

### Announcements for This Lecture

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<h4 style="text-align: center;">This Week</h4> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Today is an <b>Interlude</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Nothing today is on exam</b></li> <li>▪ Another “Big Picture” talk</li> <li>▪ Relevant to Assignment 6</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Review for exam posted</li> <li>• <b>New Review Session</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Saturday evening 5pm!</li> <li>▪ Here in Phillips 101</li> <li>▪ Slides posted tomorrow</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<h4 style="text-align: center;">Assignments</h4> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assignment 5 almost done                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Should be graded by tonight</li> <li>▪ Grades looking okay so far</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Keep on Assignment 6                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Helps with arrays (on exam)</li> <li>▪ Due next Thursday</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Extra credit:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ It will be worth 5 points</li> <li>▪ Can make more than 100</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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### The Challenge of Making Software

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```

/* Simulate vignetting (corner darkening)
 * characteristic of antique lenses. Darken
 * each pixel in the image by the factor
 * (d / hfD)^2
 * where d is the distance from the pixel
 * to the center of the image and hfD (for
 * half diagonal) is the distance from the
 * center of the image to the corners.
 * The alpha component is not changed.
 */
public void vignette() {
    int rows= currentIm.getRows();
    // FINISH ME
}
        
```

- We do a lot for you
  - Classes made ahead of time
  - Detailed specifications
  - You just “fill in blanks”
- The “Real World”
  - Vague specifications
  - Unknown # of classes
  - Everything from scratch
- Where do you start?

### Software Patterns

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- **Pattern:** reusable solution to a common problem
  - Template, not a single program
  - Tells you how to design your code
  - Made by someone who ran into problem first
- In many cases, a pattern gives you the **interface**
  - List of headers for the public methods
  - Specification for these public methods
  - Only thing missing is the implementation

Just like this course!

### Example Pattern: I/O Streams

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- **InputStream:** Read-only list of bytes (0..255)
  - Like an array, but can only read once
  - Once you read a byte, go to the next one

- **OutputStream:** Like InputStream, but write-only

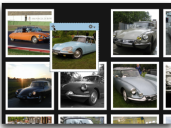
### Example Pattern: I/O Streams

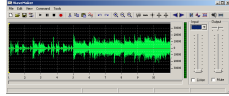
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**Challenge:** want I/O stream for data other than bytes

- Text:
 

```

ABCDEFGHIJKLMN
OPQRSTUVWXYZÀ
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
stuvwxyzàâäéïöü&
1234567890($£€.!?)
```
- Images
 

- Sound:
 
- General Objects
 

```

@1854c
x 0.0 double Point2d
y 0.0 double
-----
Point2d() Point2d(double, double)
getX() getY()
setX(double) setY(double)
```

### Example Pattern: Decorators

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```

public class Decorator {
    private Object original;
    public void method() {
        doSomethingNew();
        original.method();
    }
}
        
```

### Decorators and Java I/O

- Java I/O works this way.
  - Start with basic Input/OutputStream
  - Determined by source (keyboard, file, etc.)
  - Add decorator for type (text, images, etc.)
- You did this in the lab on File I/O

```

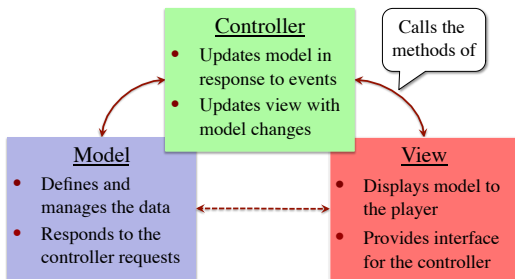
FileInputStream input = new FileInputStream("myfile.txt");
BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(input);

// Read a line of text
String line = reader.readLine()
    
```

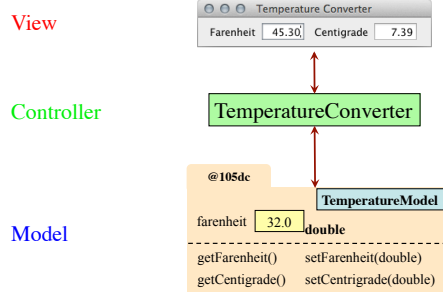
### Architecture Patterns

- Essentially same idea as **software pattern**
  - Template showing how to organize code
  - But does not contain any code itself
- Only difference is **scope**
  - **Software pattern**: simple functionality
  - **Architecture pattern**: complete application
- Large part of the job of a **software architect**
  - Know the best patterns to use in each case
  - Use these patterns to distribute work to your team

### Model-View-Controller Pattern

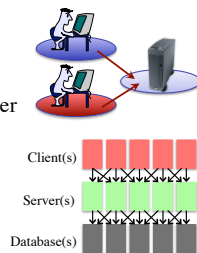


### TemperatureConverter Example



### Beyond Model-View-Controller

- MVC is best pattern for offline programs
  - Networked get more complex
- Client-Server
  - Client runs on your computer
  - Client connects to remoter server
- Three-Tier Applications
  - Client-Server-Database
  - Standard for web applications
- ... and many others



### You Can Even Mix and Match

