_2 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, e_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, e'_2 \rangle}{\langle \sigma, n + e_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, n + e'_2 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{p = n + m}{\langle \sigma, n + m \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, p \rangle}$$

Small-Step Semantics

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, e_1 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, e'_1 \rangle}{\langle \sigma, e_1 \times e_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, e'_1 \times e_2 \rangle} \qquad \frac{\langle \sigma, e_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, e'_2 \rangle}{\langle \sigma, n \times e_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, n \times e'_2 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{p = n \times m}{\langle \sigma, n \times m \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, p \rangle}$$

Small-Step Semantics

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, a_1 \rangle \xrightarrow{A} \langle \sigma, a'_1 \rangle}{\langle \sigma, a_1 < a_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{B} \langle \sigma, a'_1 < a_2 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{n \ll m}{\langle \sigma, n < m \rangle \xrightarrow{B} \langle \sigma, \mathbf{true} \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, a_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{A} \langle \sigma, a'_2 \rangle}{\langle \sigma, n < a_2 \rangle \xrightarrow{B} \langle \sigma, n < a'_2 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{n \gg m}{\langle \sigma, n < m \rangle \xrightarrow{B} \langle \sigma, \mathbf{false} \rangle}$$

Small-Step Semantics

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, \cancel{x} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, \cancel{x}' \rangle}{\langle \sigma, x := \cancel{e} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, x := \cancel{e}' \rangle} \quad \alpha$$

$$\frac{}{\langle \sigma, x := n \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma[x := n], \mathbf{skip} \rangle}$$

$x < 5$

Small-Step Semantics

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, c_1 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma', c'_1 \rangle}{\langle \sigma, c_1; c_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma', c'_1; c_2 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{skip}; c_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, c_2 \rangle}$$

Small-Step Semantics

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, b \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, b' \rangle}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{if } b \mathbf{ then } c_1 \mathbf{ else } c_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, \mathbf{if } b' \mathbf{ then } c_1 \mathbf{ else } c_2 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{if true then } c_1 \mathbf{ else } c_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, c_1 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{if false then } c_1 \mathbf{ else } c_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, c_2 \rangle}$$

$$\frac{}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{while } b \mathbf{ do } c \rangle \rightarrow \langle \sigma, \mathbf{if } b \mathbf{ then } (c; \mathbf{while } b \mathbf{ do } c) \mathbf{ else skip} \rangle}$$

Large-Step Semantics

Again three relations, one for each syntactic category:

$$\Downarrow_{\mathbf{Aexp}} \subseteq (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Aexp}) \times \mathbf{Store}$$

$$\Downarrow_{\mathbf{Bexp}} \subseteq (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Bexp}) \times \mathbf{Store}$$

$$\Downarrow_{\mathbf{Com}} \subseteq (\mathbf{Store} \times \mathbf{Com}) \times \mathbf{Store}$$

We'll typically just use \Downarrow where the specific relation we mean is clear from context.

Large-Step Semantics

$$\frac{}{\langle \sigma, n \rangle \Downarrow n} \qquad \frac{\sigma(x) = n}{\langle \sigma, x \rangle \Downarrow n}$$

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, e_1 \rangle \Downarrow n_1 \quad \langle \sigma, e_2 \rangle \Downarrow n_2 \quad n = n_1 + n_2}{\langle \sigma, e_1 + e_2 \rangle \Downarrow n}$$

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, e_1 \rangle \Downarrow n_1 \quad \langle \sigma, e_2 \rangle \Downarrow n_2 \quad n = n_1 \times n_2}{\langle \sigma, e_1 \times e_2 \rangle \Downarrow n}$$

Large-Step Semantics

$$\overline{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{true} \rangle} \Downarrow \mathbf{true}$$
$$\overline{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{false} \rangle} \Downarrow \mathbf{false}$$
$$\frac{\langle \sigma, a_1 \rangle \Downarrow n_1 \quad \langle \sigma, a_2 \rangle \Downarrow n_2 \quad n_1 < n_2}{\langle \sigma, a_1 < a_2 \rangle \Downarrow \mathbf{true}}$$
$$\frac{\langle \sigma, a_1 \rangle \Downarrow n_1 \quad \langle \sigma, a_2 \rangle \Downarrow n_2 \quad n_1 \geq n_2}{\langle \sigma, a_1 < a_2 \rangle \Downarrow \mathbf{false}}$$

Large-Step Semantics

SKIP

$$\frac{}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{skip} \rangle \Downarrow \sigma}$$

Large-Step Semantics

ASSGN

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, e \rangle \Downarrow n}{\langle \sigma, x := e \rangle \Downarrow \sigma[x \mapsto n]}$$

Large-Step Semantics

$$\text{SEQ} \frac{\langle \sigma, c_1 \rangle \Downarrow \sigma' \quad \langle \sigma', c_2 \rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}{\langle \sigma, c_1; c_2 \rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}$$

Large-Step Semantics

IF-T

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, b \rangle \Downarrow \mathbf{true} \quad \langle \sigma, c_1 \rangle \Downarrow \sigma'}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{if } b \mathbf{ then } c_1 \mathbf{ else } c_2 \rangle \Downarrow \sigma'}$$

Large-Step Semantics

IF-F

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, b \rangle \Downarrow \mathbf{false} \quad \langle \sigma, c_2 \rangle \Downarrow \sigma'}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{if } b \mathbf{ then } c_1 \mathbf{ else } c_2 \rangle \Downarrow \sigma'}$$

Large-Step Semantics

WHILE-F

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, b \rangle \Downarrow \mathbf{false}}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{while } b \mathbf{ do } c \rangle \Downarrow \sigma}$$

WHILE-T

$$\frac{\langle \sigma, b \rangle \Downarrow \mathbf{true} \quad \langle \sigma, c \rangle \Downarrow \sigma' \quad \langle \sigma', \mathbf{while } b \mathbf{ do } c \rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}{\langle \sigma, \mathbf{while } b \mathbf{ do } c \rangle \Downarrow \sigma''}$$

Command Equivalence

Intuitively, two commands are equivalent if they produce the same result under any store...

Definition (Equivalence of commands)

Two commands c and c' are equivalent (written $c \sim c'$) if, for any stores σ and σ' , we have

$$\langle \sigma, c \rangle \Downarrow \sigma' \iff \langle \sigma, c' \rangle \Downarrow \sigma'.$$

Command Equivalence

For example, we can prove that every **while** command is equivalent to its unfolding:

Theorem

For all $b \in \mathbf{Bexp}$ and $c \in \mathbf{Com}$ we have

while b do c \sim ***if b then (c; while b do c) else skip.***

Proof.

We show each implication separately...

