

CS 1110:

Introduction to Computing Using Python

Lecture 24

**An Extended Example
That Reviews Much of
CS1110**

[Andersen, Gries, Lee, Marschner, Van Loan, White]

Announcements

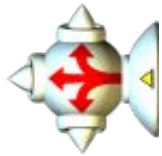
- Final Exam:
 - May 18th, 9am-11:30am
 - **Location:** Barton Hall Central and East
- A5 is out; due midnight Wednesday 5/10
 - some announcements went out by email
 - check for important updates
- Today is the final lecture – Tuesday's class will be Professor Lee open office hours
- Labs next week are TA office hours

Goals for today

- Discuss a *real-world* engineering challenge (that is particularly meaningful to me)
- Break down this large challenge into smaller components
- Convince you that we have learned enough Python to build these components
- Utilize many different parts of CS1110
- Try to review as much as possible



Objects: How to organize?



Splitter

(1 input, 3 outputs)



Bender

(1 input, 1 output)



Asteroid

(0 inputs, 0 outputs)

Key consideration: what attributes are *shared*?



Laser

(0 inputs, 1 output)



Splitter

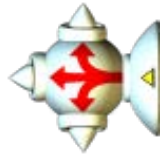
(1 input, 2 outputs)



Target

(1 input, 2 outputs)

What attributes are shared?



Splitter

(1 input, 3 outputs)



Bender

(1 input, 1 output)



Asteroid

(0 inputs, 0 outputs)



Laser

(0 inputs, 1 output)



Splitter

(1 input, 2 outputs)

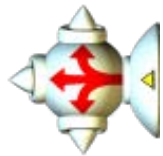


Target

(1 input, 2 outputs)

- input directions (possibly 0)
- output directions (possibly 0)
- flow (possibly nothing)

What attributes are shared?



Splitter

(1 input, 3 outputs)



Bender

(1 input, 1 output)



Asteroid



Laser

(0 inputs, 1 output)



Splitter

(1 input, 2 outputs)

These three are basically the same thing.

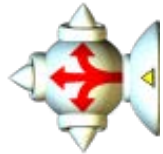


Target

(1 input, 2 outputs)

- input directions (possibly 0)
- output directions (possibly 0)
- flow (possibly nothing)

What attributes are shared?



Splitter
(1 input, 3 outputs)



Bender
(1 input, 1 output)



Asteroid
(0 inputs, 0 outputs)



Laser
(0 inputs, 1 output)



Splitter
(1 input, 2 outputs)



These *four* are basically the same thing.

Target
(1 input, 2 outputs)

- input directions (possibly 0)
- output directions (possibly 0)
- flow (possibly nothing)

What attributes are shared?



Splitter/Bender
(1 input, 1-3 outputs)



Asteroid
(0 inputs, 0 outputs)



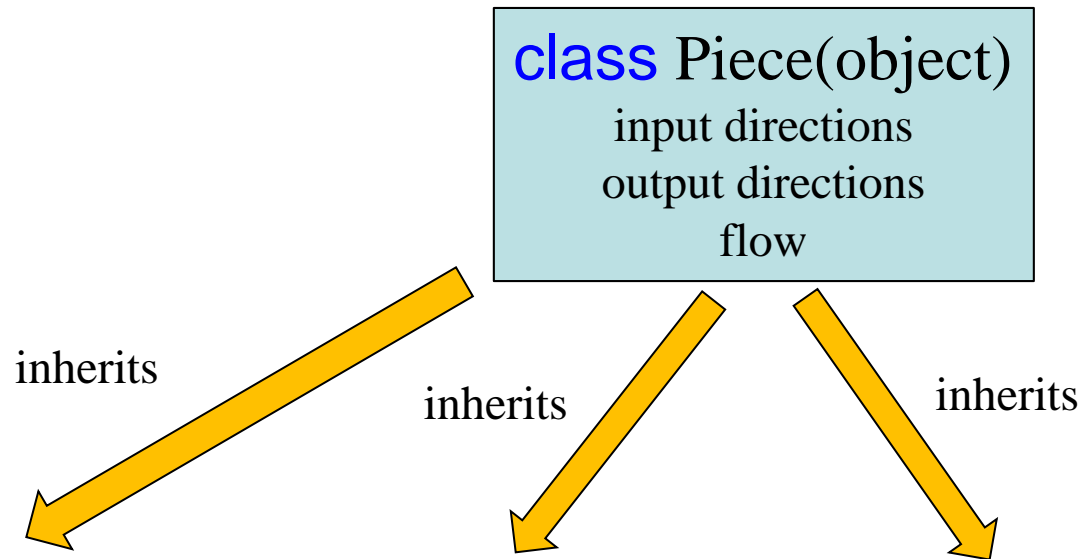
Laser
(0 inputs, 1 output)



Target
(1 input, 2 outputs)

- input directions (possibly 0)
- output directions (possibly 0)
- flow (possibly nothing)

Solution: Inheritance

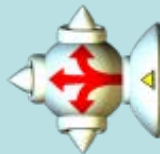


class Laser(Piece)



0 input, 1 output
flow = 1

class Splitter(Piece)



1 input, 1-3 outputs

class Target(Piece)



1 input, 2 outputs
targetFlow

Initialization: Piece

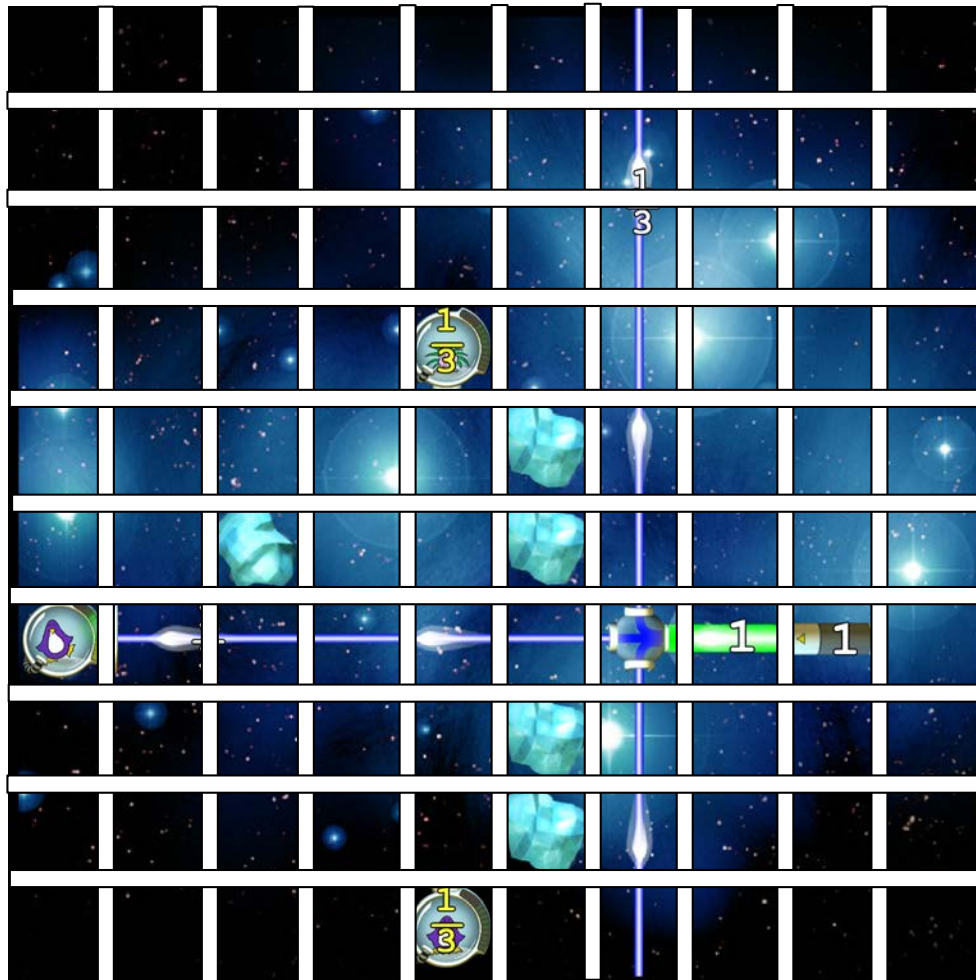
```
class Piece(object):  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.inputDirections = []  
        self.outputDirections = []  
        self.flow = Fraction(0, 1)
```

Initialization: Laser

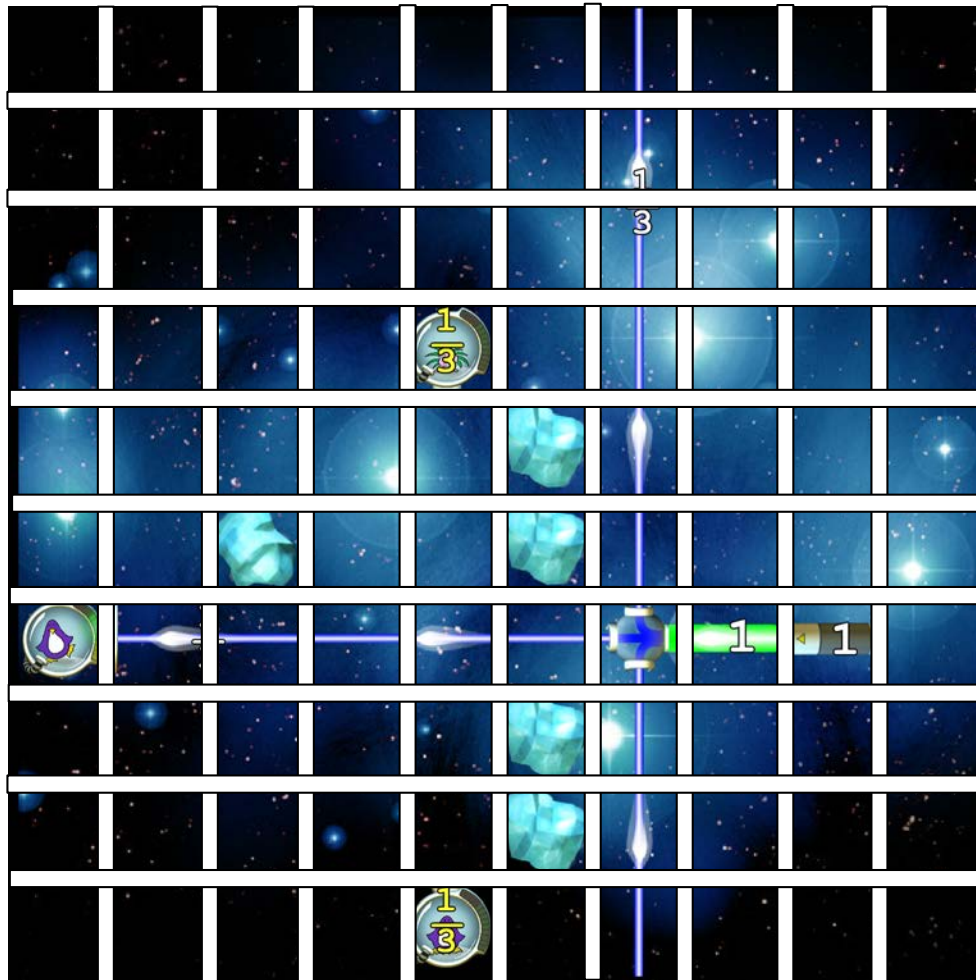
```
class Piece(object):  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.inputDirections = []  
        self.outputDirections = []  
        self.flow = Fraction(0, 1)
```

```
class Laser(Piece):  
    def __init__(self, outputDirection):  
        # want to end up with the above and:  
        # outputDirections = [outputDirection]  
        # flow = Fraction(1, 1)
```

OK, now we need a grid.



What comes to our rescue?

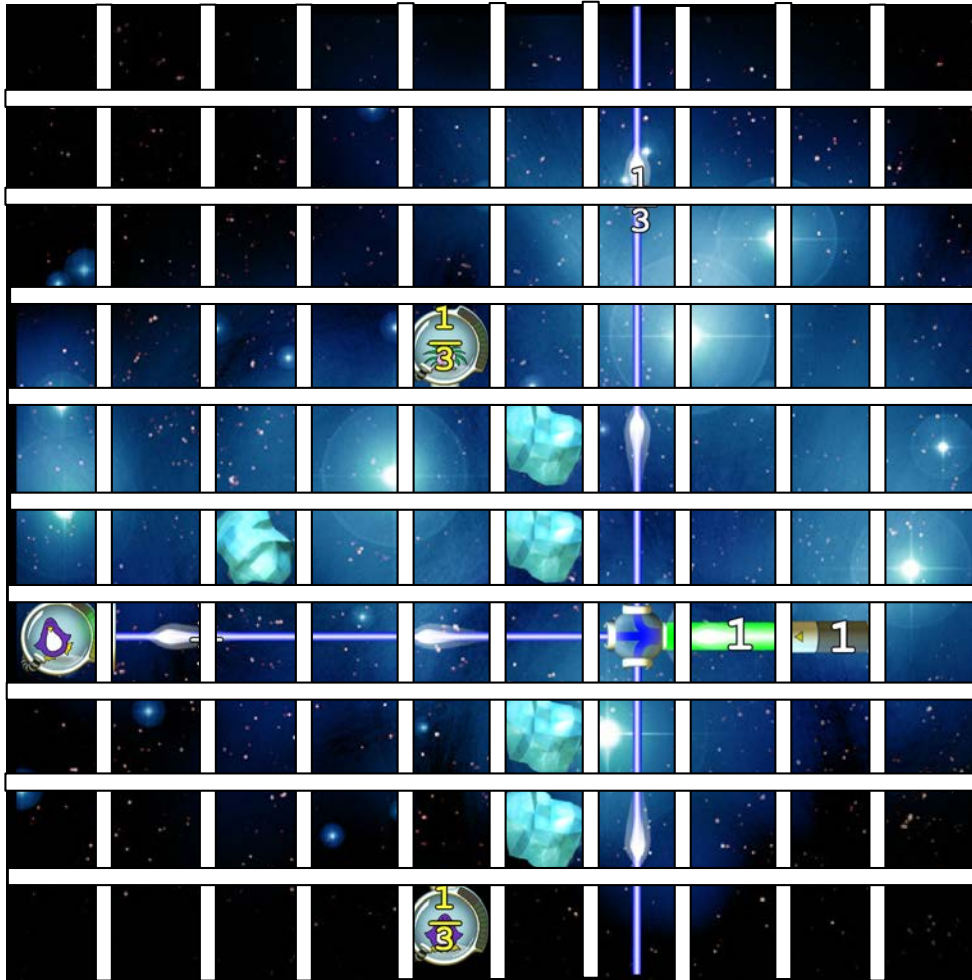


A: List

B: Nested list

C: Dictionary

Solution: Two-dimensional lists

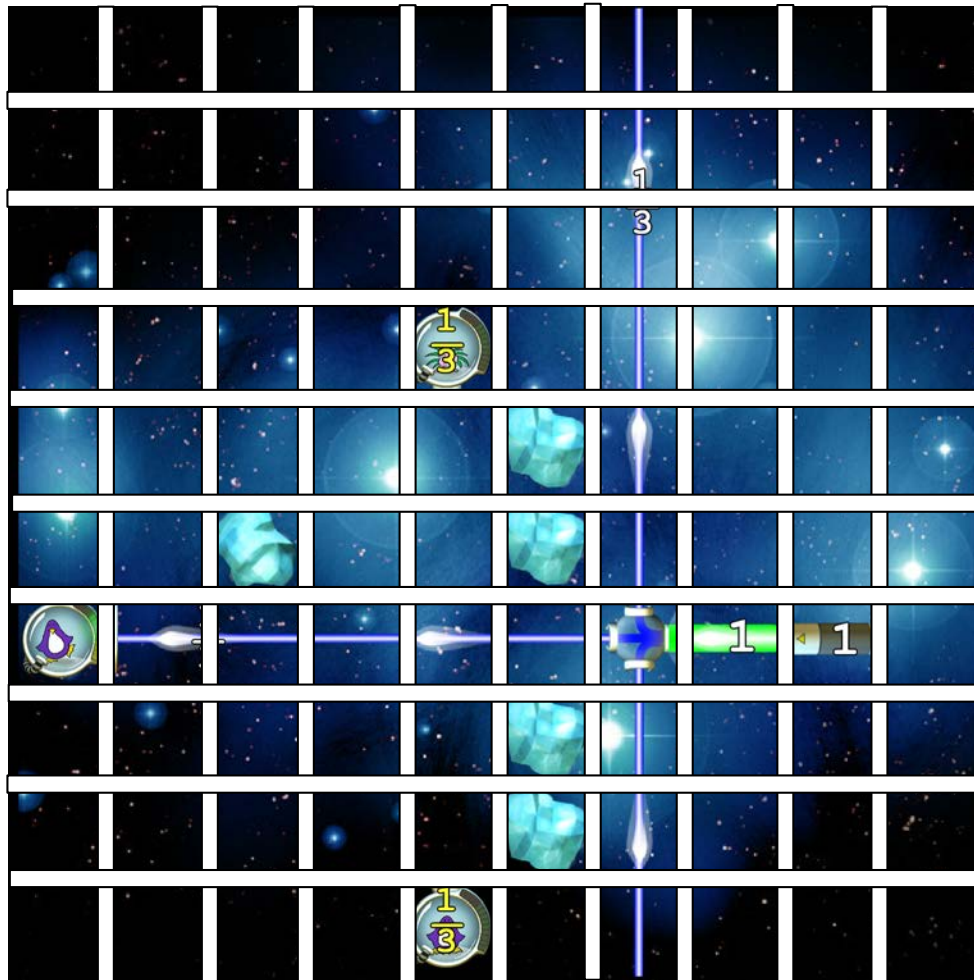


```
class Grid(object):  
    WIDTH = 10  
    cells[][]
```



- Holds either a Piece or None
- Row-major order:
 - `cells[<row>][<column>]` gets piece at <row>, <column>

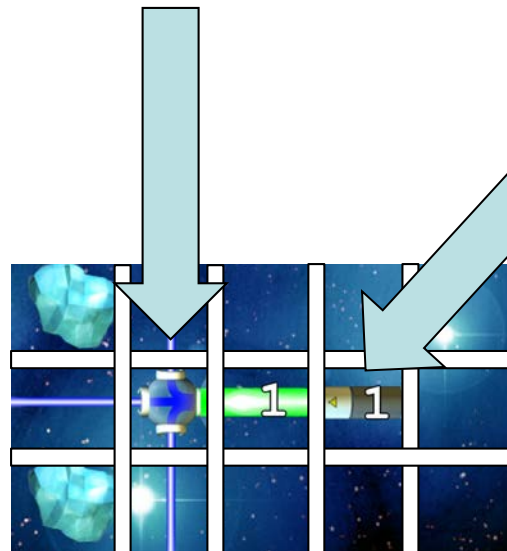
Need to initialize all cells to None



```
class Grid(object):  
    WIDTH = 10  
    cells[][]
```


Laser Propagation

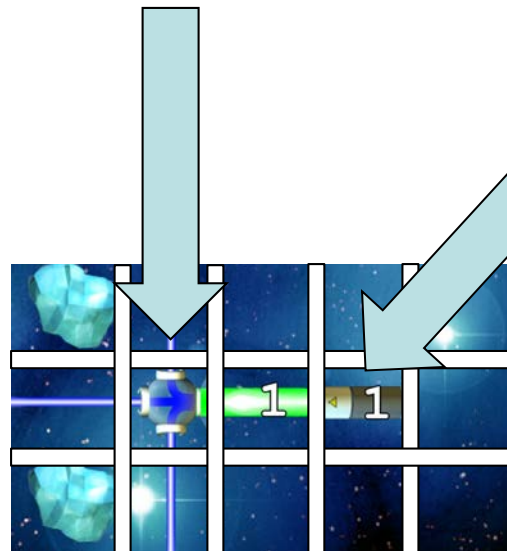
Keep going left until we hit a piece



Start from Laser.
outputDirection = LEFT

Solution: while-loop

Keep going left until we hit a piece

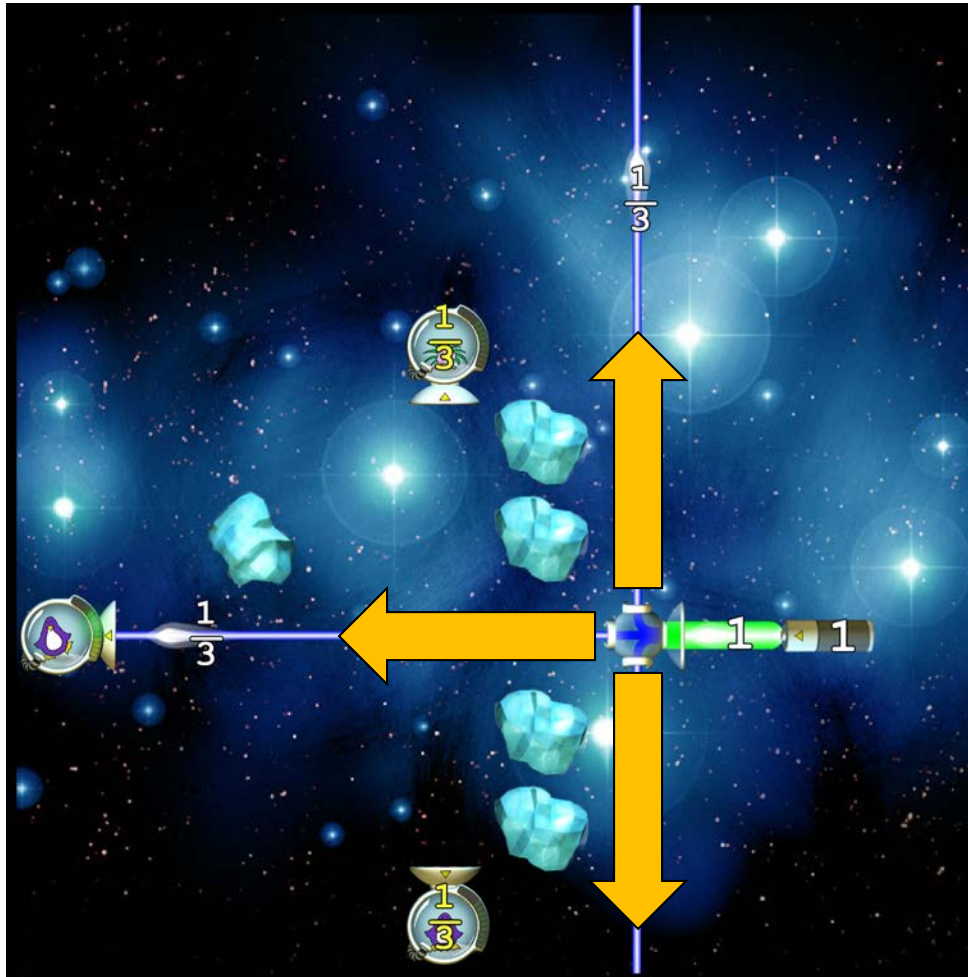


Start from Laser.
outputDirection = LEFT

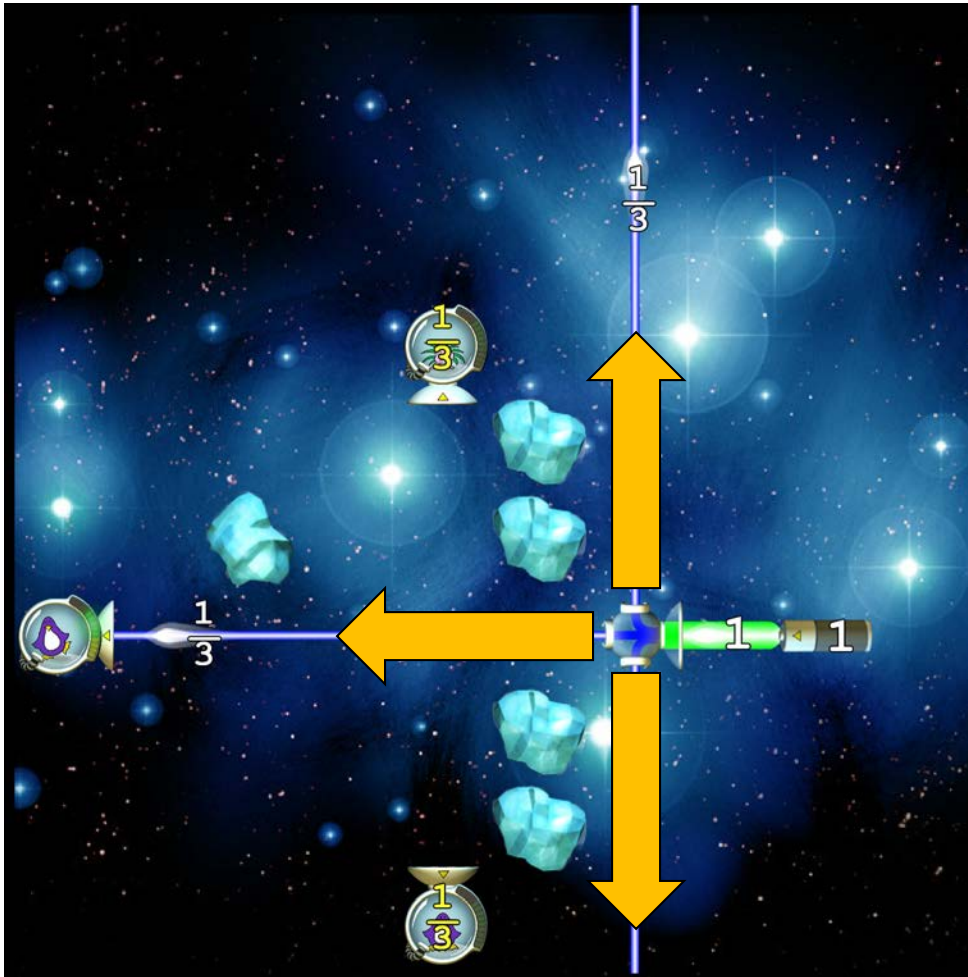
Step 1: Find all of the lasers

```
def sendLasers(self):  
    for row in range(Grid.WIDTH):  
        for column in range(Grid.WIDTH):  
            piece = self.cells[row][column]  
            if isinstance(piece, Laser):  
                # push laser from piece
```


Now we need to go in the output directions



Recursion to the rescue!



Did I Win?

- Loop through all the cells
- Find the targets
- Check if target is powered