

CS6640 Computational Photography

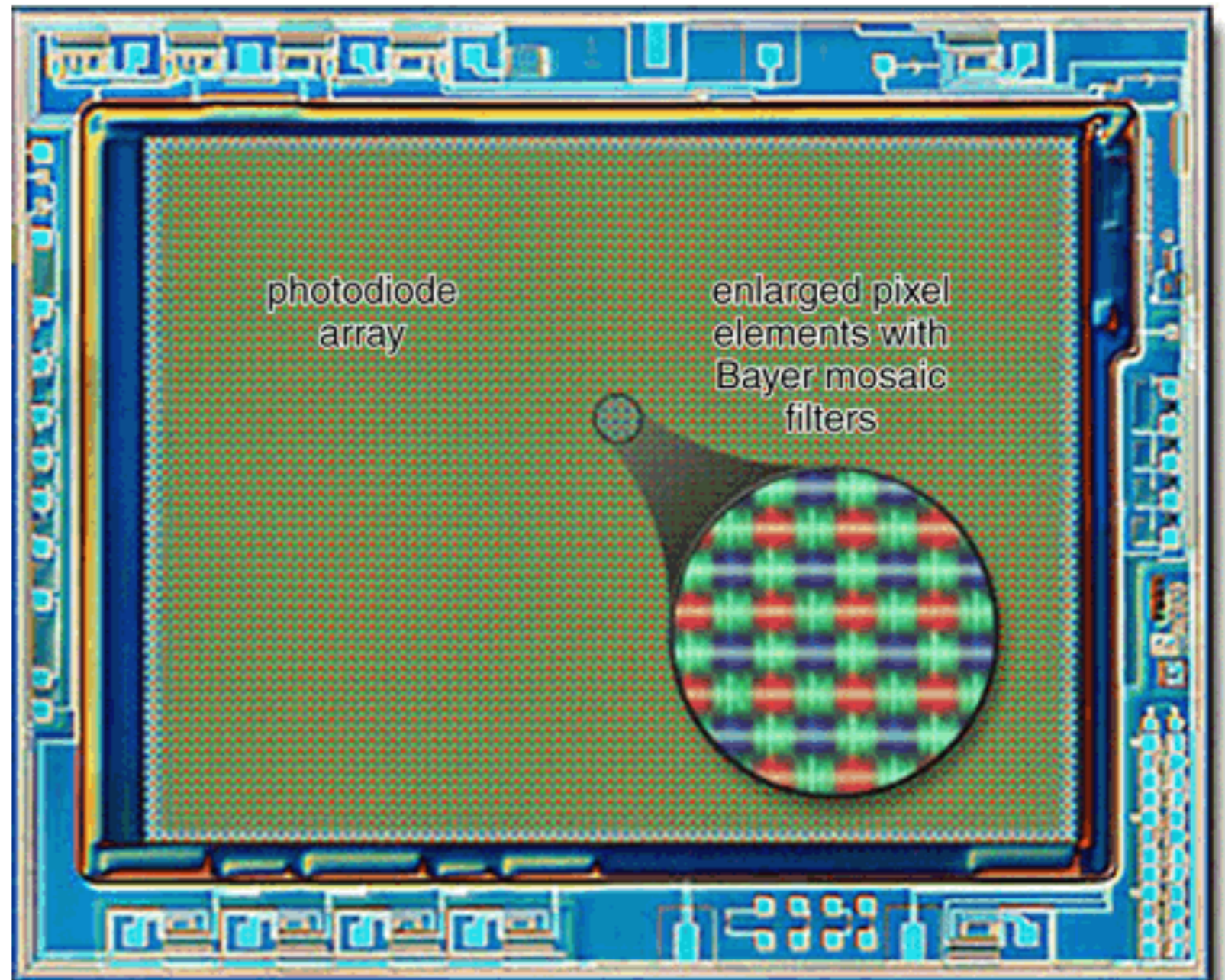
7. Digital camera processing pipeline

Camera processing pipeline

- **read image out from sensor** — see Sensors lecture
- **optional: HDR assembly** — see Homework 2
- **color balance** — see Color lecture
- **demosaic**
- **noise processing**
- **color matrix** — see Color lecture
- **tone map**

Demosaicking

- **First question: how to spell it**
I cite “picnicking”
- **Each photosite senses only one color**
- **We need three measurements at each pixel**



<http://www.currentprotocols.com/WileyCDA/CPUUnit/refId-ns0204.html>

Bayer array

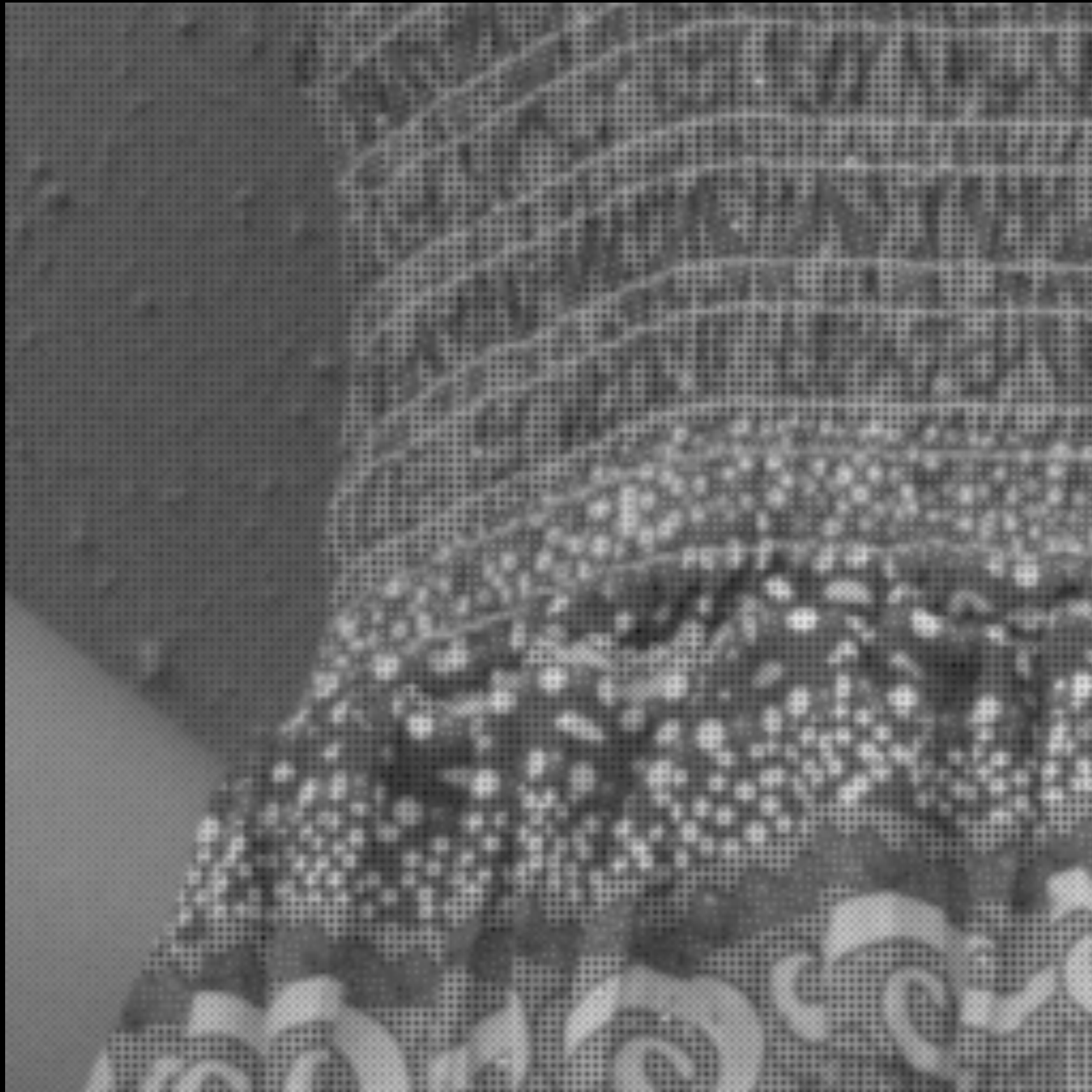
- **Simple solution: make a half-resolution image**
- **Want sensor-resolution image? Make up 2/3 of the data!**

?		?		?	
?	?	?	?	?	?
?		?		?	
?	?	?	?	?	?
?		?		?	
?	?	?	?	?	?

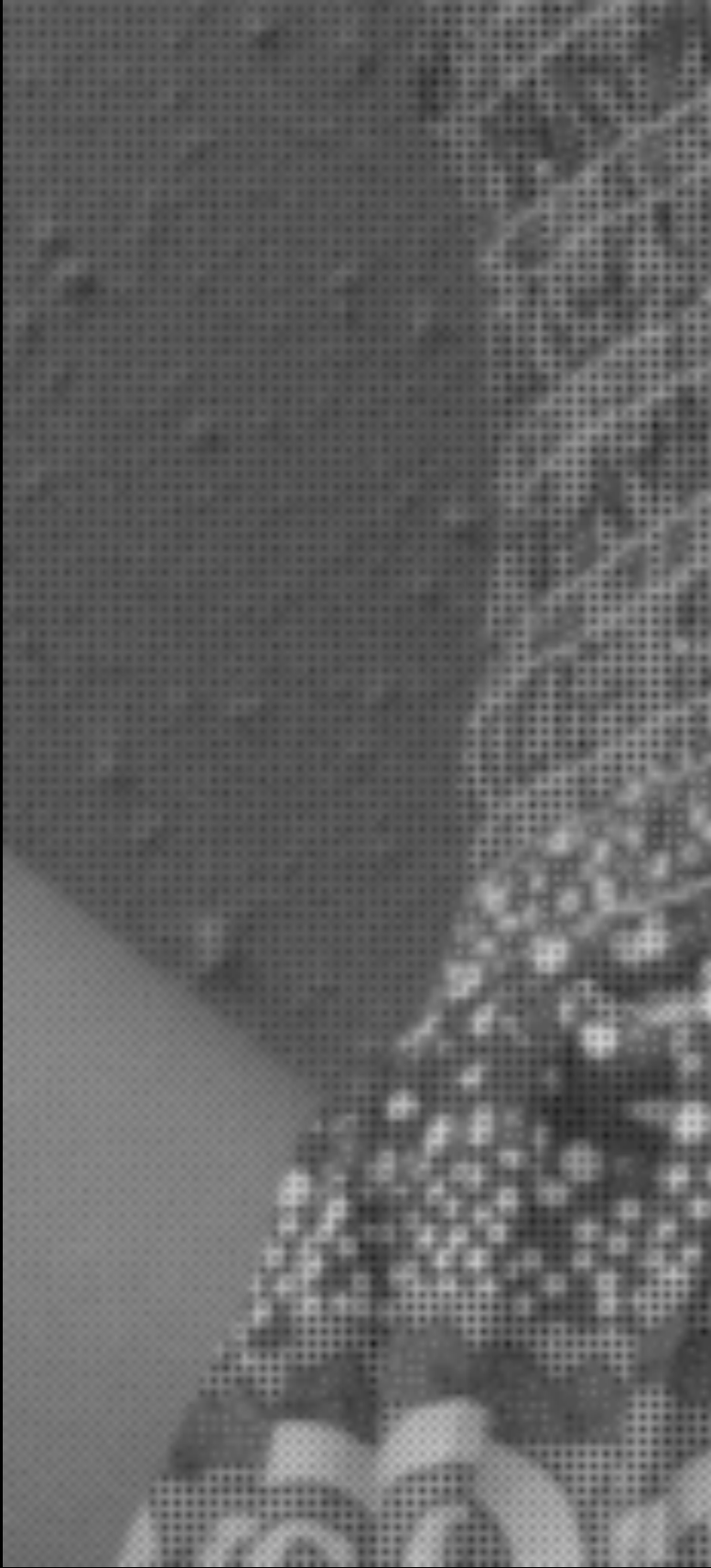
	?		?		?
?		?		?	
	?		?		?
?		?		?	
	?		?		?
?		?		?	

?	?	?	?	?	?
	?		?		?
?	?	?	?	?	?
	?		?		?
?	?	?	?	?	?
	?		?		?





bayer



bayer

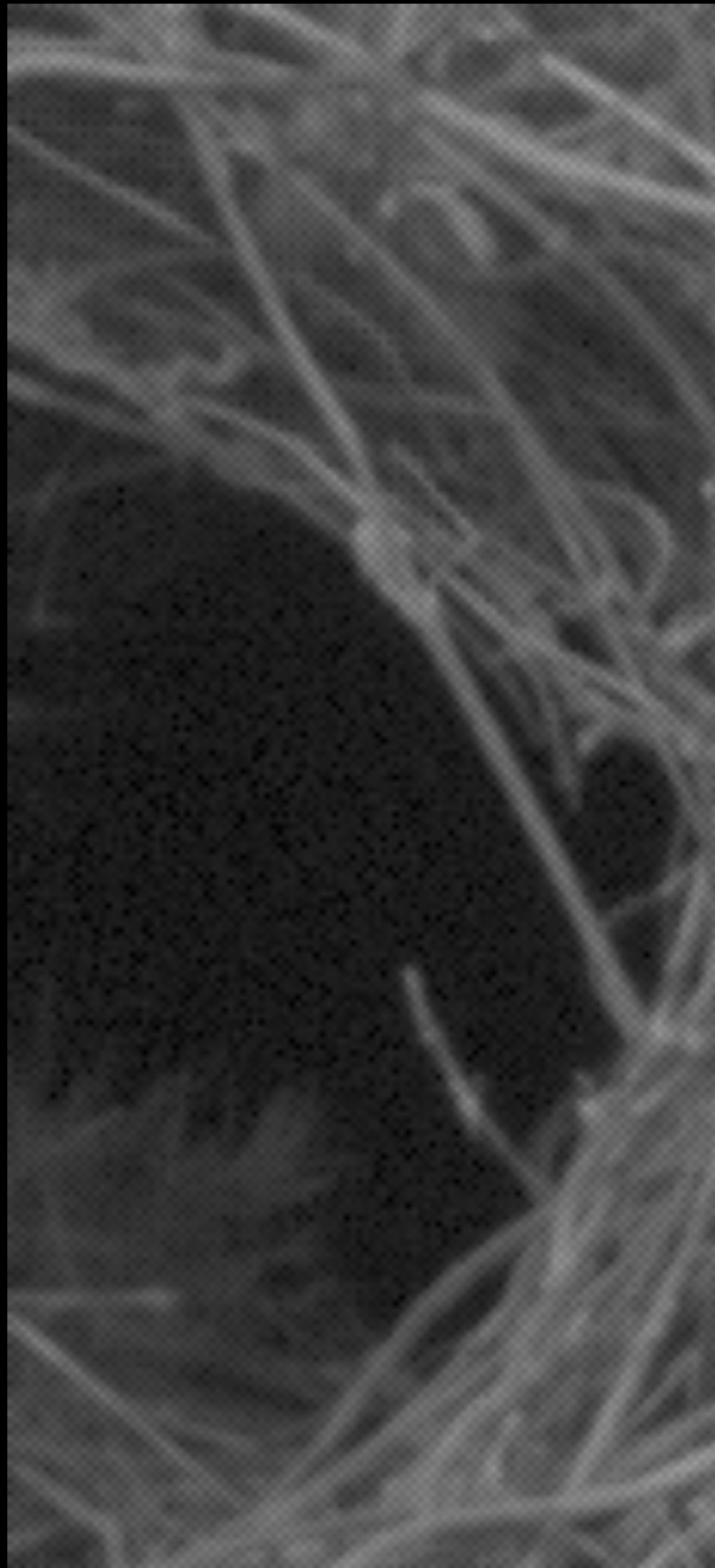


bayer





bayer



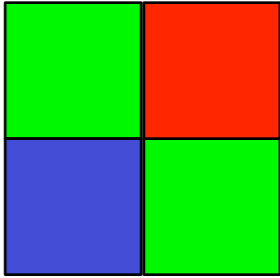
bayer



bayer

Half-resolution demosaic

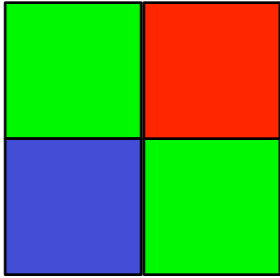
- **Idea 1: treat each block of four pixels as a pixel**



Easy to code up in one line of Matlab. But what is wrong with this?

Half-resolution demosaic

- **Idea 1: treat each block of four pixels as a pixel**

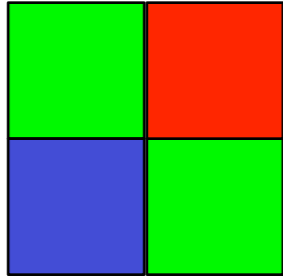


Easy to code up in one line of Matlab. But what is wrong with this?

1. throws away too much resolution

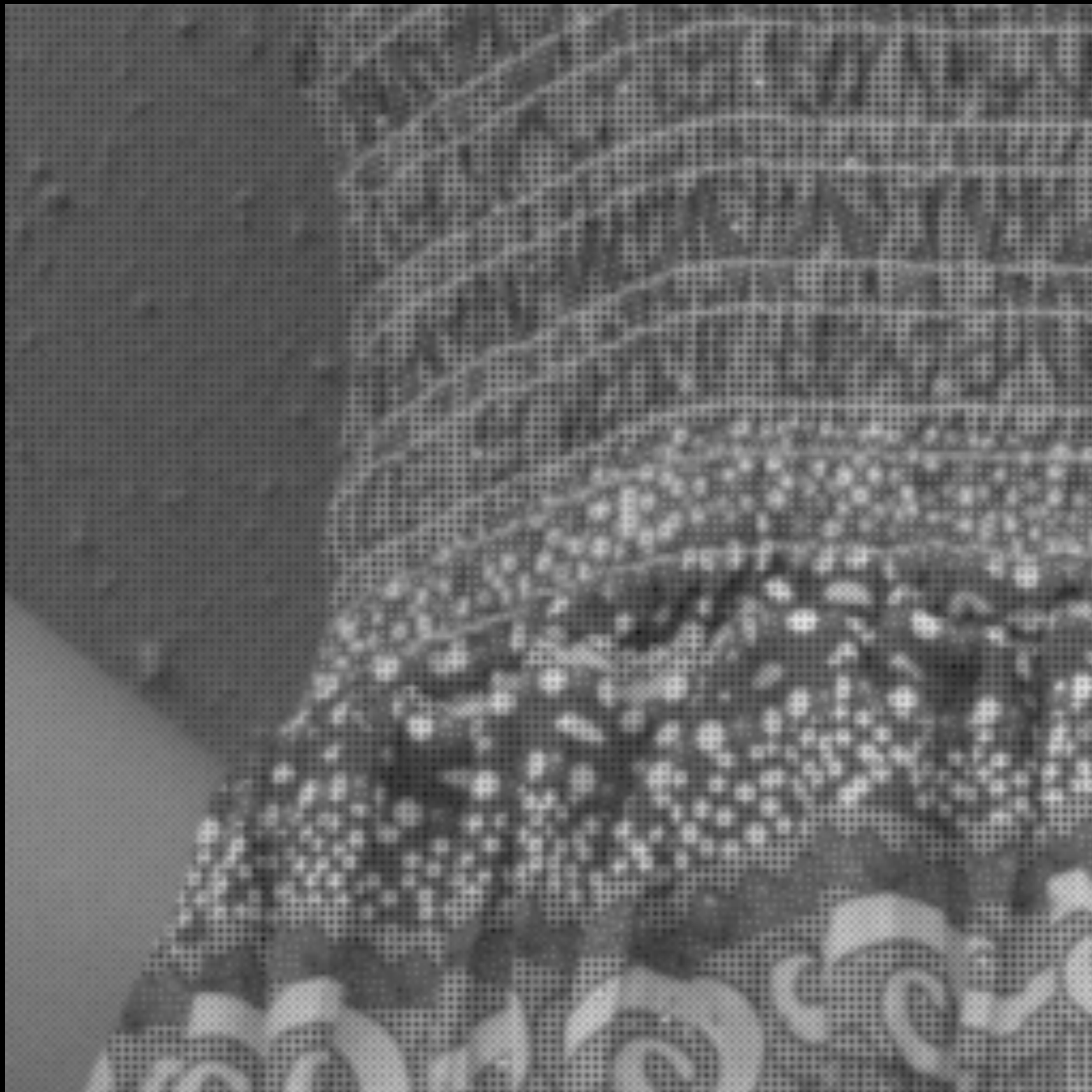
Half-resolution demosaic

- **Idea 1: treat each block of four pixels as a pixel**



Easy to code up in one line of Matlab. But what is wrong with this?

1. throws away too much resolution
2. produces subpixel shifts in color planes!



bayer



block



block



bayer



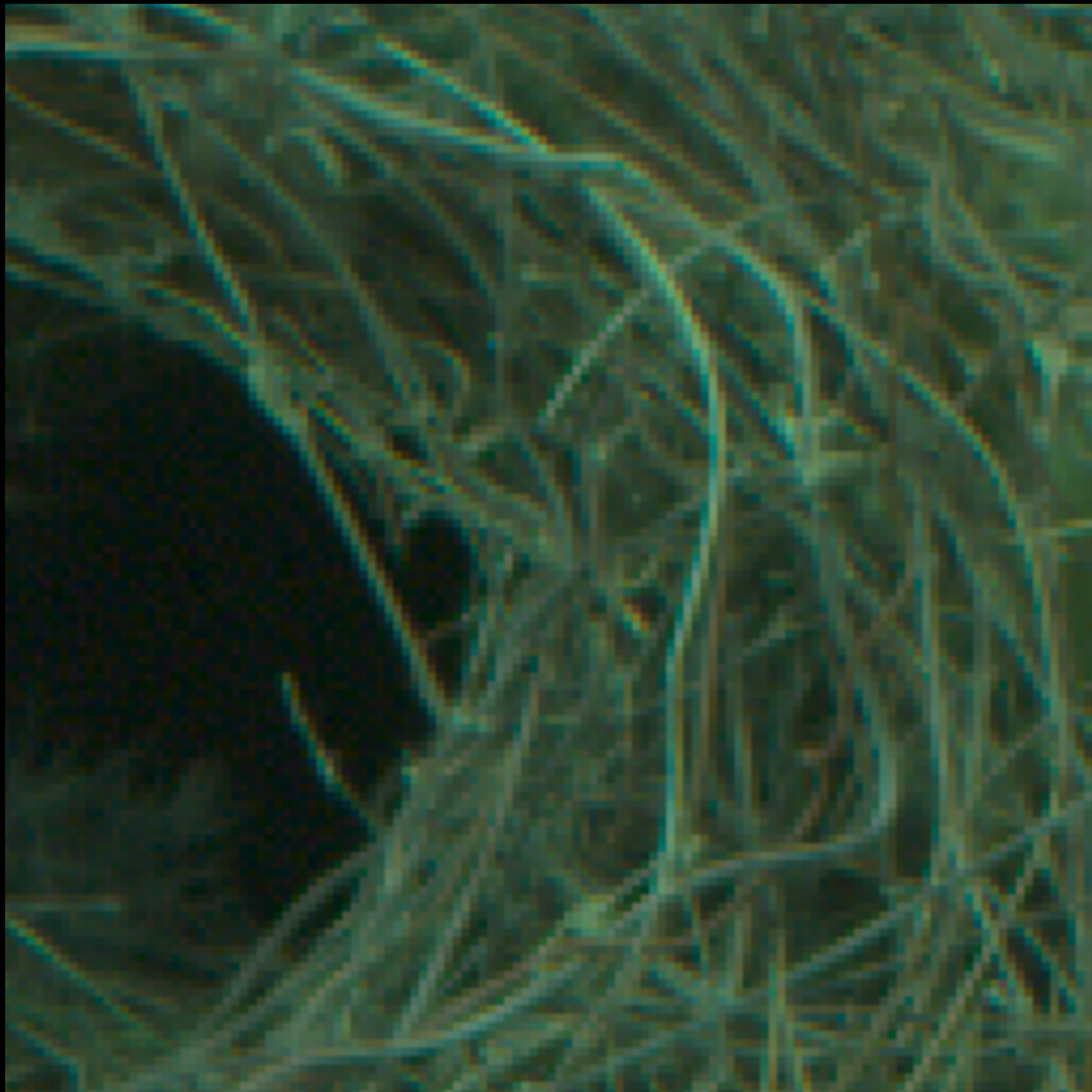
block



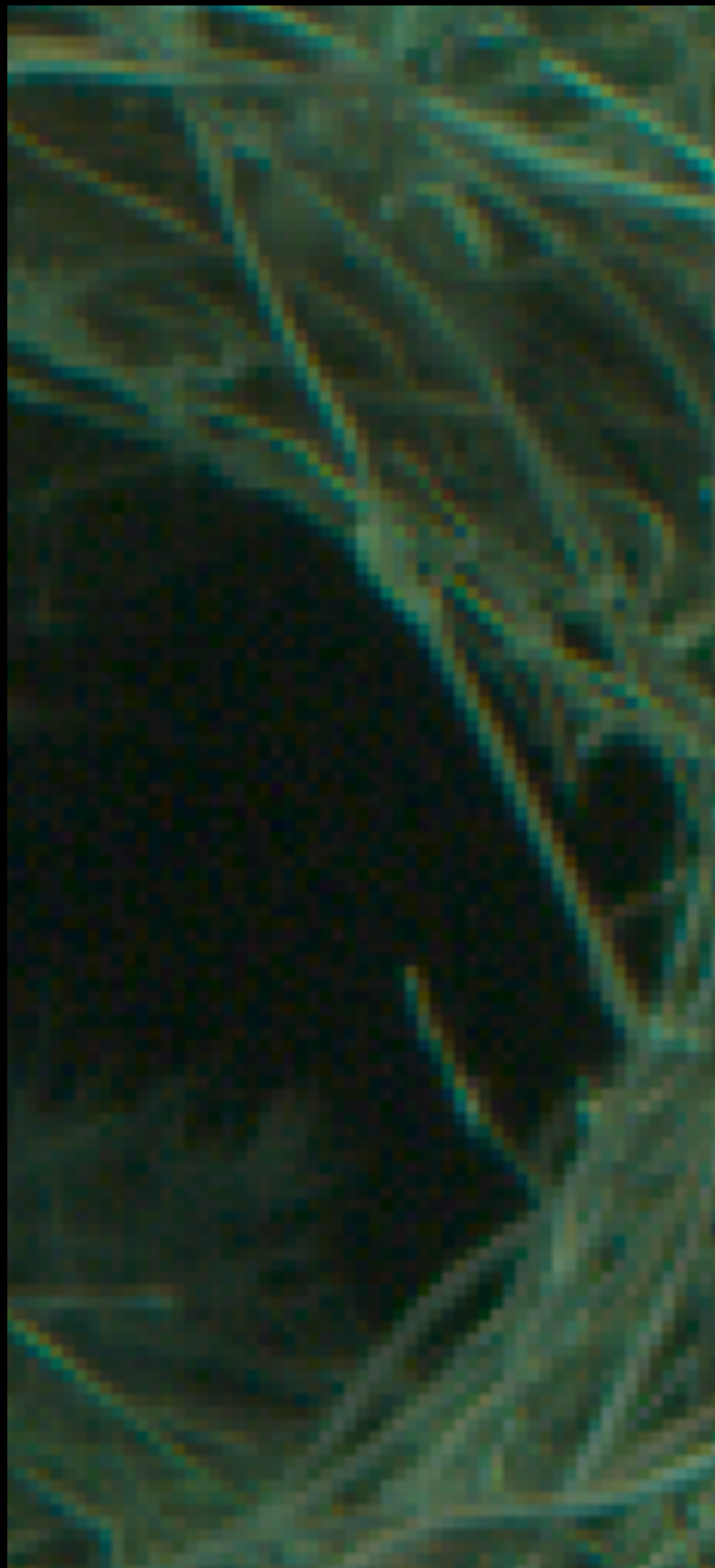
block



bayer



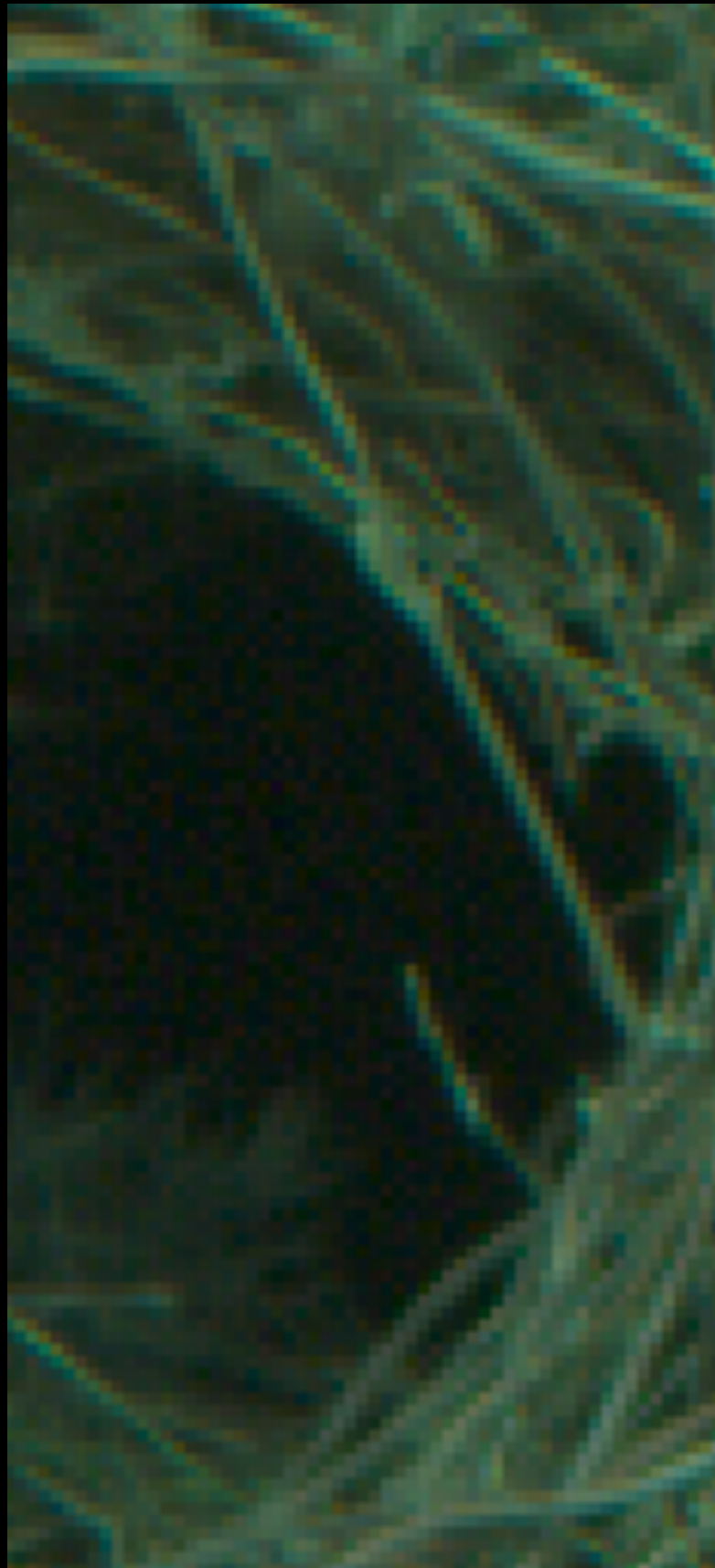
block



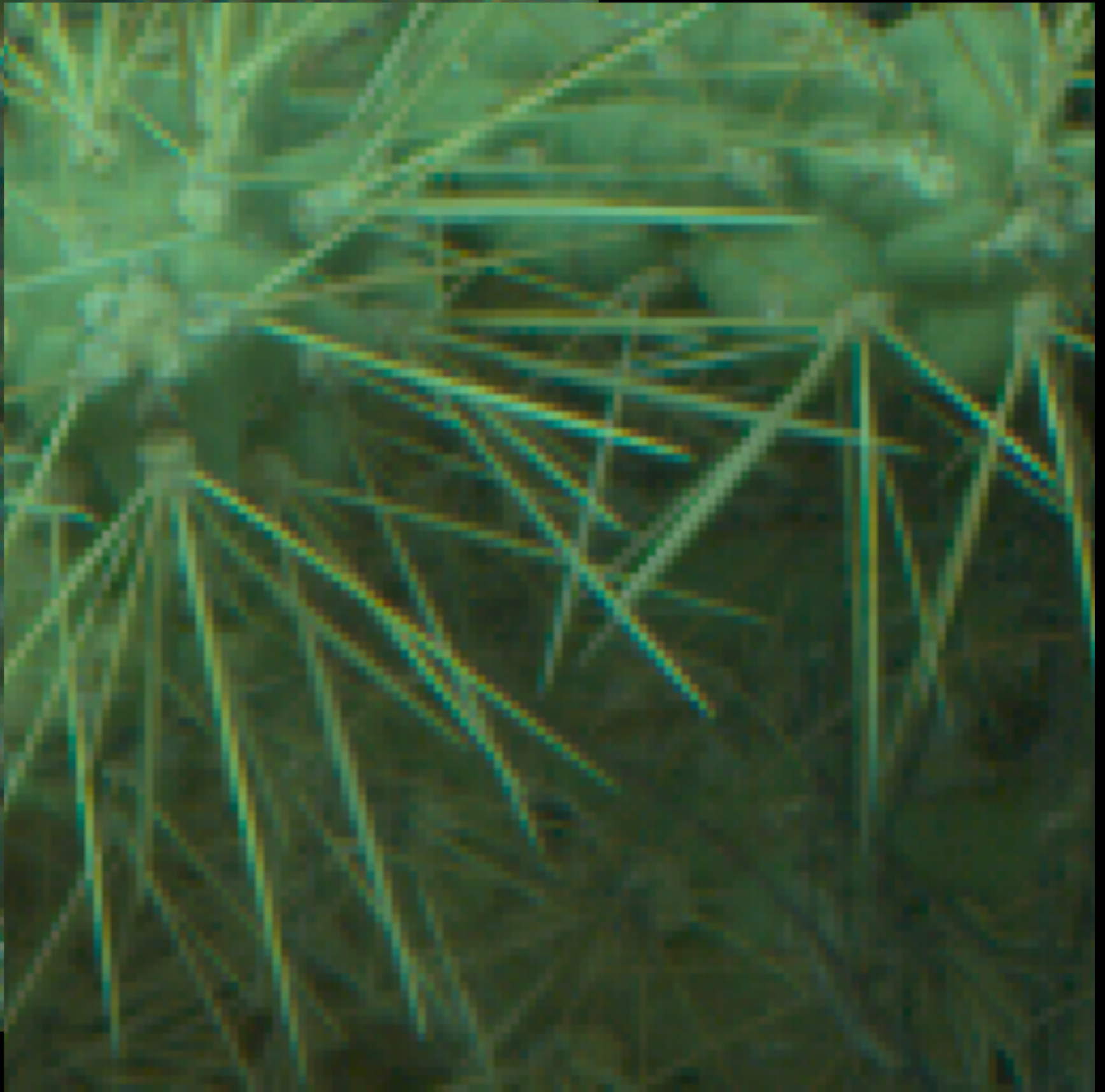
block



bayer



block

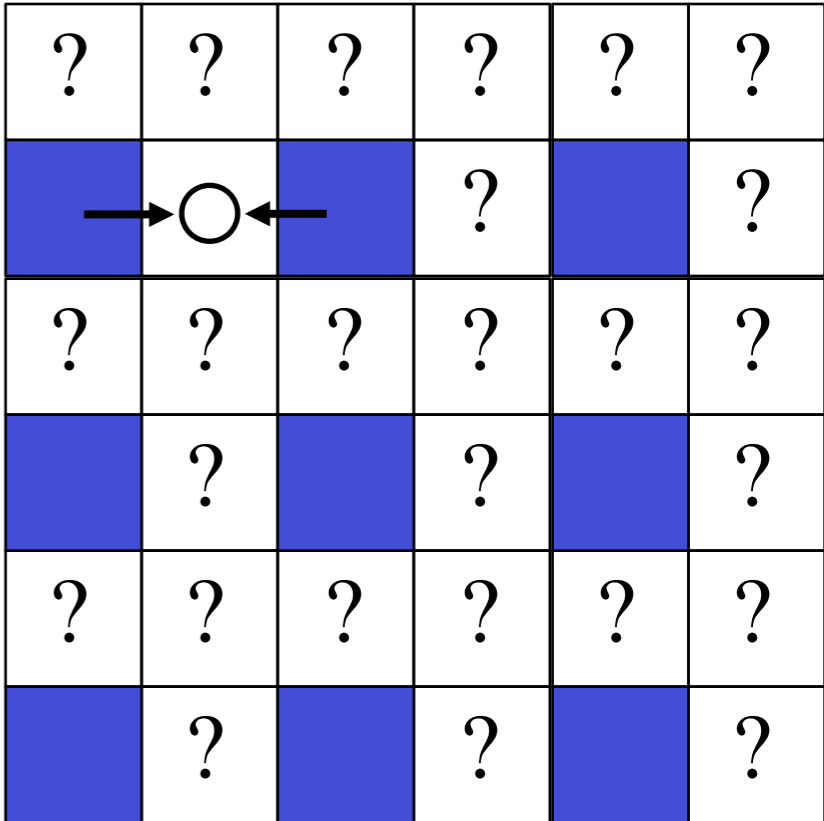
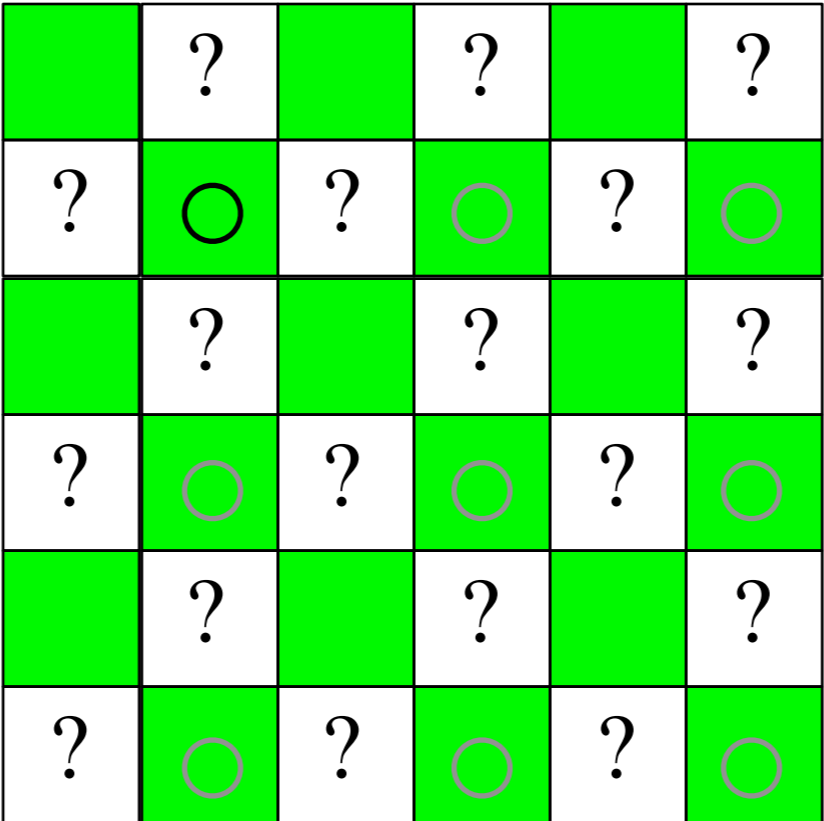
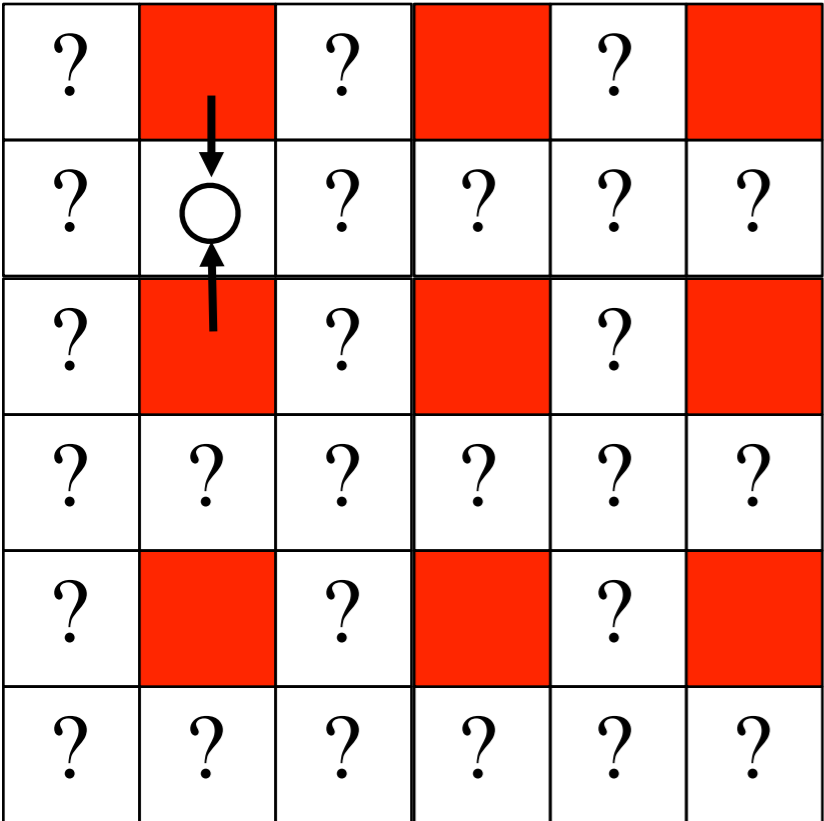


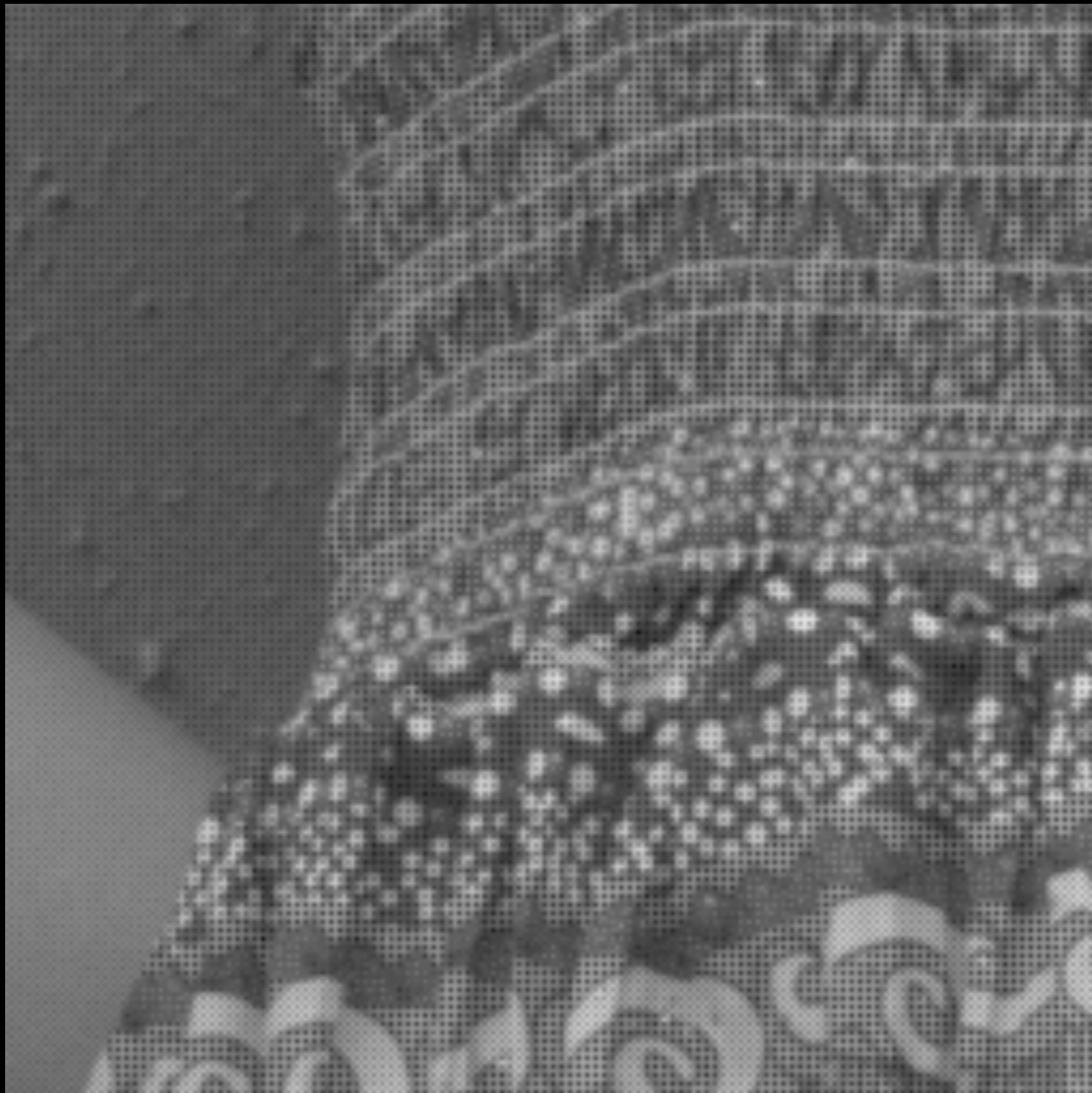
block

Centered half-resolution

- **Average pixels in groups that all have the same “center of gravity”**

avoids major color fringing





bayer



block



centered



centered



bayer



centered



block



centered



centered



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



dcraw



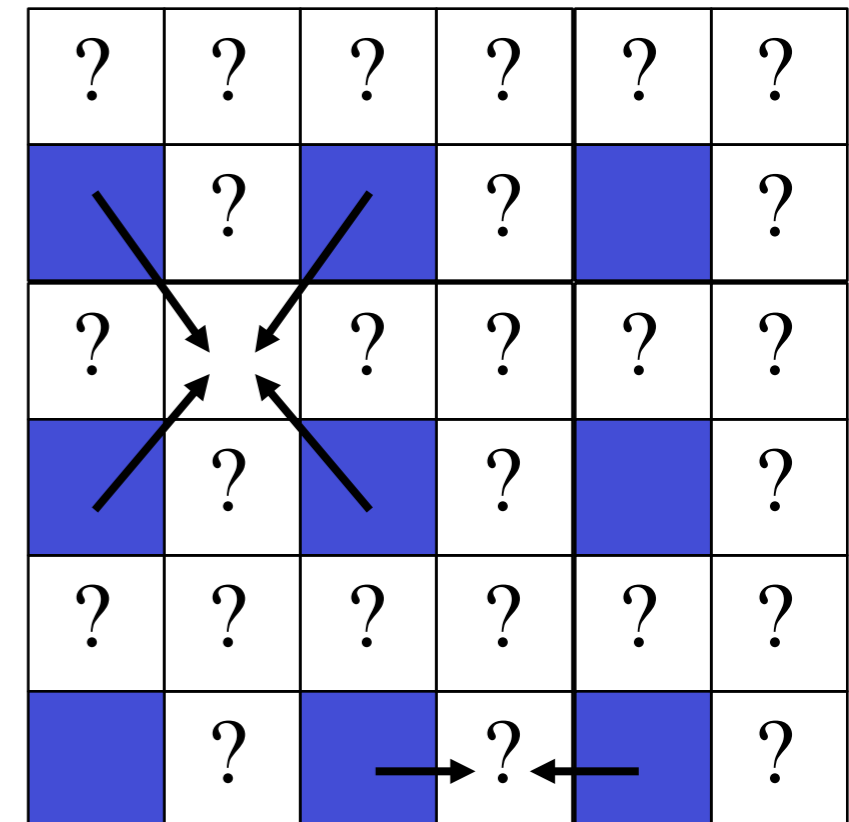
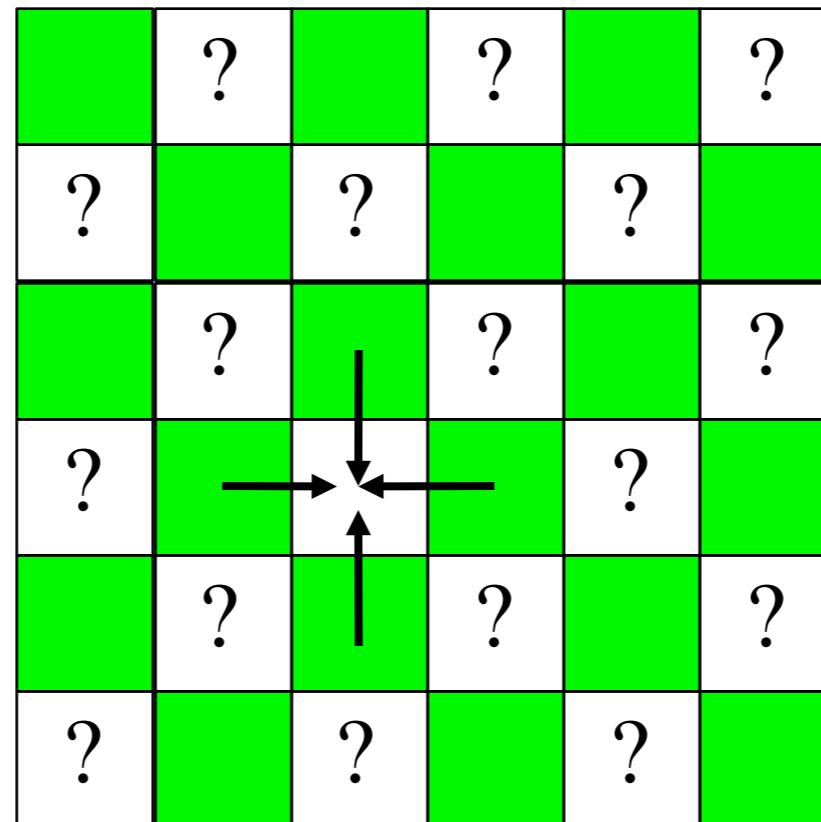
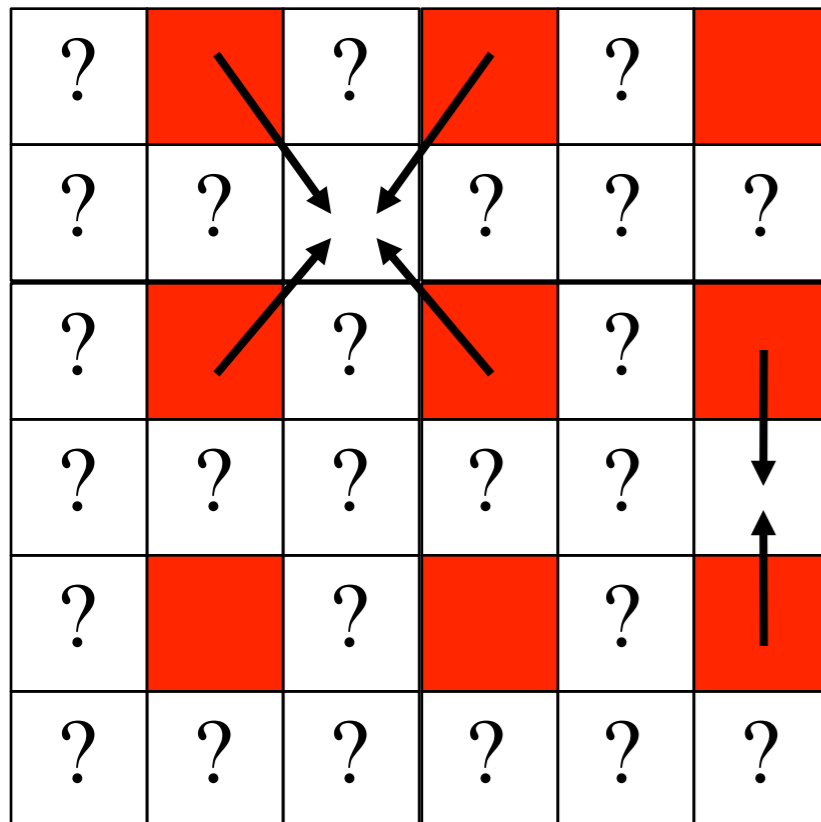
dcraw

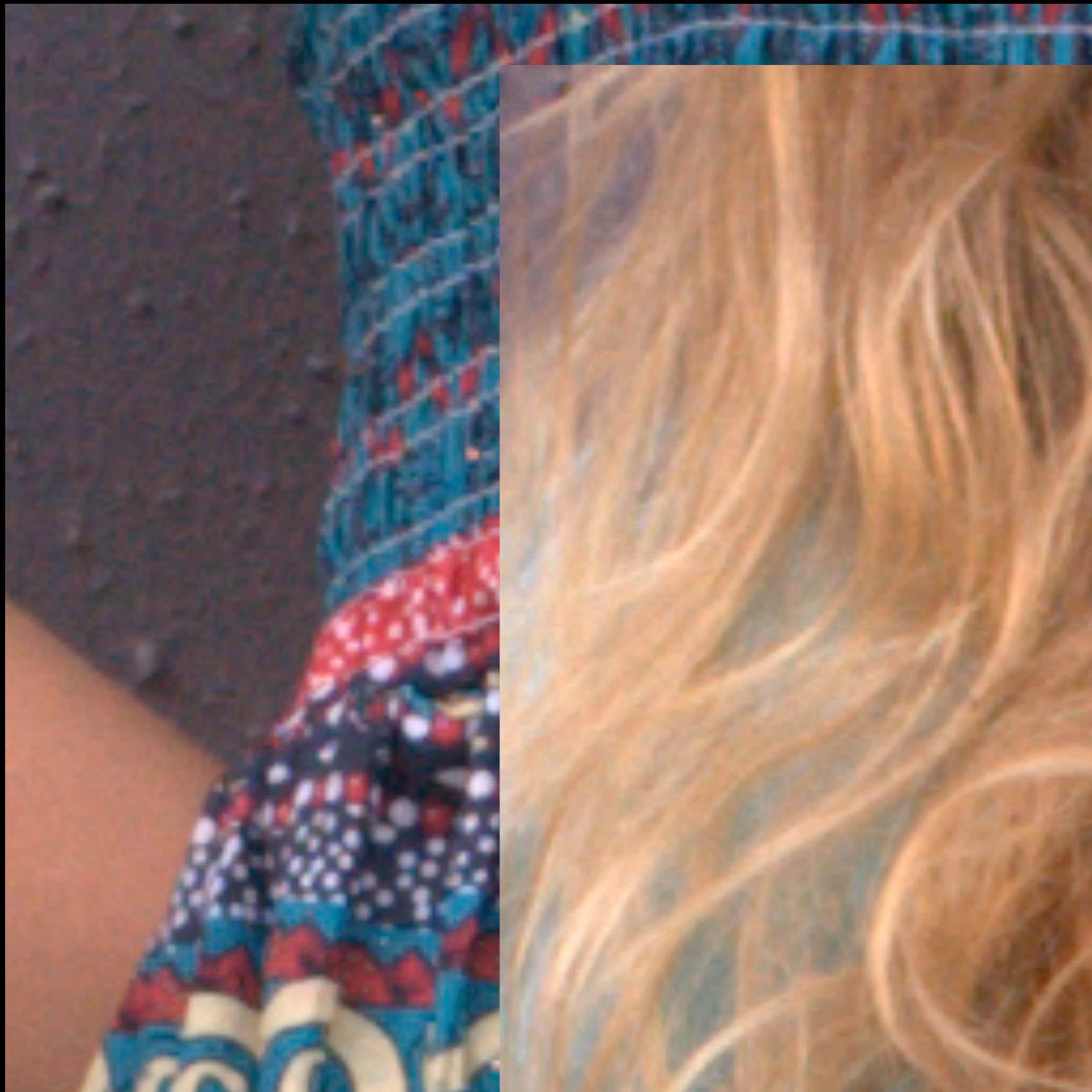


dcraw

Naïve full-resolution interpolation

- **What if we don't want to throw away so much sharpness?**

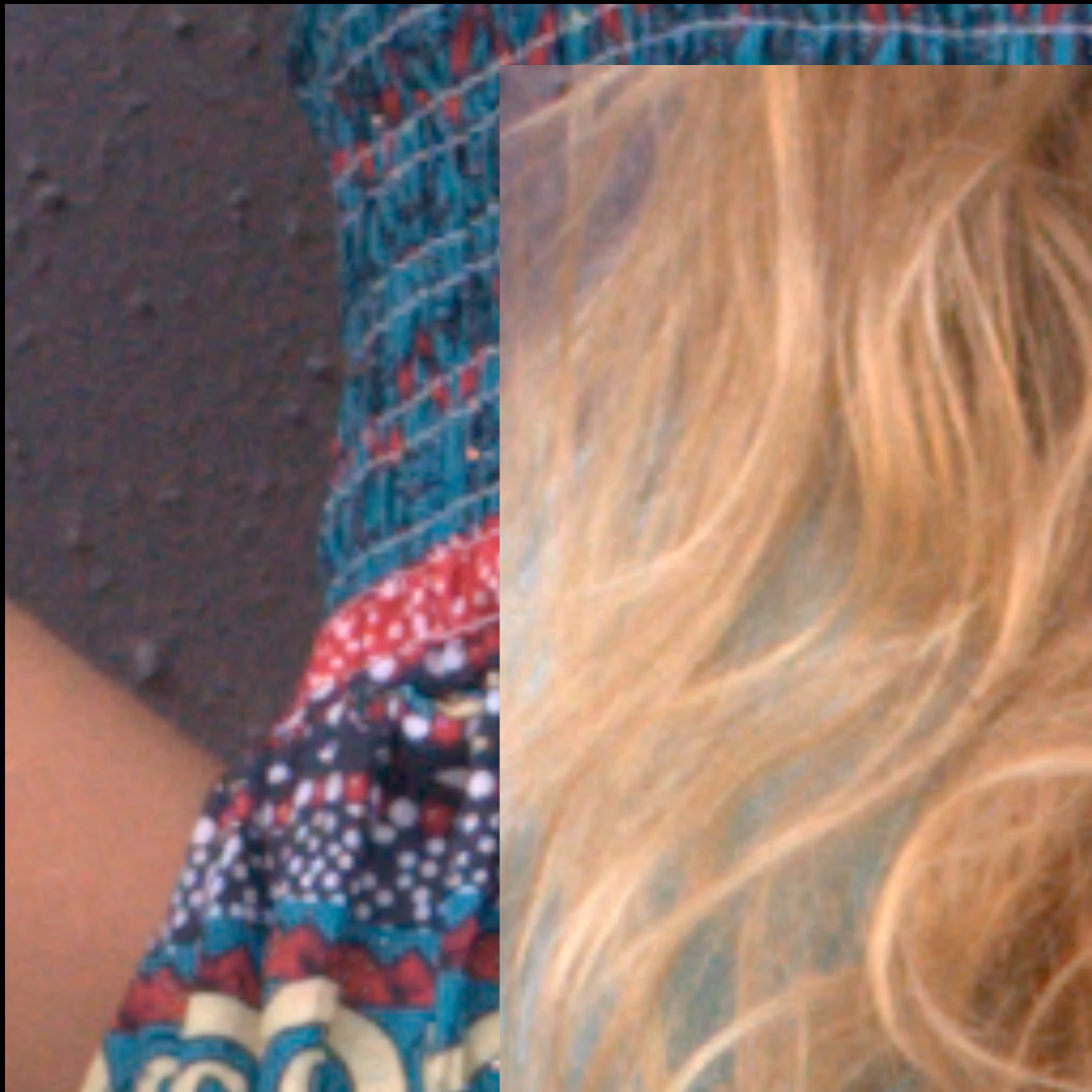




dcraw



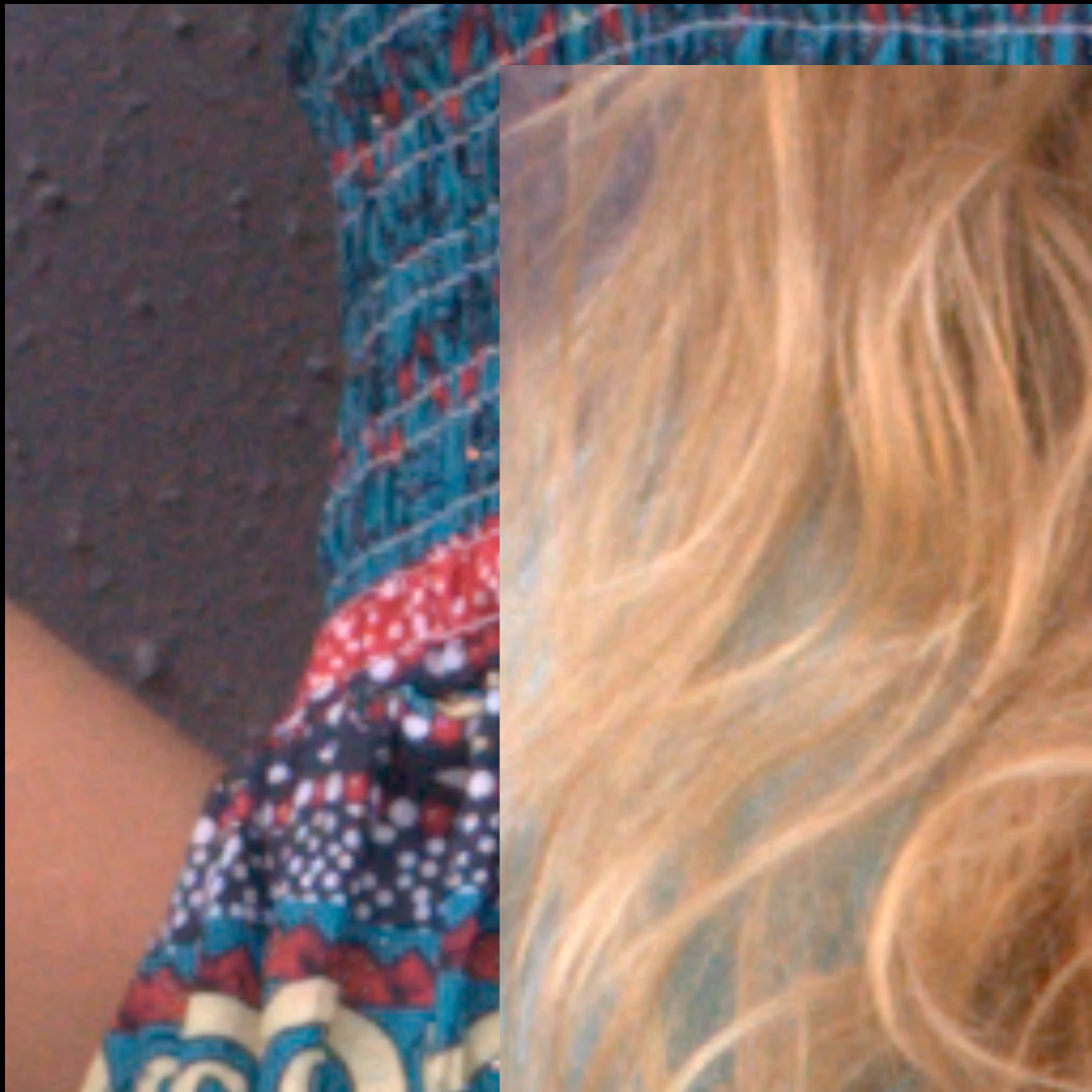
dcraw



dcrow



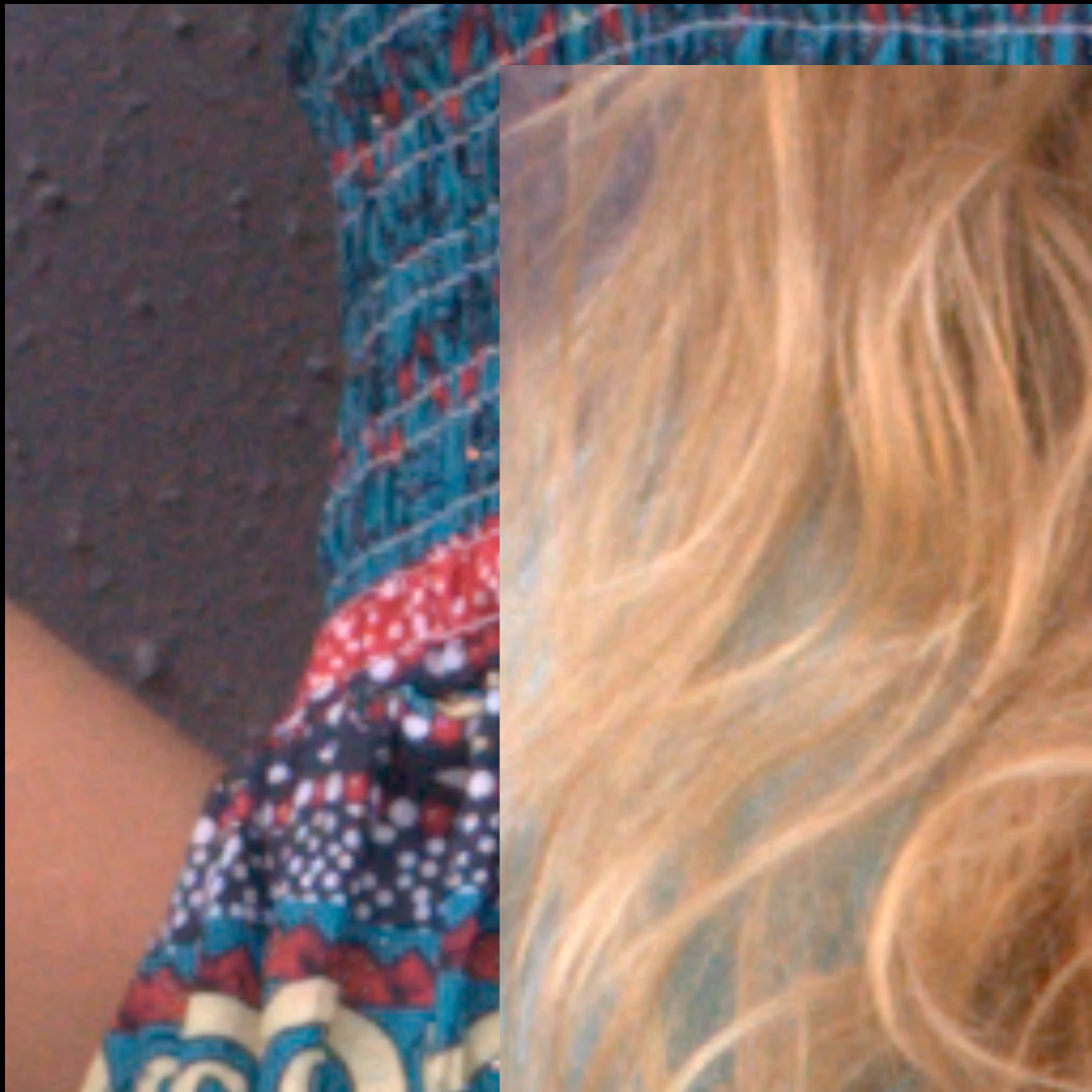
dcrow



dcrow



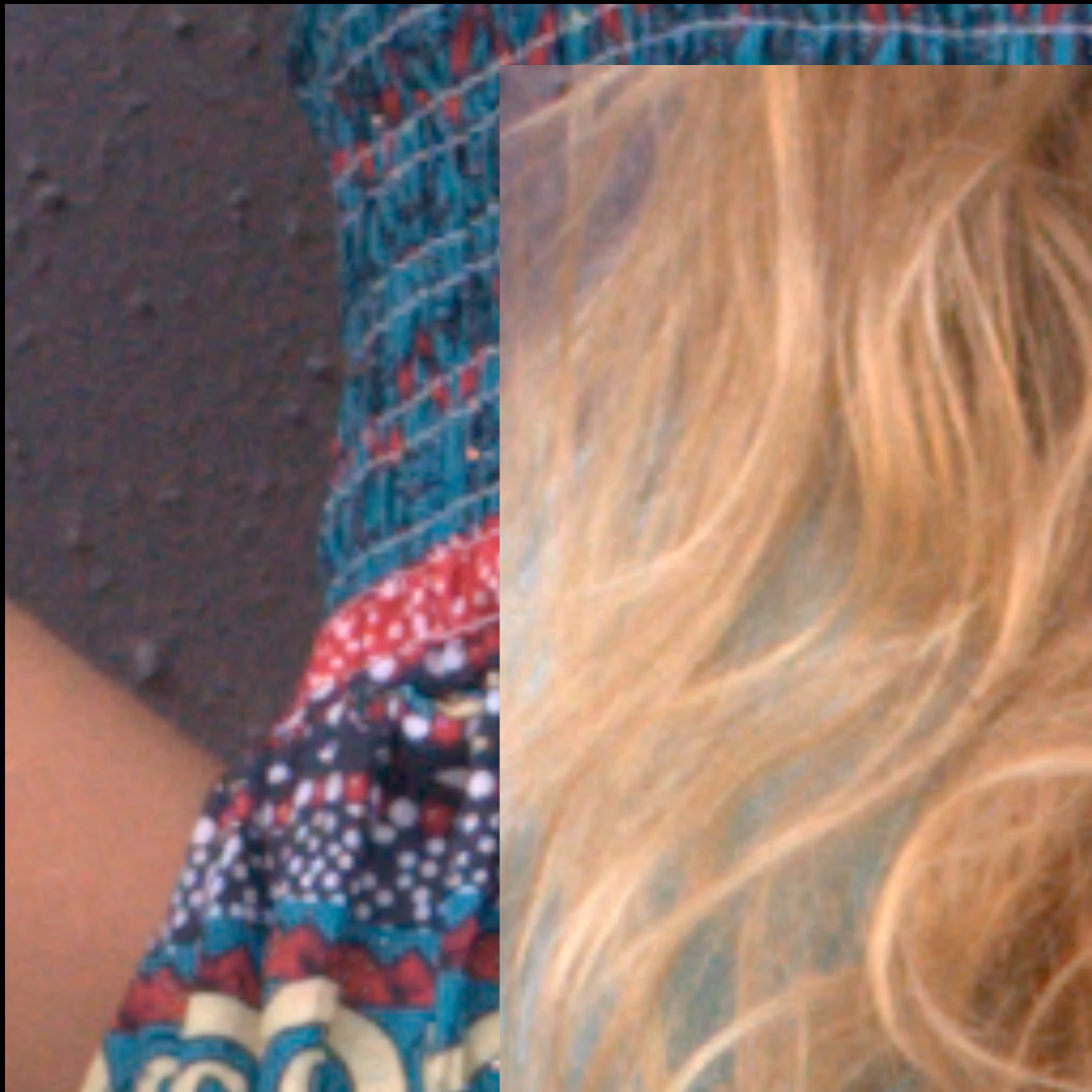
dcrow



dcrow



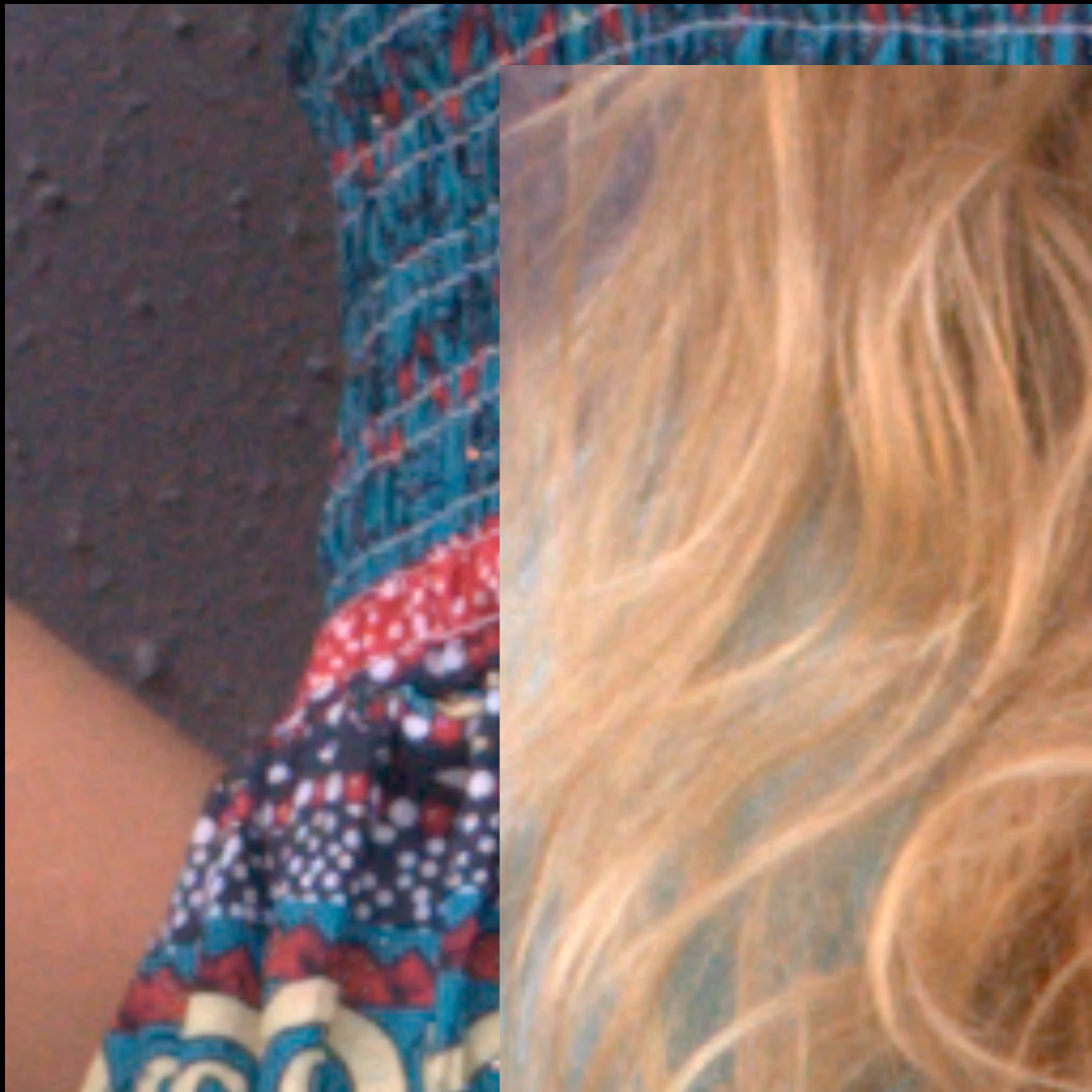
dcrow



dcraw



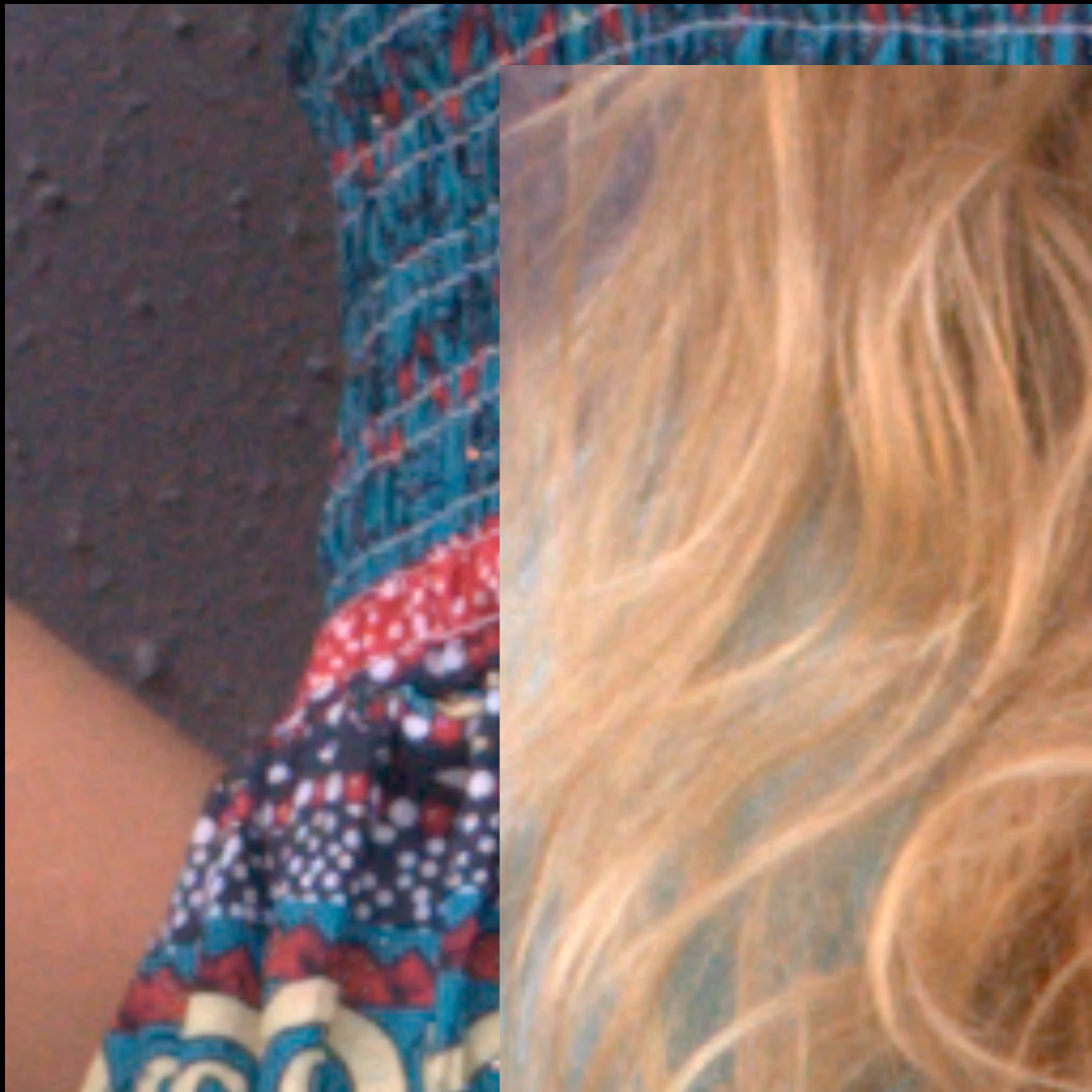
dcraw



dcraw



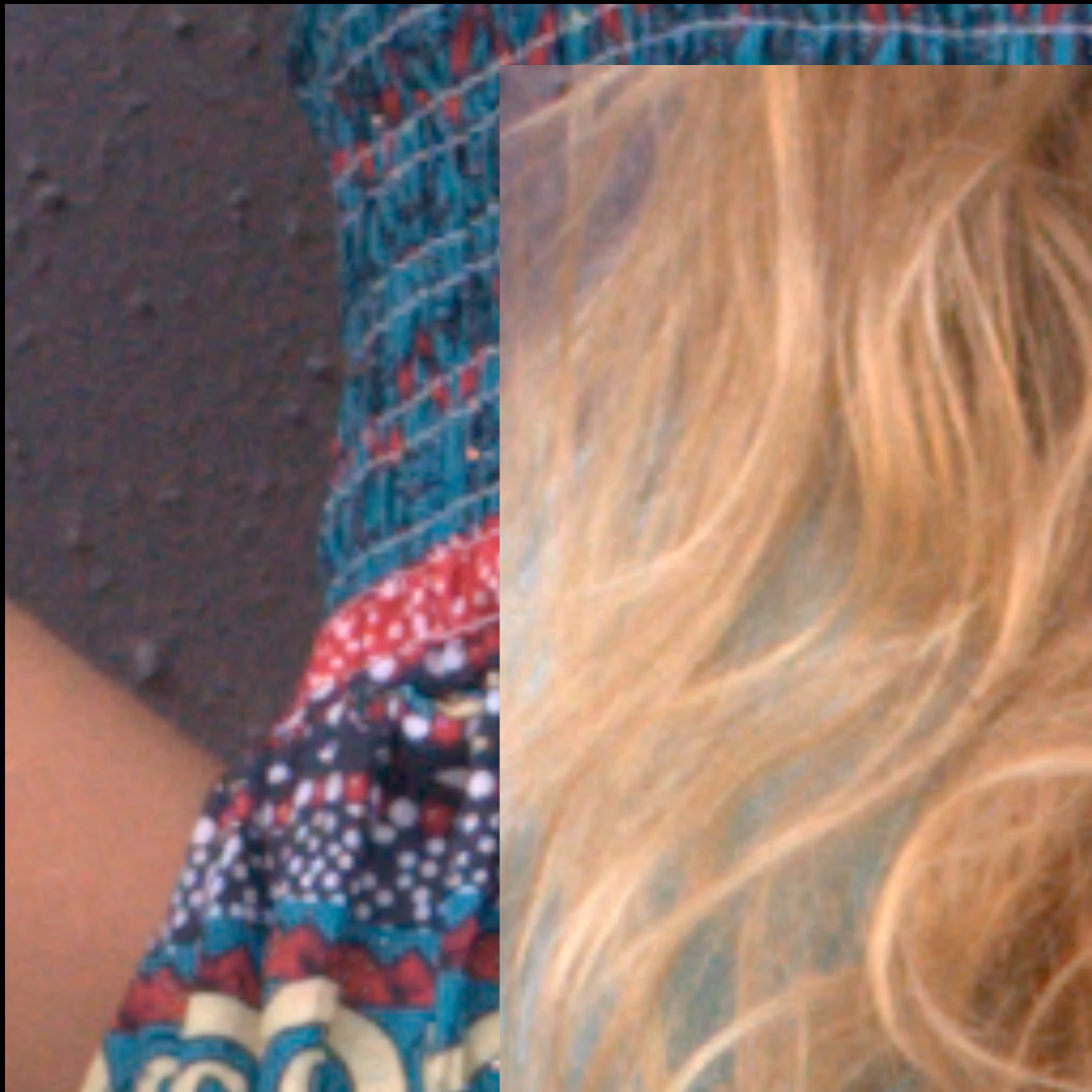
dcraw



dcraw



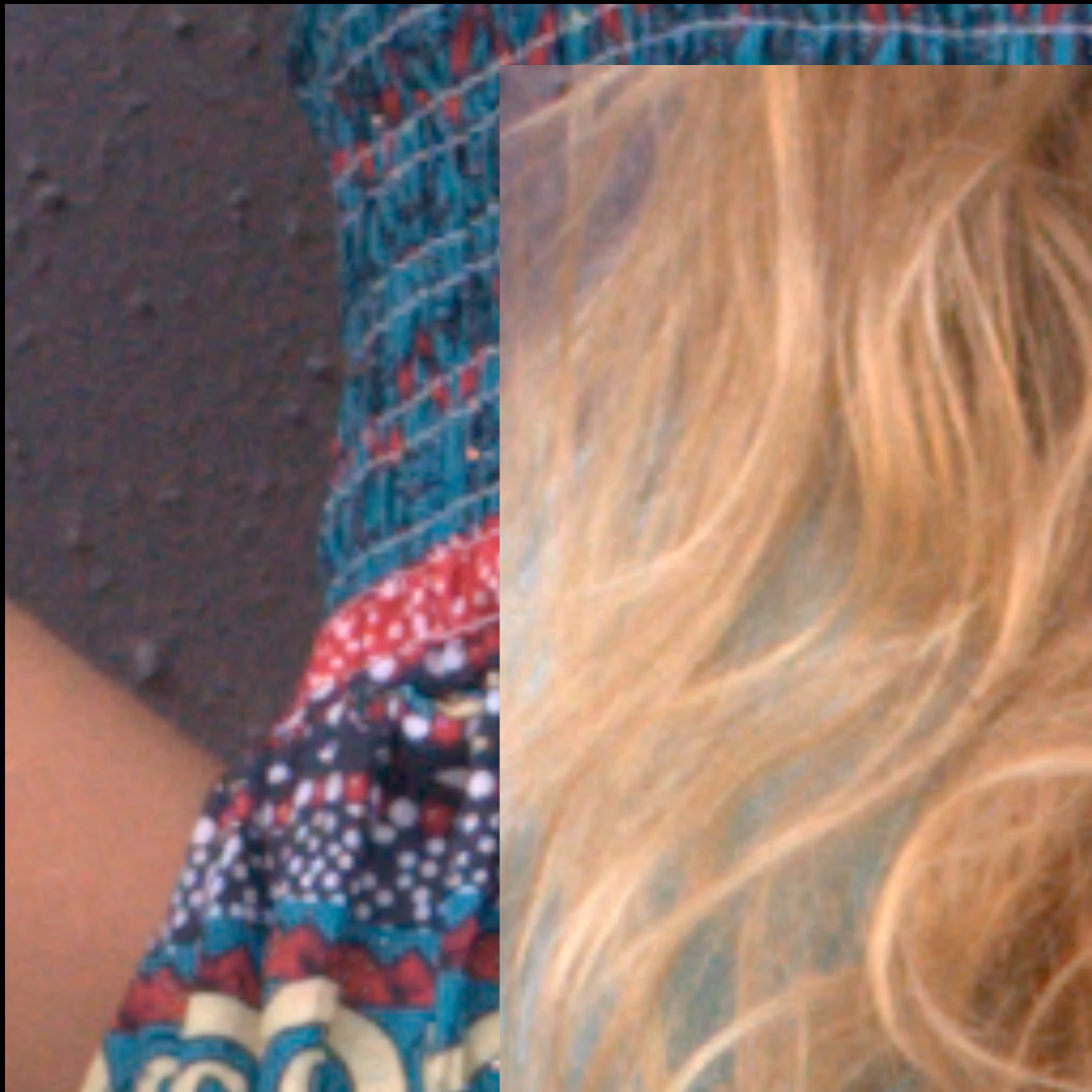
dcraw



dcrow



dcrow



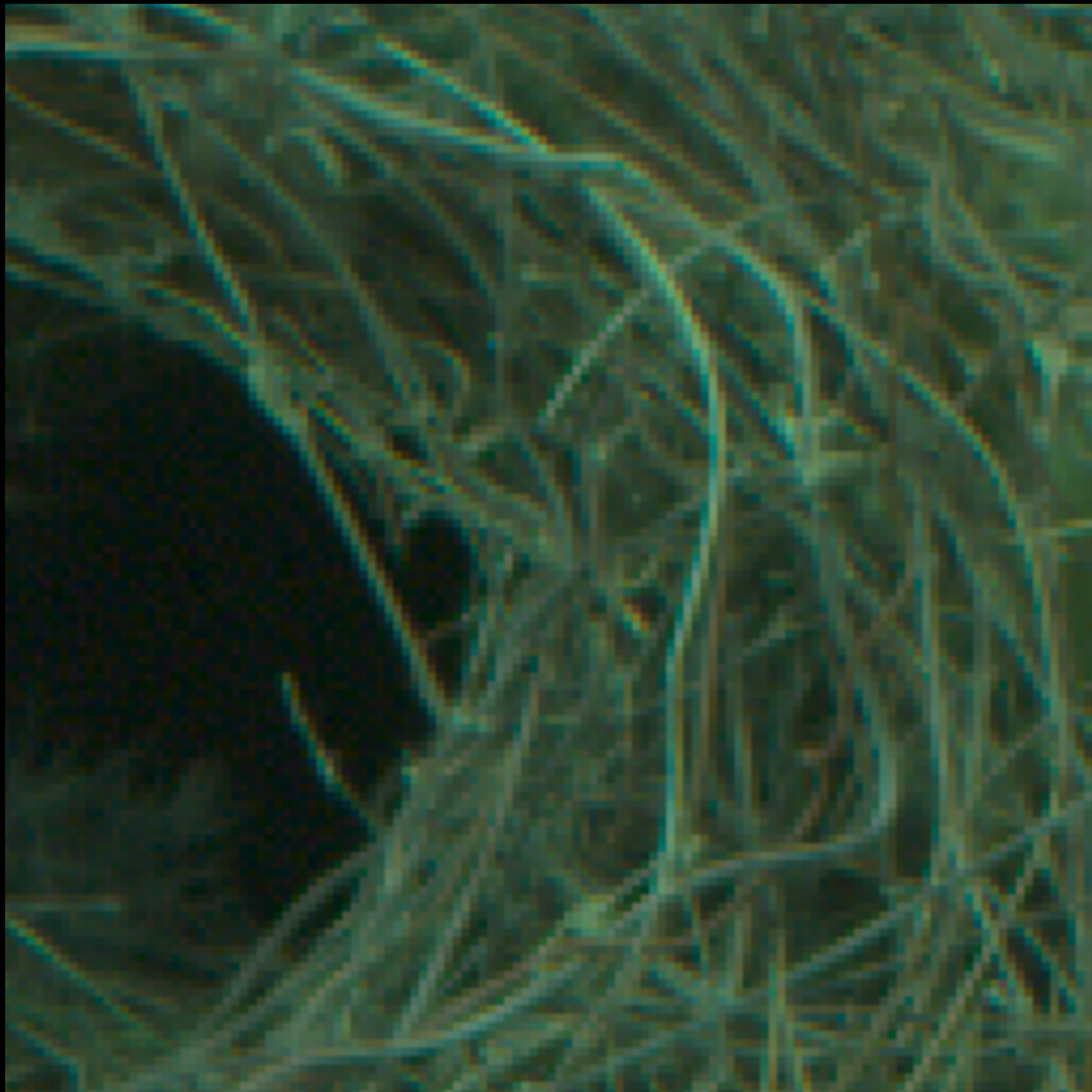
dcraw



dcraw



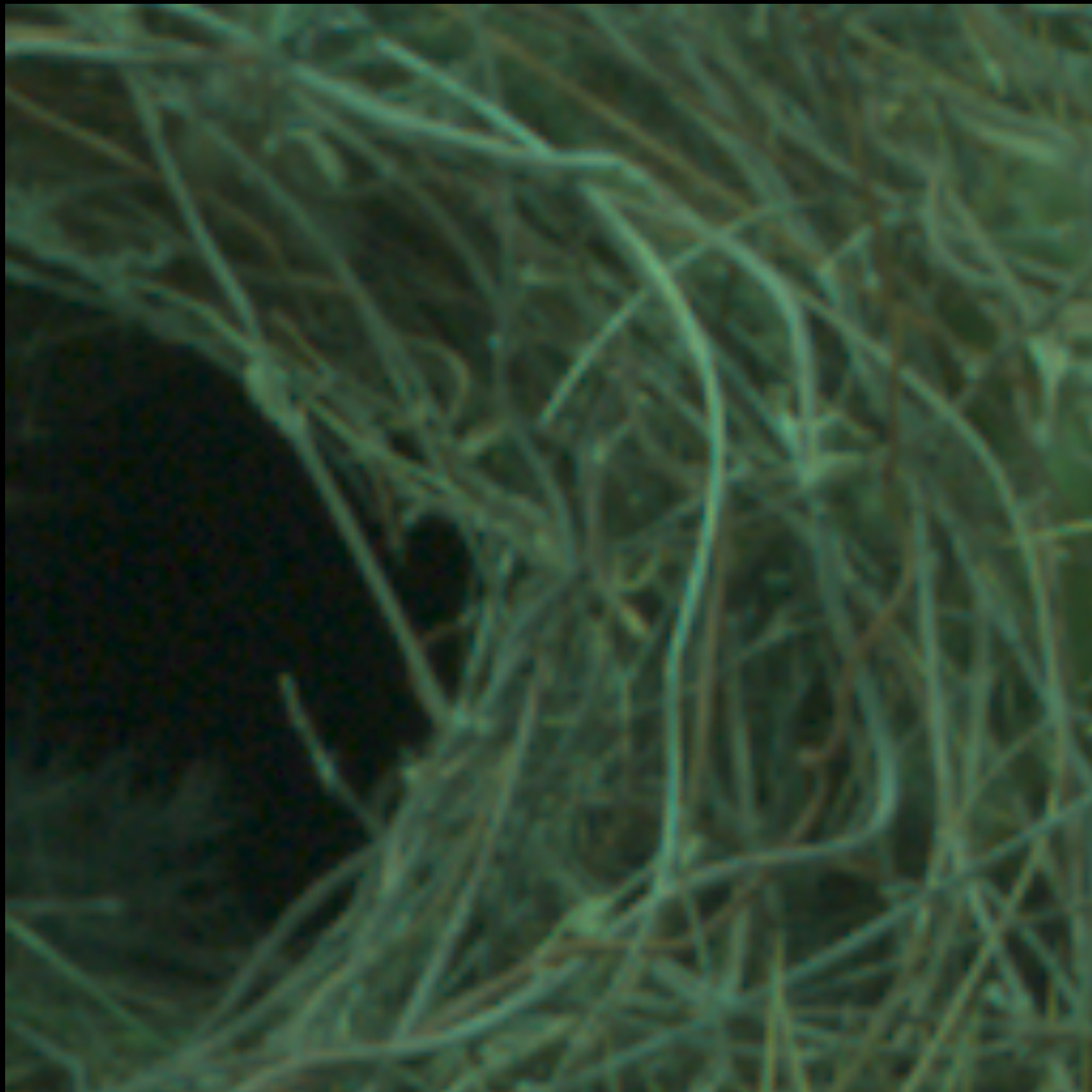
bayer



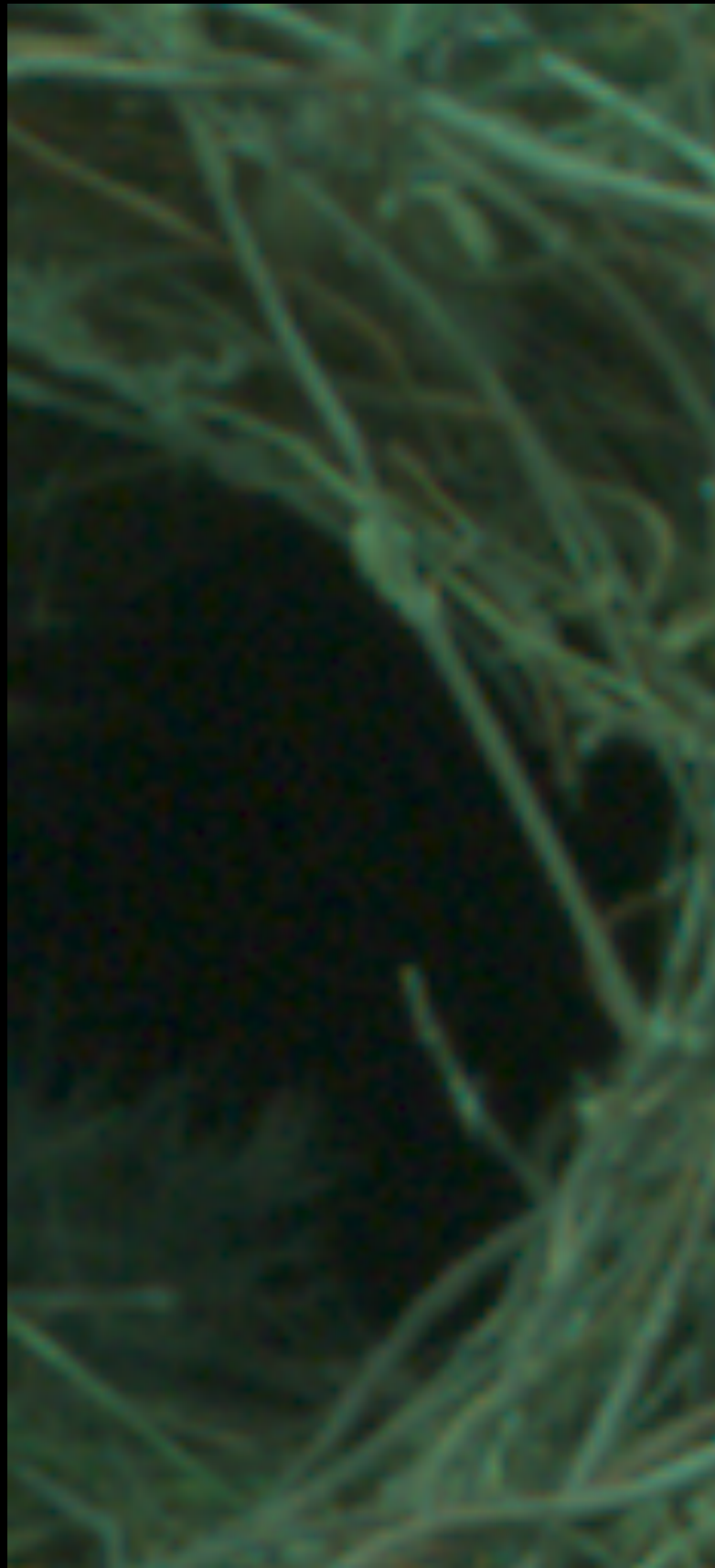
block



centered



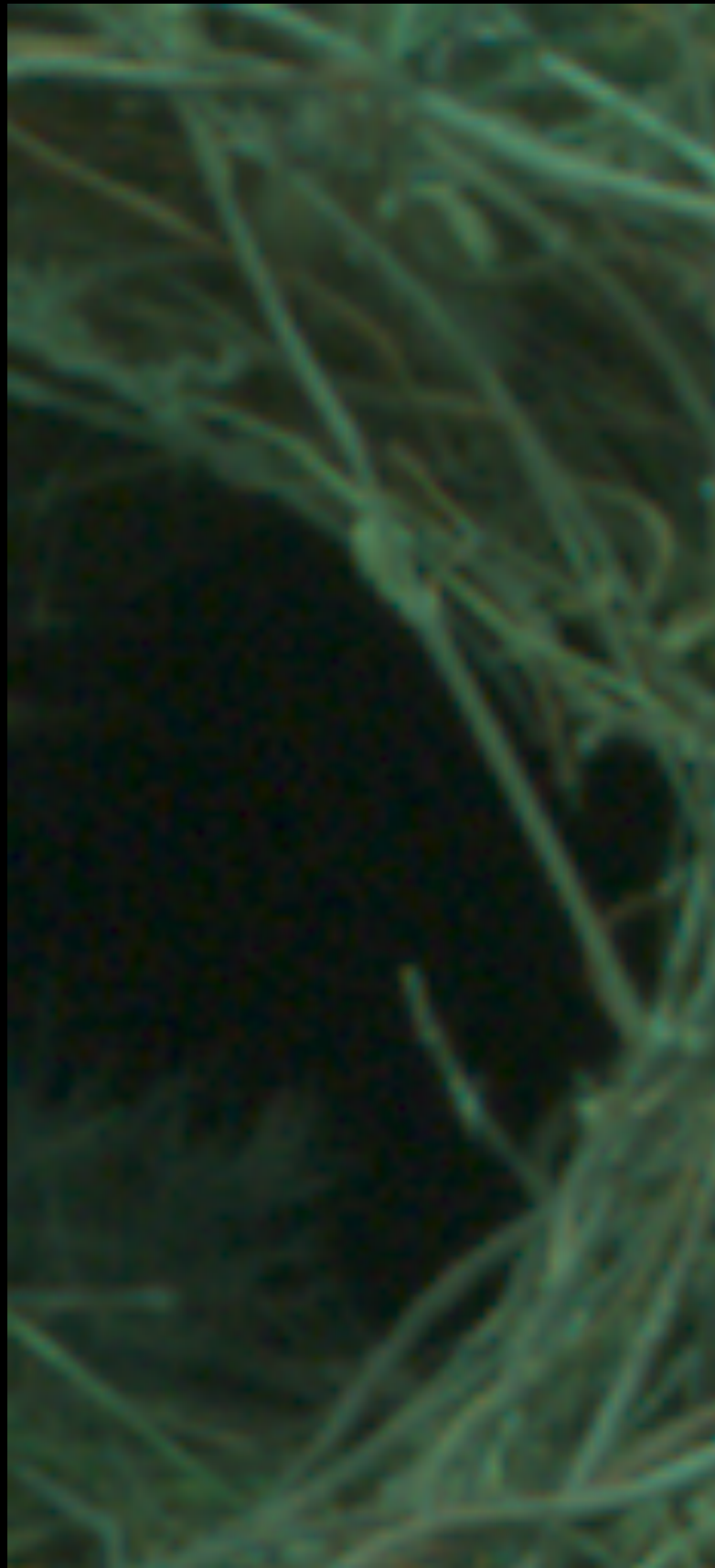
naïve full-res



naïve full-res



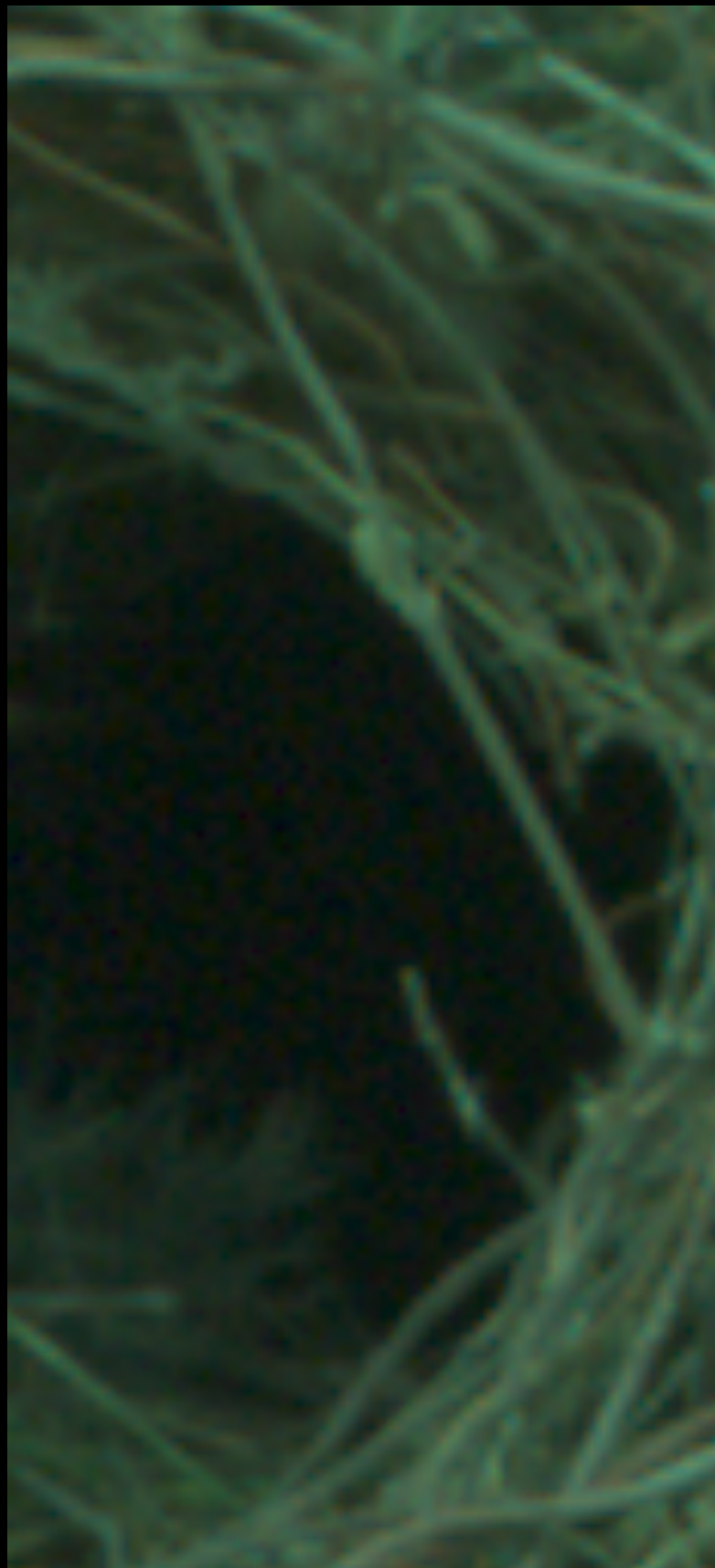
bayer



naïve full-res



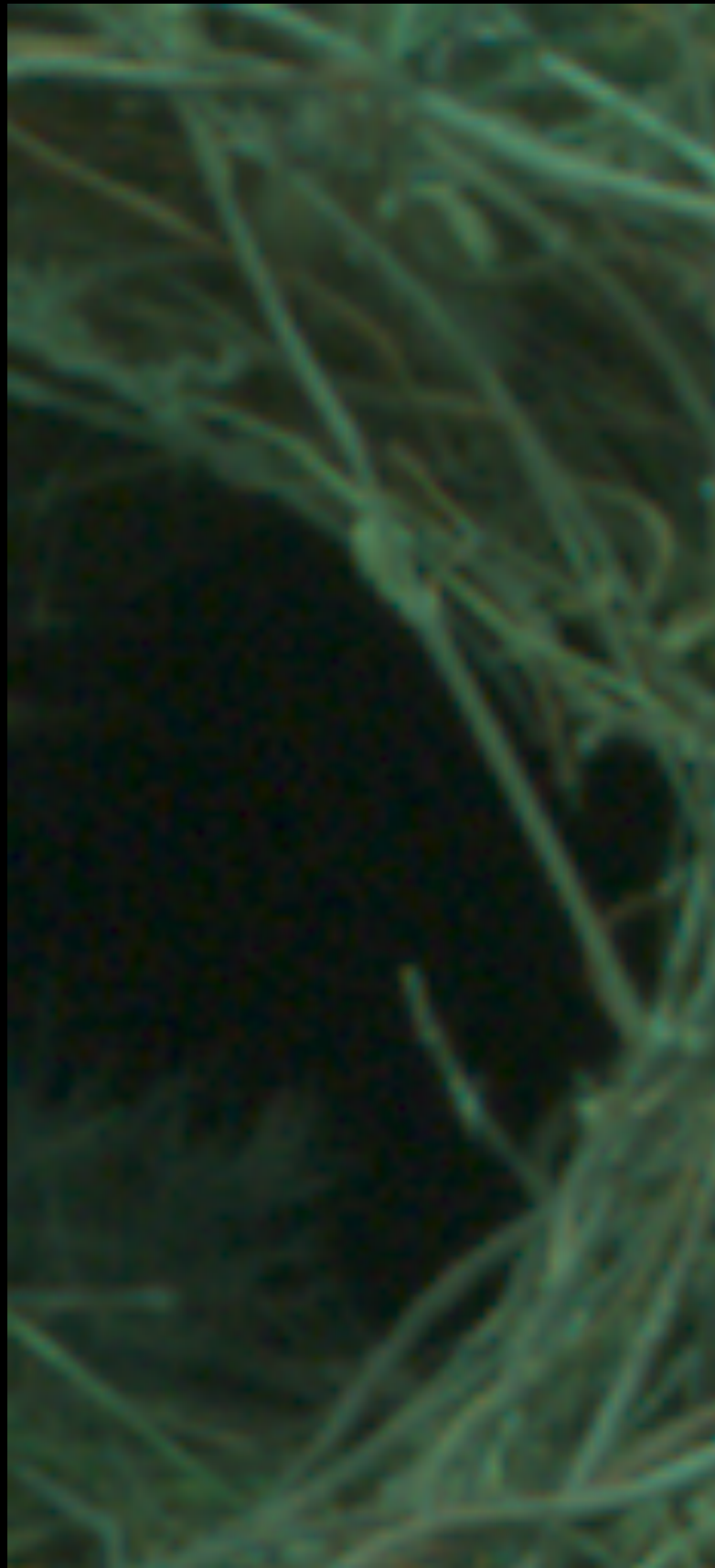
block



naïve full-res



centered



naïve full-res

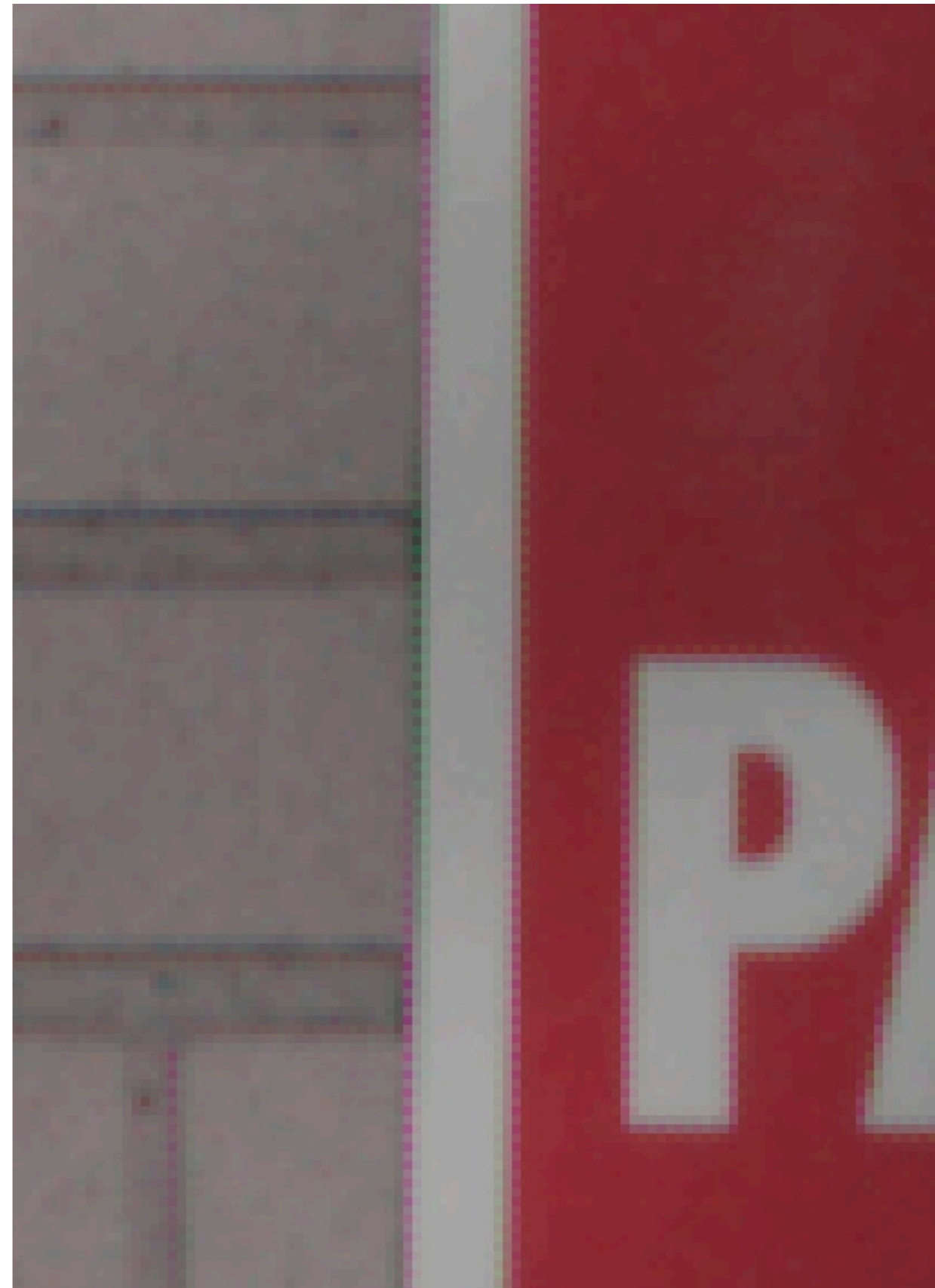


naïve full-res

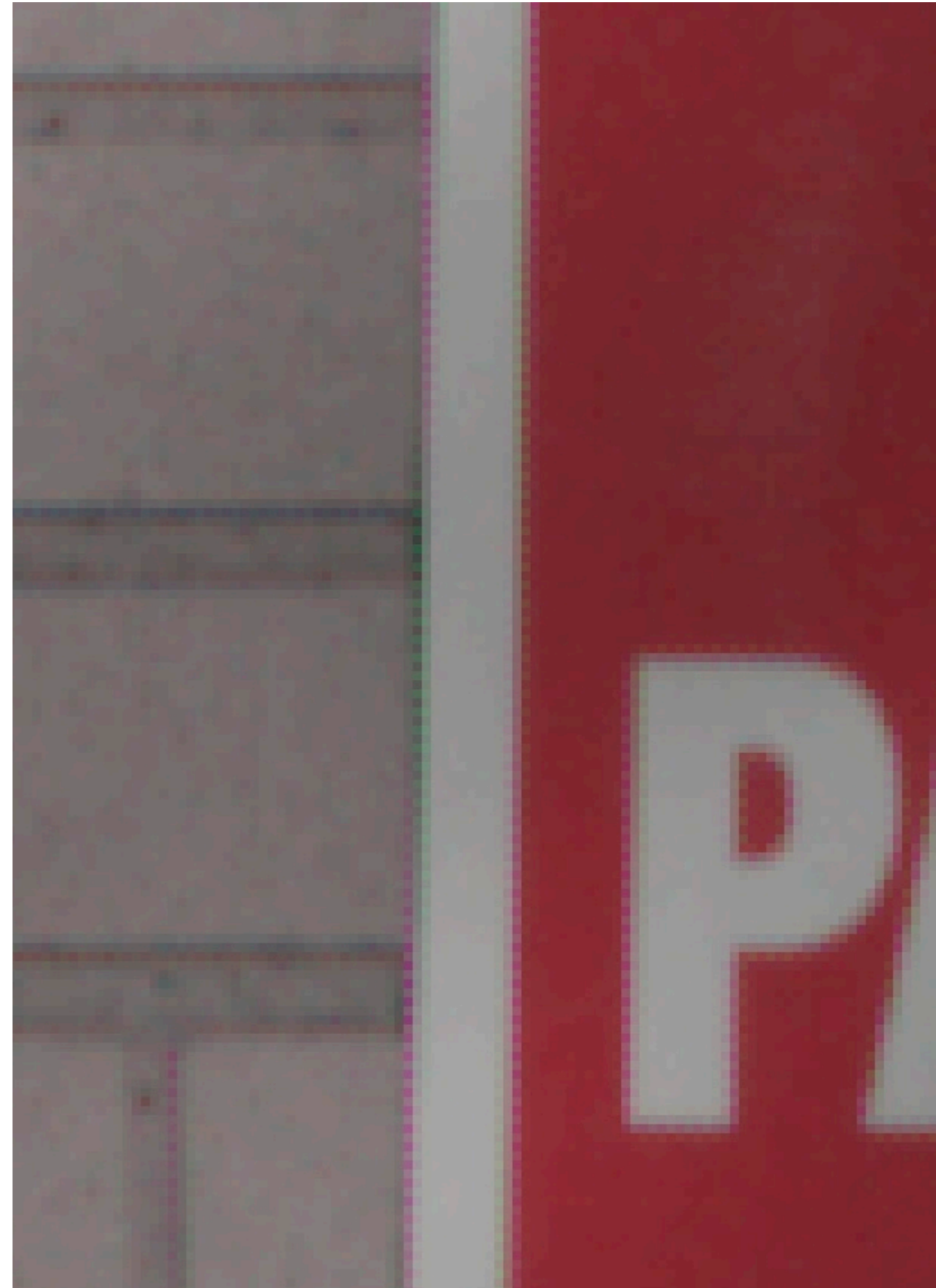
Results of simple linear



Results - not perfect



Questions?



The problem

- Imagine a black-on-white corner

	?		?		?
?		?		?	
	?		?		?
?		?		?	
	?		?		?
?		?		?	

0		0		1	
	0		0		1
0		0		1	
	0		0		1
1		1		1	
	1		1		1

The problem

- Imagine a black-on-white corner

	?		?		?
?		?		?	
	?		?		?
?		?		?	
	?		?		?
?		?		?	

0		0			
	0		0		
0		0			
	0		0		

0	0	0	.25		1
0	0	0	0	.75	
0	0	0	.25		.1
.25	0	.25	0	.75	
	.75		.75		1
1		1		1	

The problem

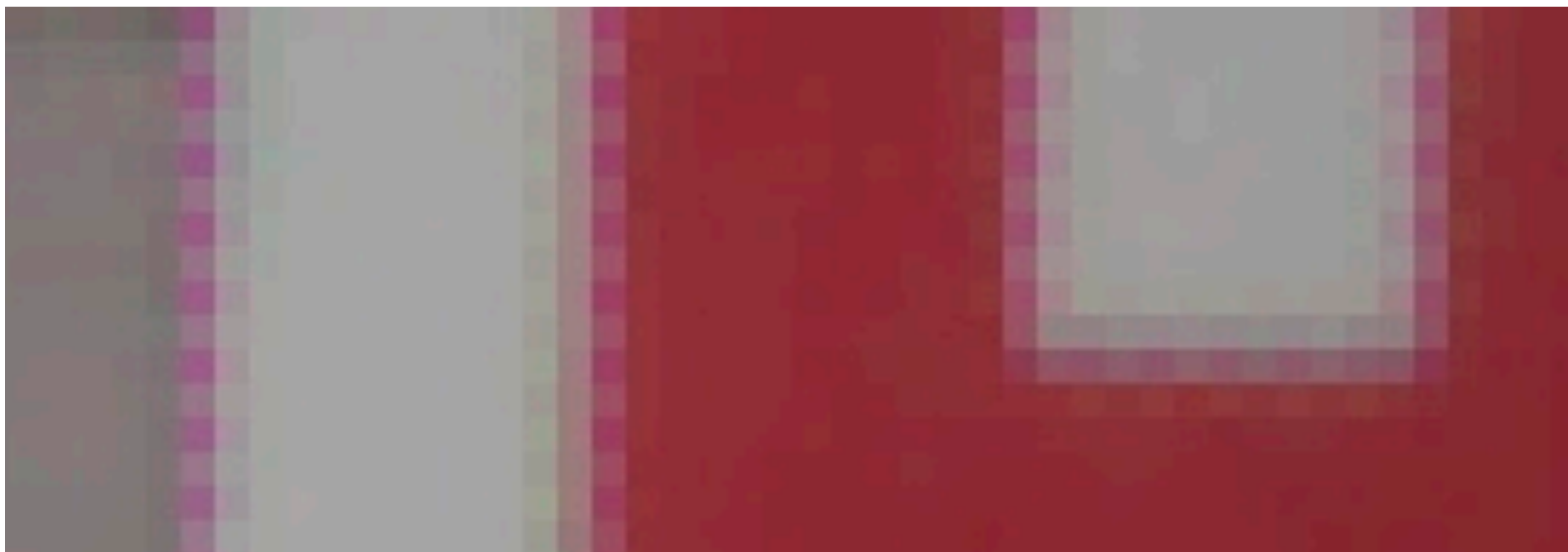
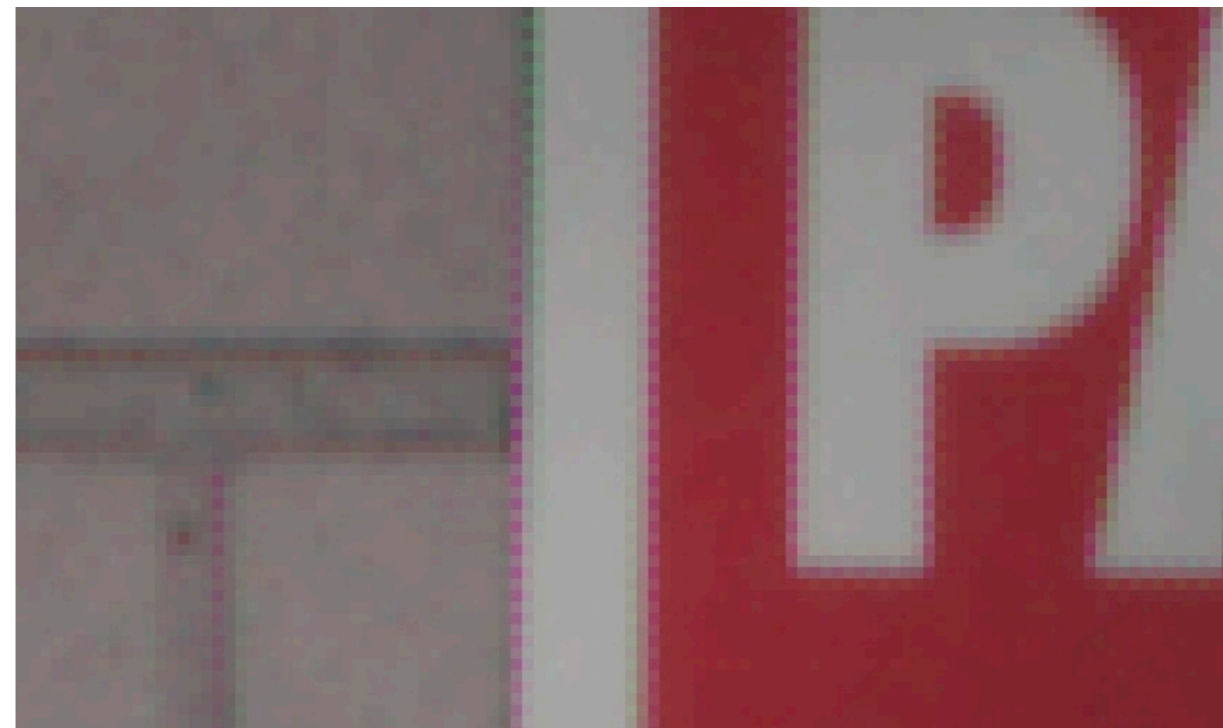
- Imagine a black-on-white corner

	?		?		?
?		?		?	
	?		?		?
?		?		?	
	?		?		?
?		?		?	

0		0			
	0		0		
0		0			
	0		0		

0	0	0	.25		1
0	0	0	0	.75	
0	0	0	.25		.1
.25	0	.25	0	.75	
	.75		.75		1
1		1		1	

Yep, that's what we saw



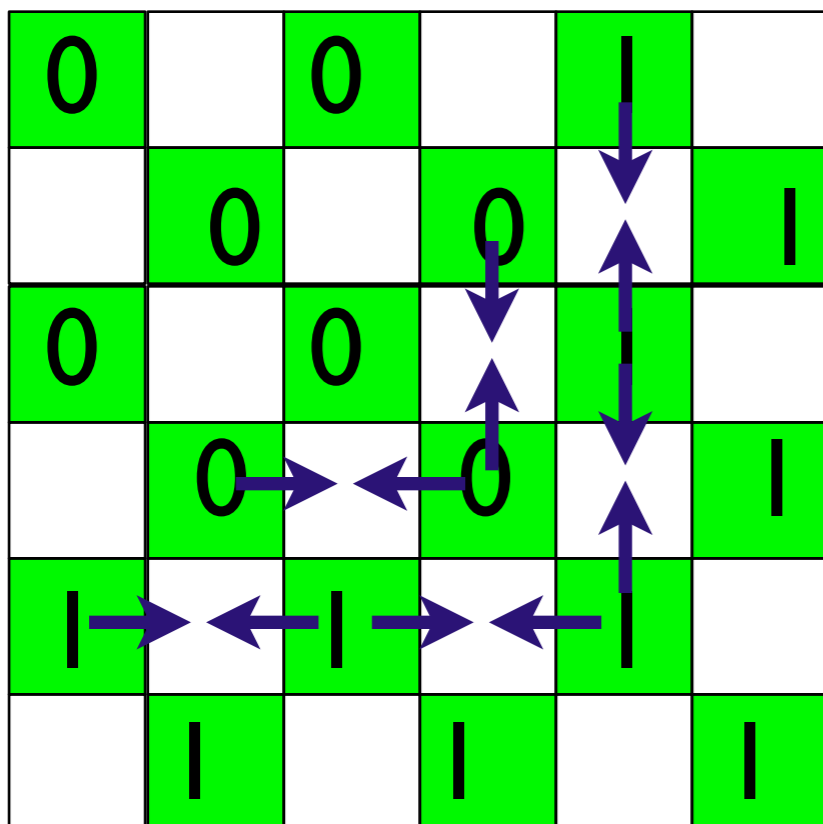
Green channel



Edge-based Demosaicking

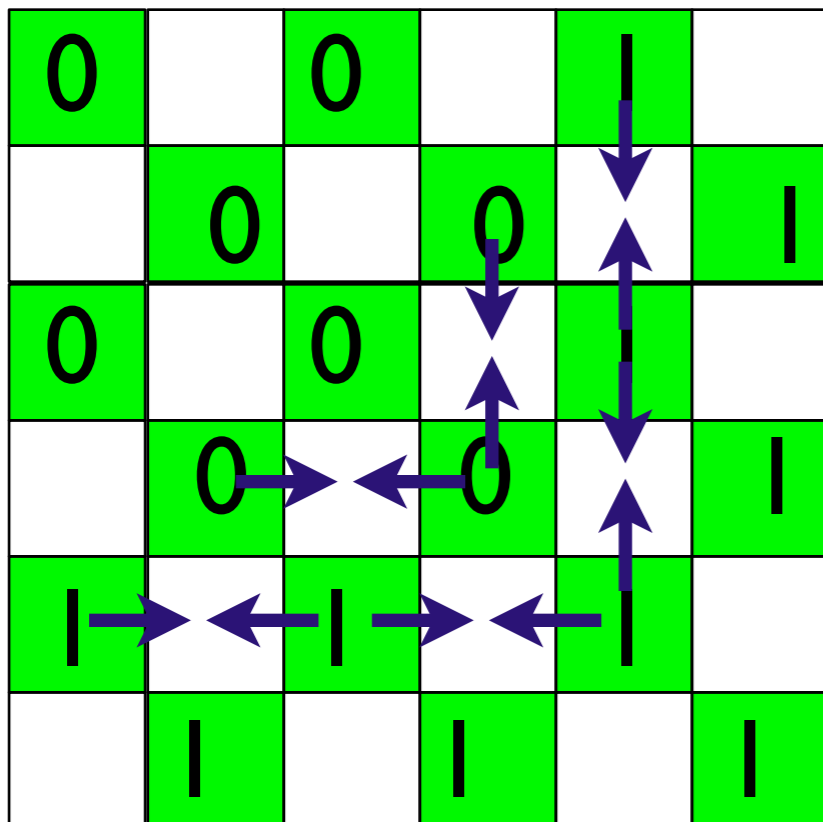
Idea

- **Take into account structure in image**
 - Here, 1D edges
- **Interpolate along preferred direction**
 - In our case, only use 2 neighbors



How do we decide

- Look at the similarity of recorded neighbors
 - Compare |up-down| and |right-left|
 - Be smart
 - See pset 4
- Called edge-based demosaicking



Green channel -- naive



Green channel -- edge-based



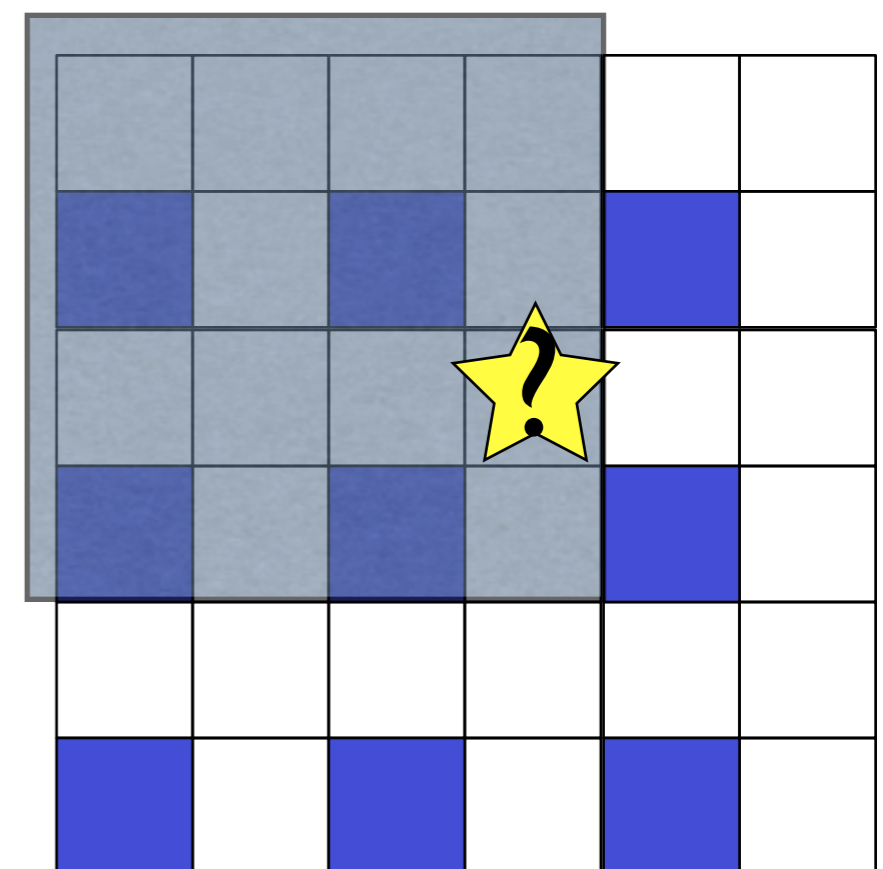
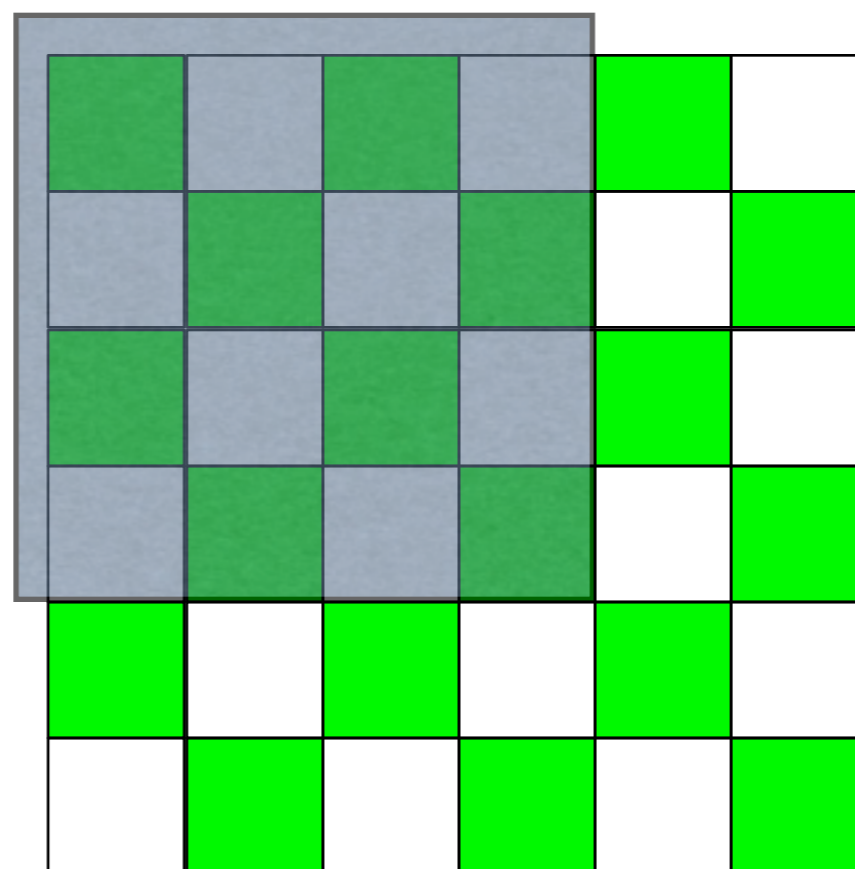
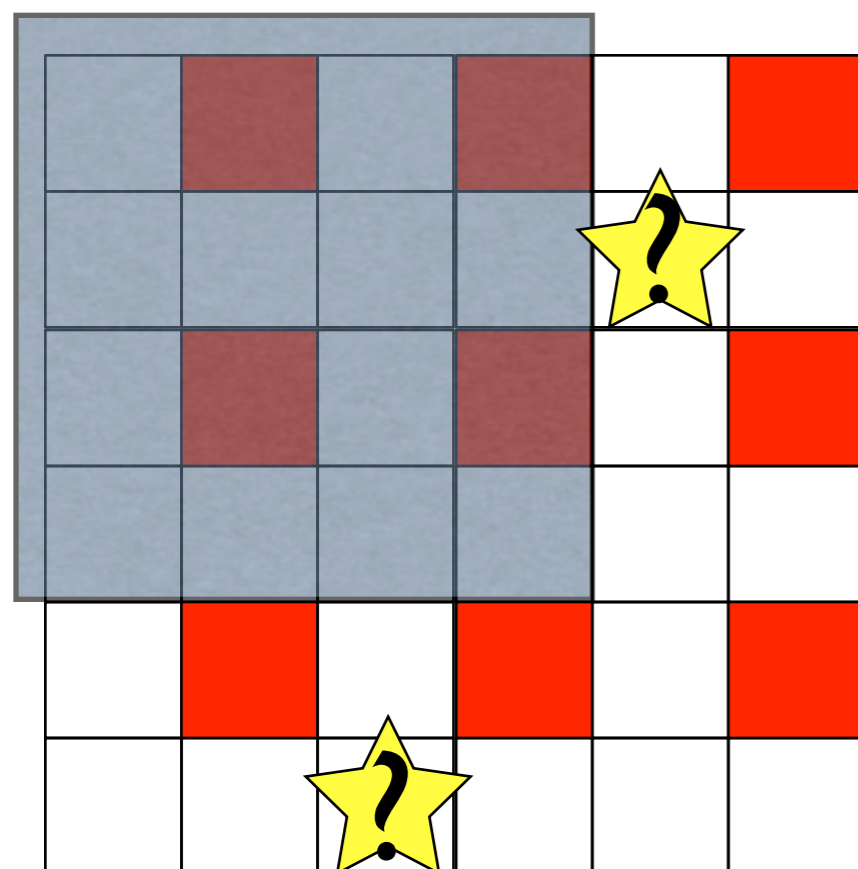
Challenge with other channels

Problem

- What do we do with red and blue?
- We could apply the edge-based principle
- But we're missing more information
- But color transitions might be shifted

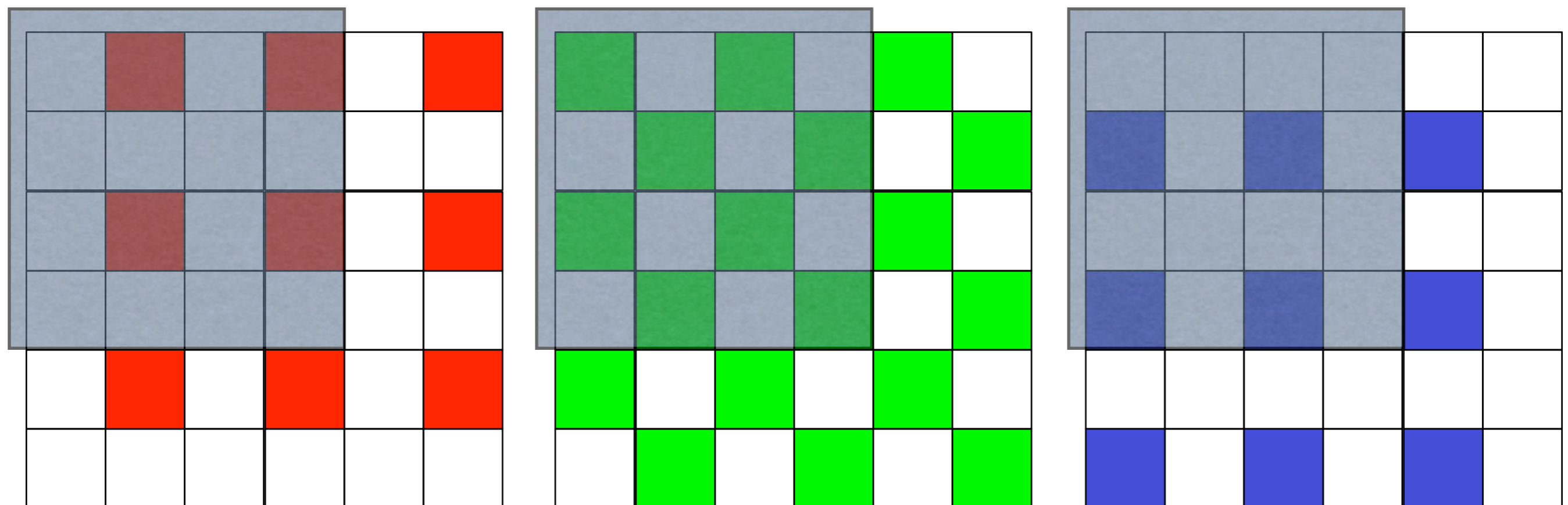
Example

- Black on white corner
- Notion of edge-based unclear for pixels in empty rows or columns



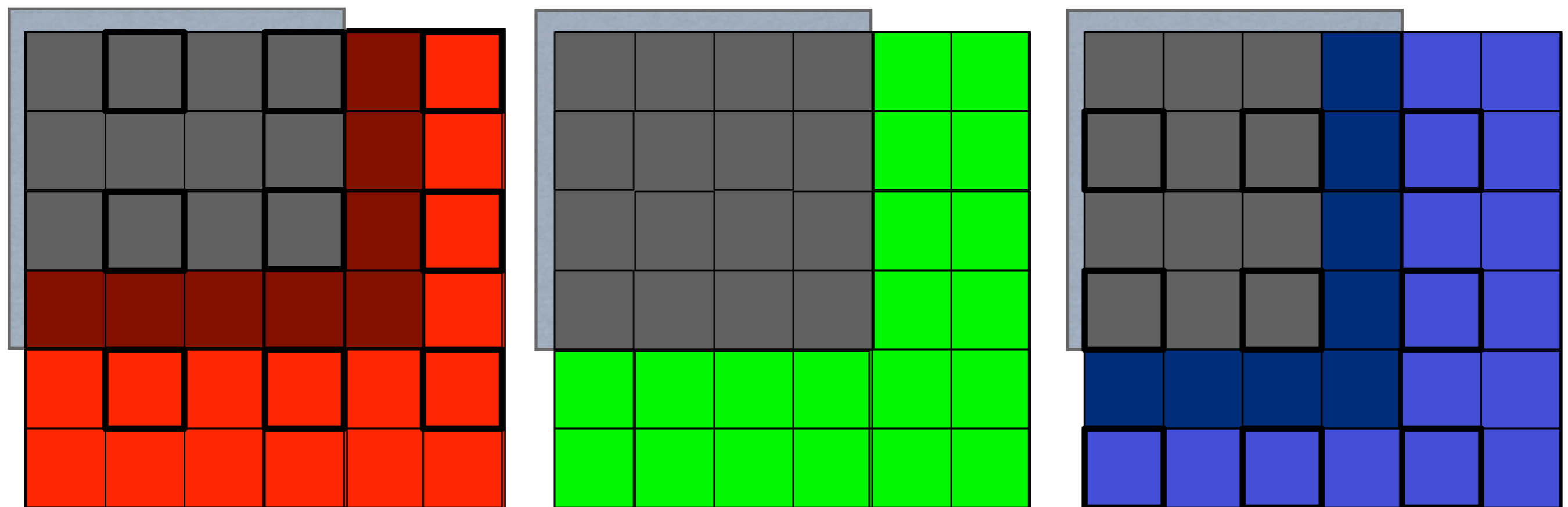
Example

- **Black on white corner**
- **Even if we imagine we can do some decent job for each channel**



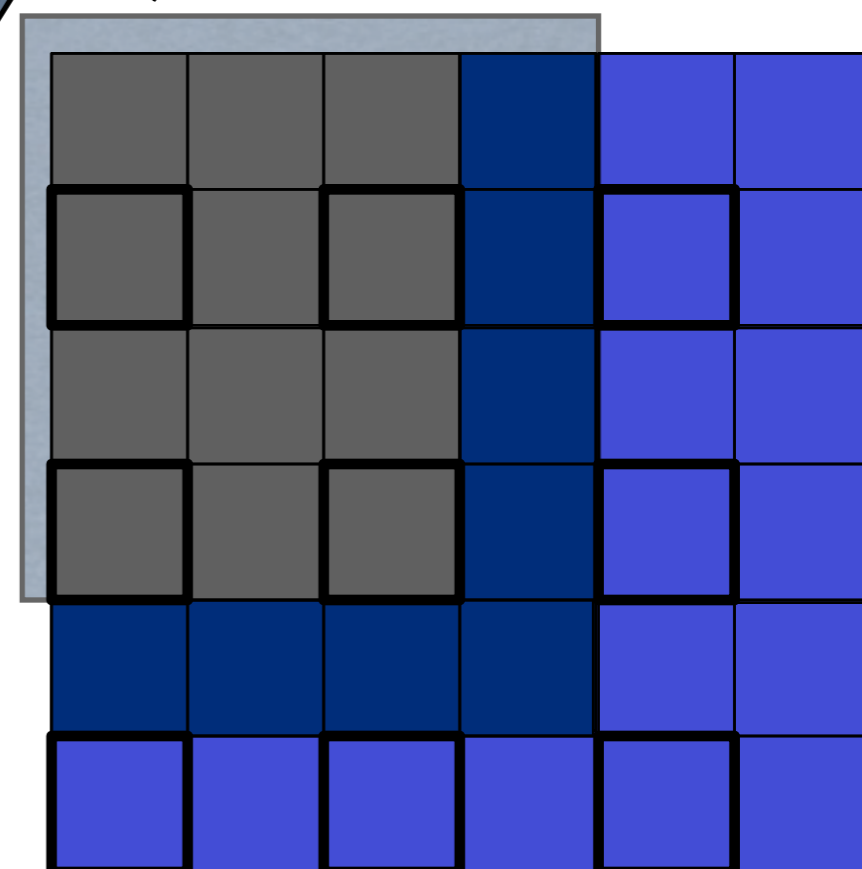
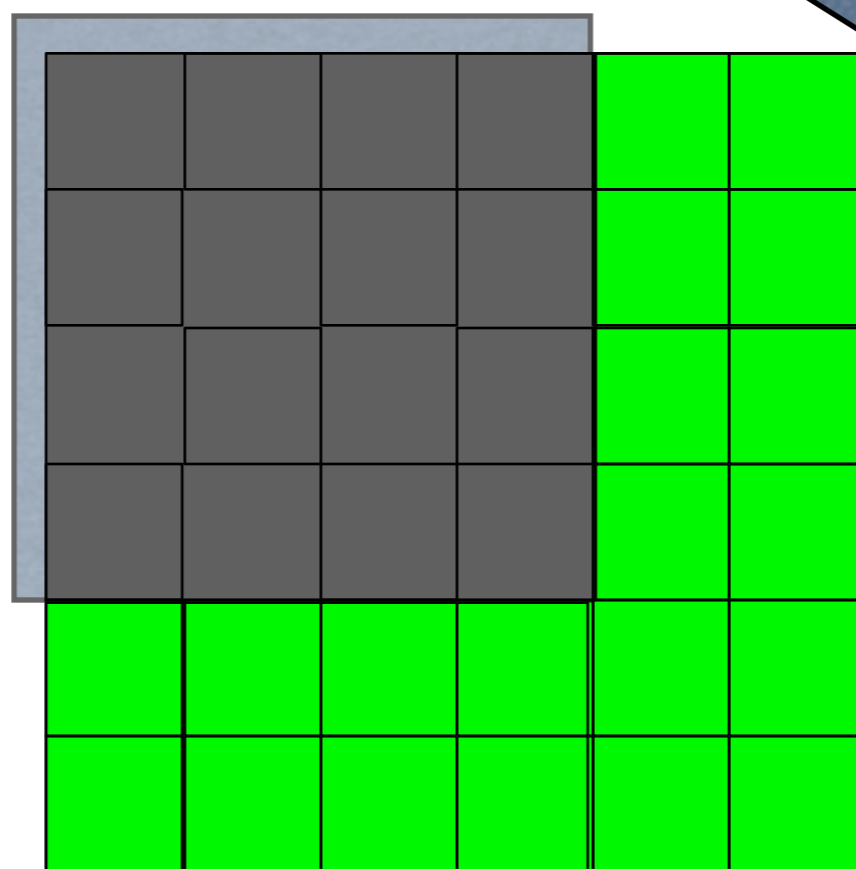
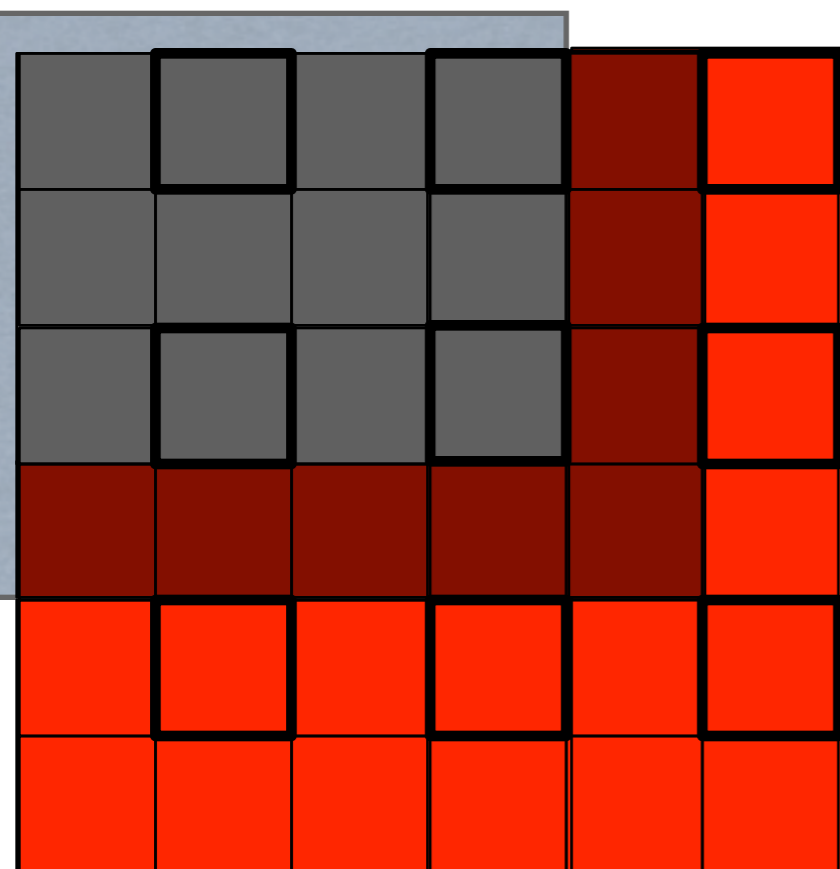
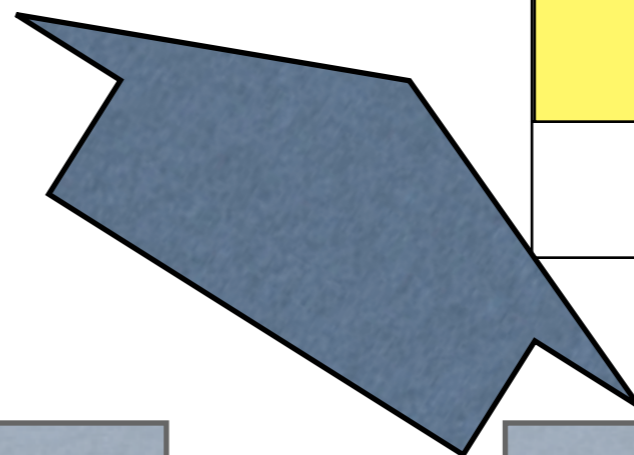
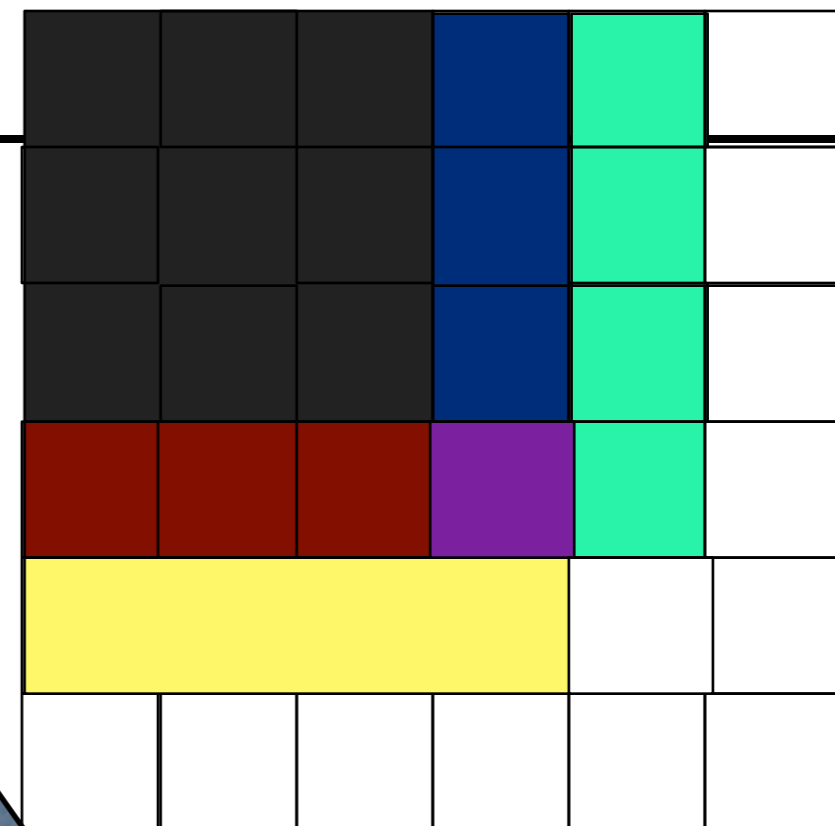
Example

- Black on white corner
- Even if we imagine we can do some decent job for each channel
- The channels don't line up
 - Because they are not recorded at the same location



Example

- Bad color fringes!



Recall color artifacts



Green-based Demosaicking

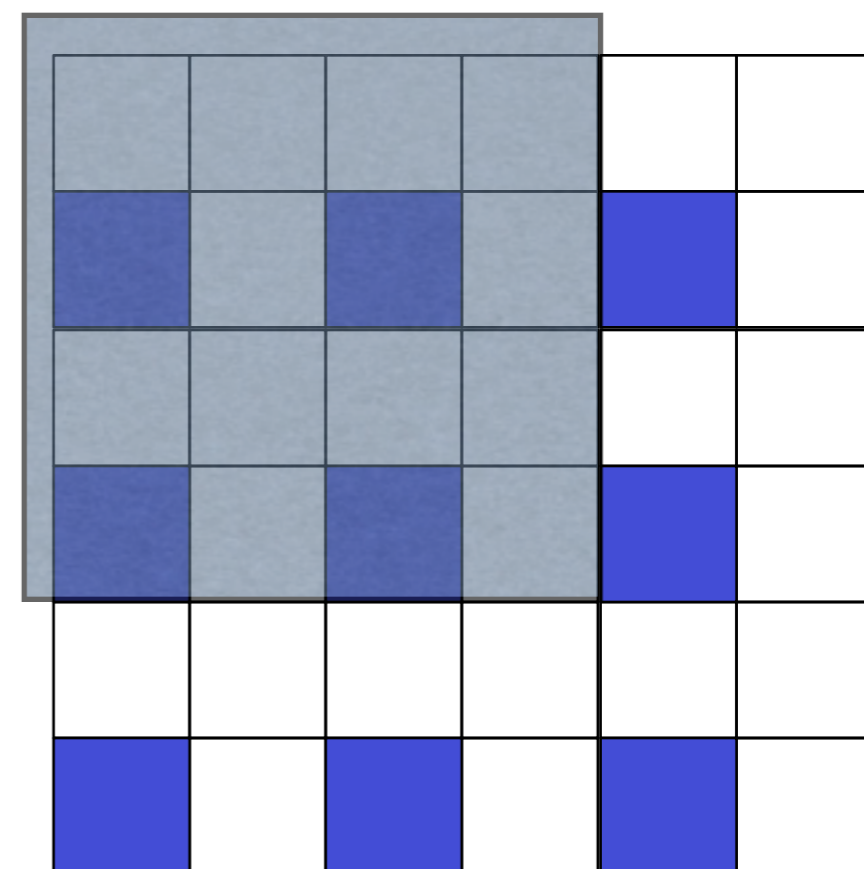
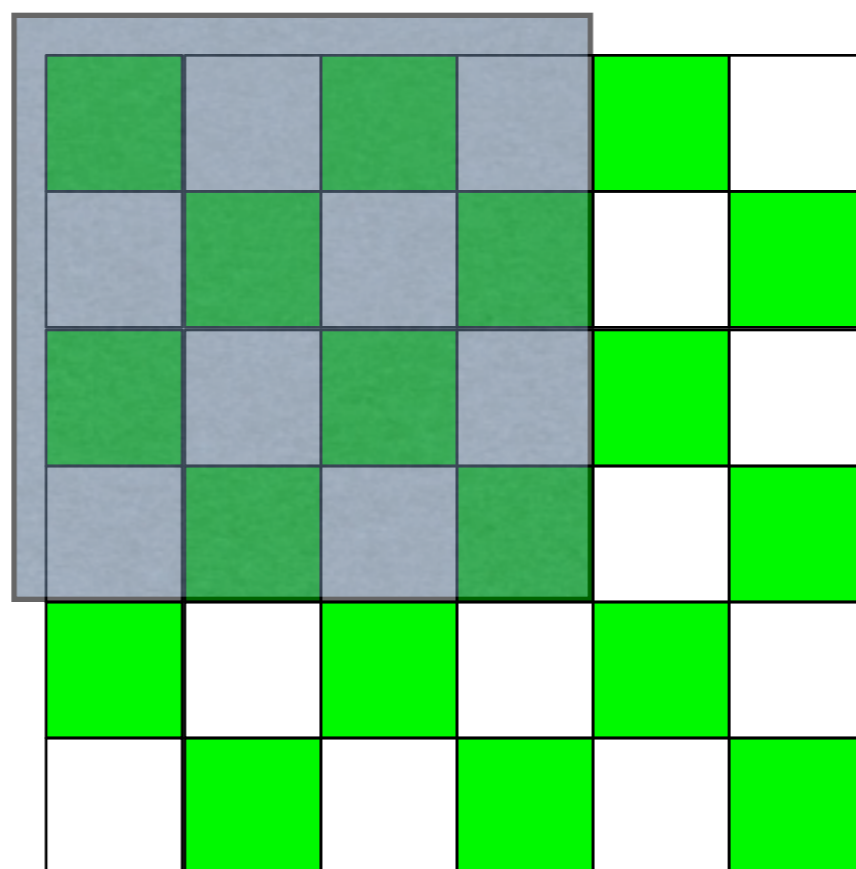
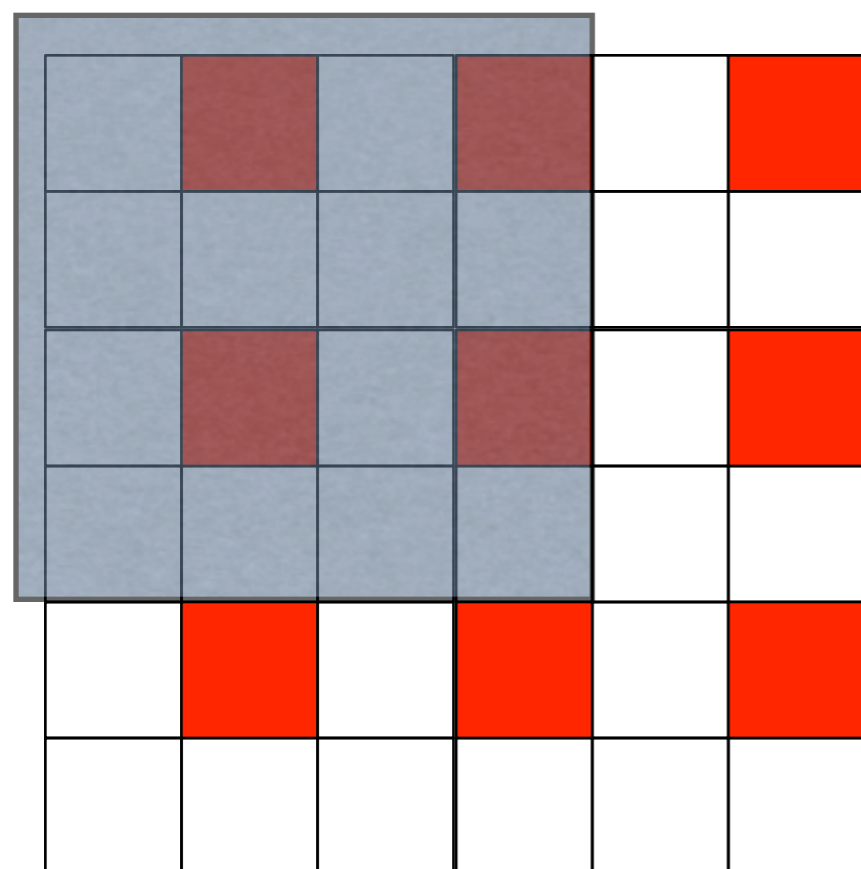
Green-based demosaicking

- **Green is a better color channel**
 - Twice as many pixels
 - Often better SNR
 - We know how to do edge-based green interpolation
- **Do the best job you can and get high resolution from green**
- **Then use green to guide red & blue interpolation**

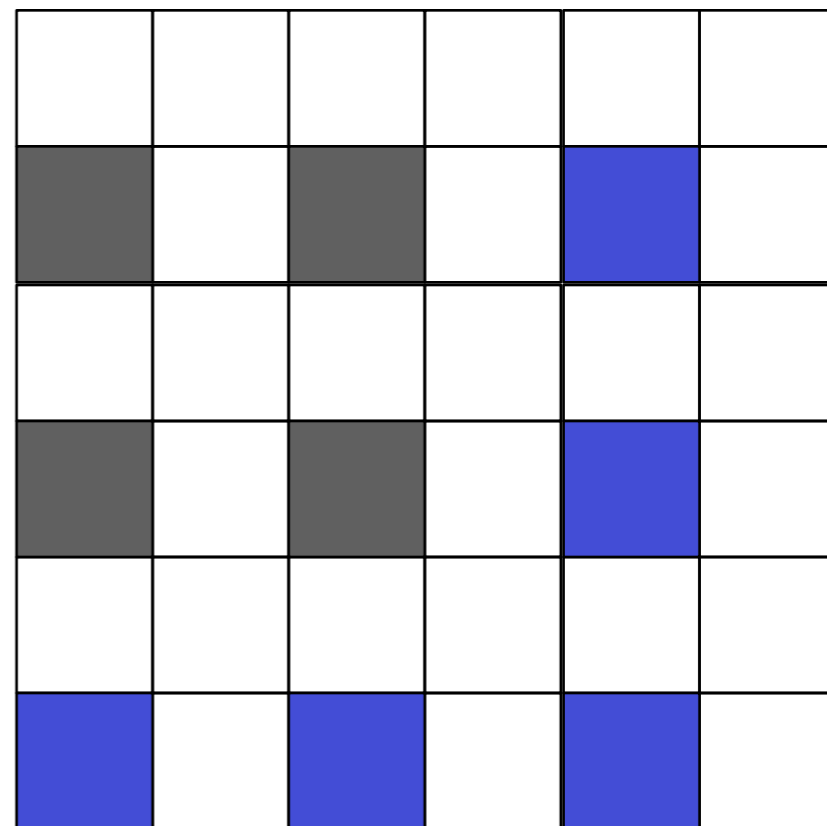
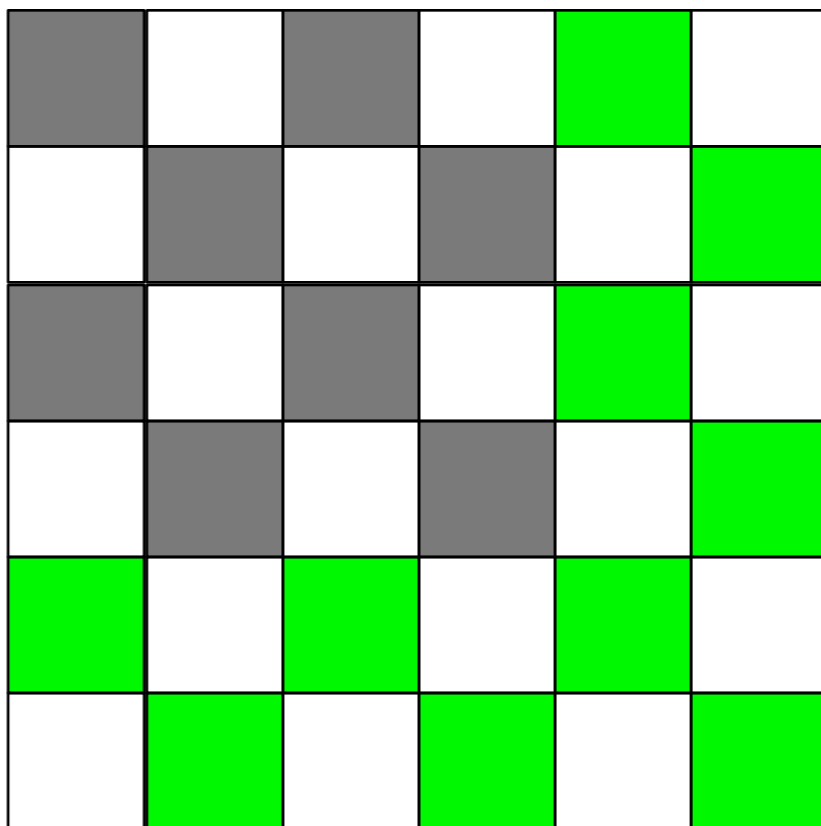
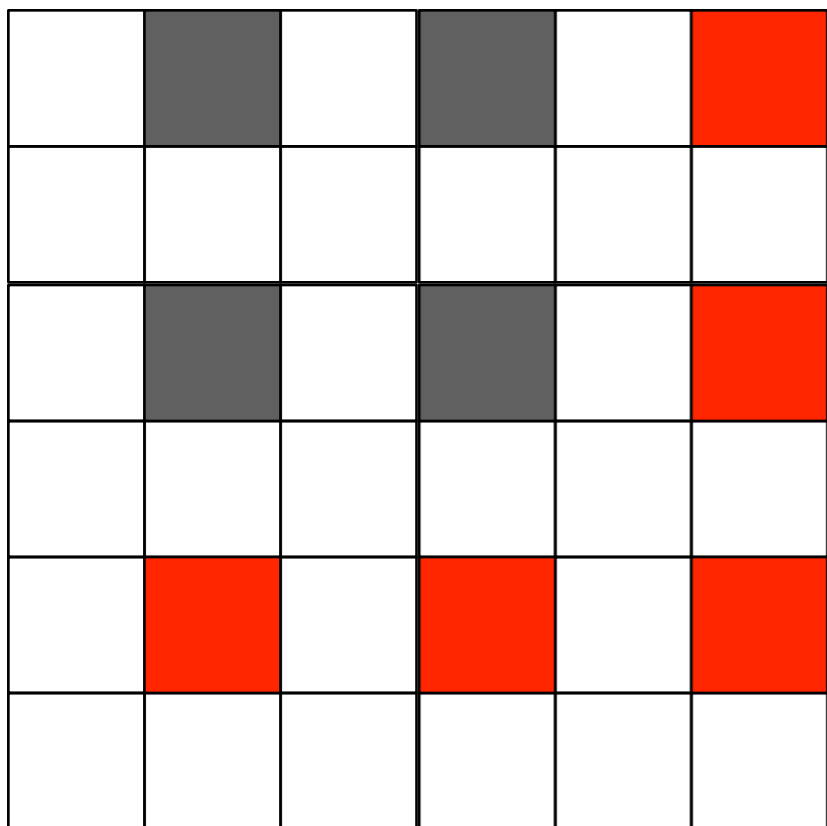
Interpolate difference to green

- **Interpolate green**
 - using e.g. edge-based
- **For recorded red pixels**
 - compute $R-G$
- **At empty pixels**
 - Interpolate $R-G$ naively
 - Add G
- **Same for blue**

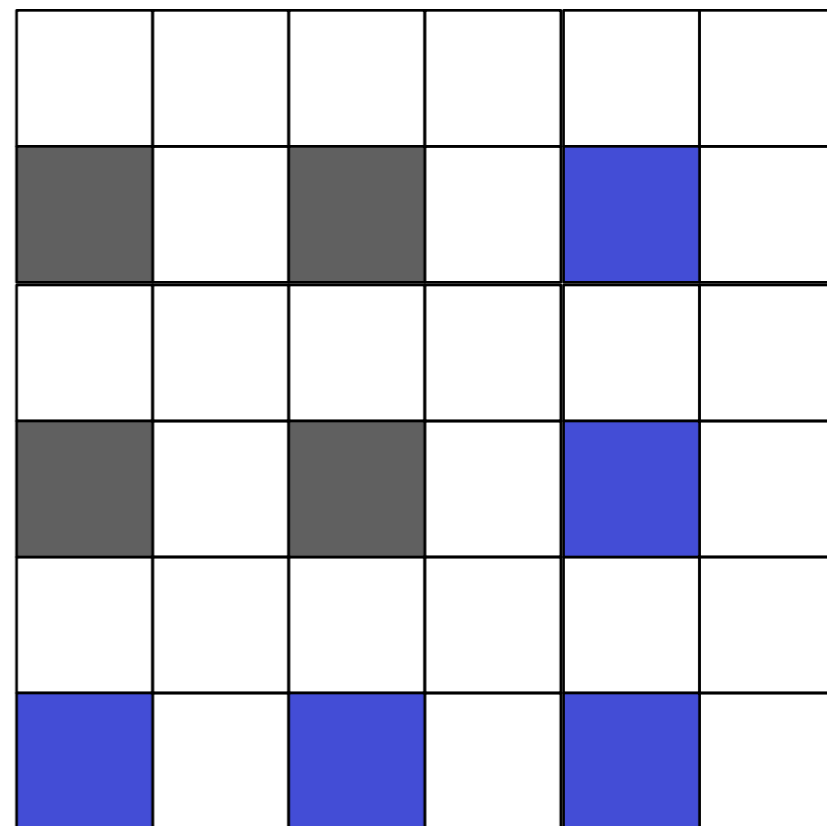
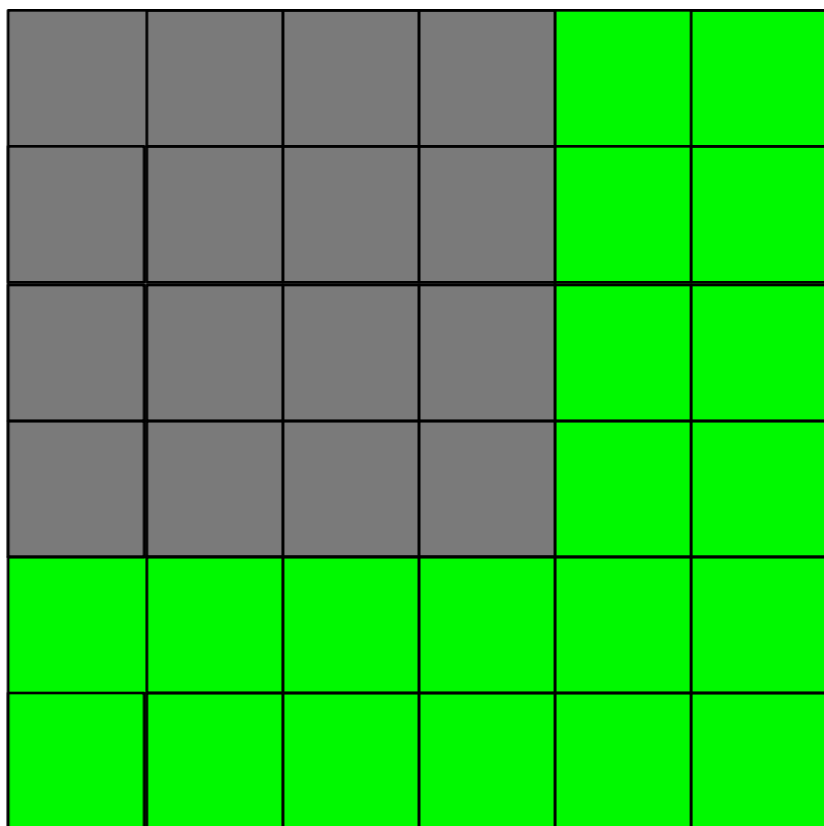
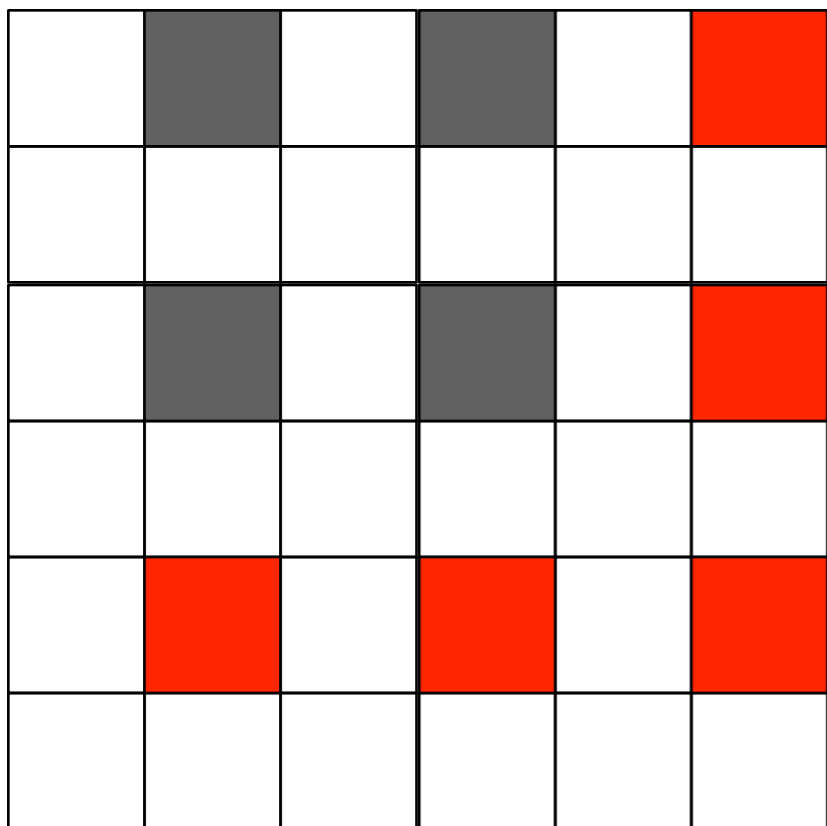
Black on white corner



Measurements

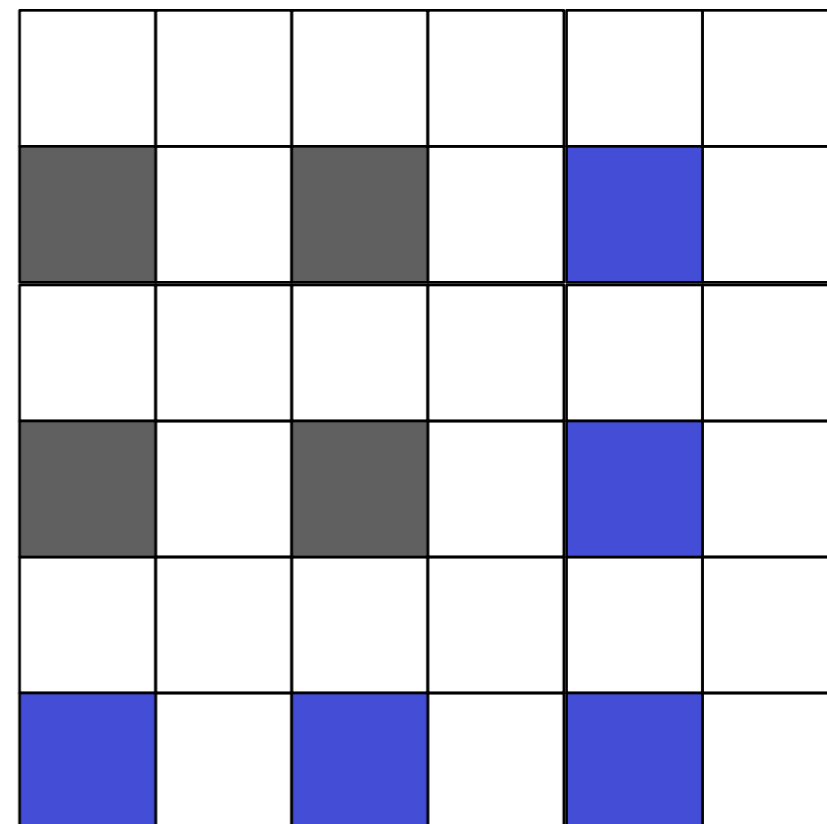
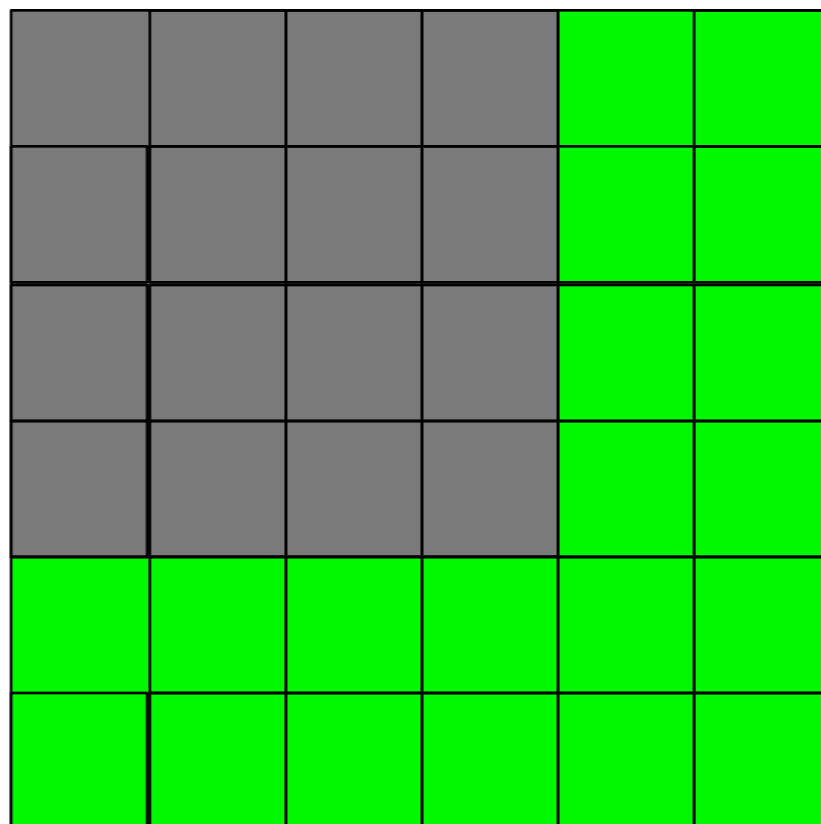
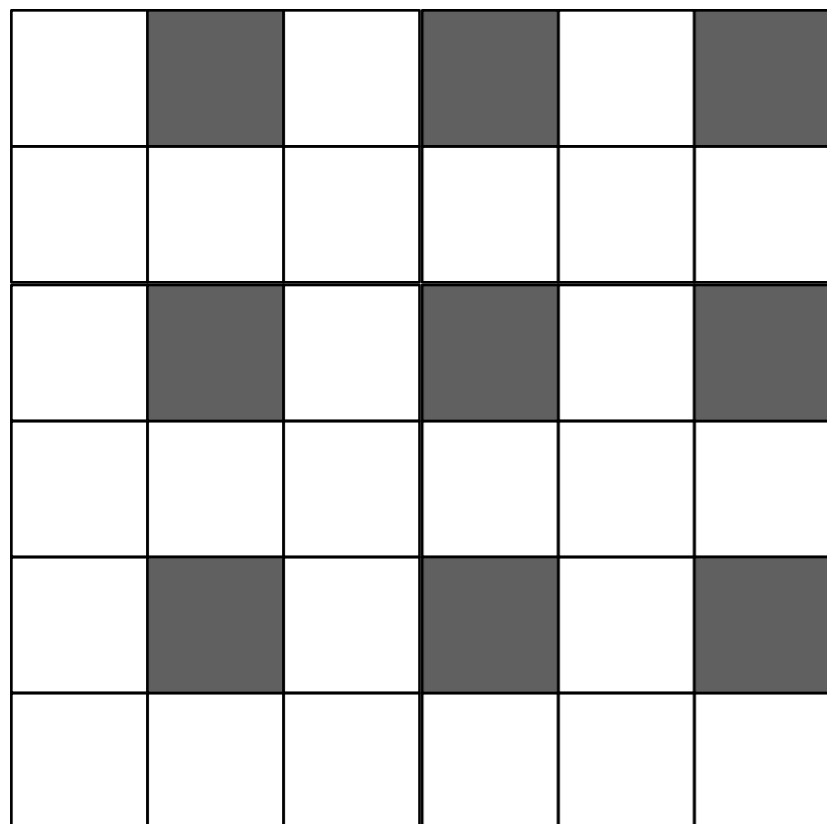


Edge-based green



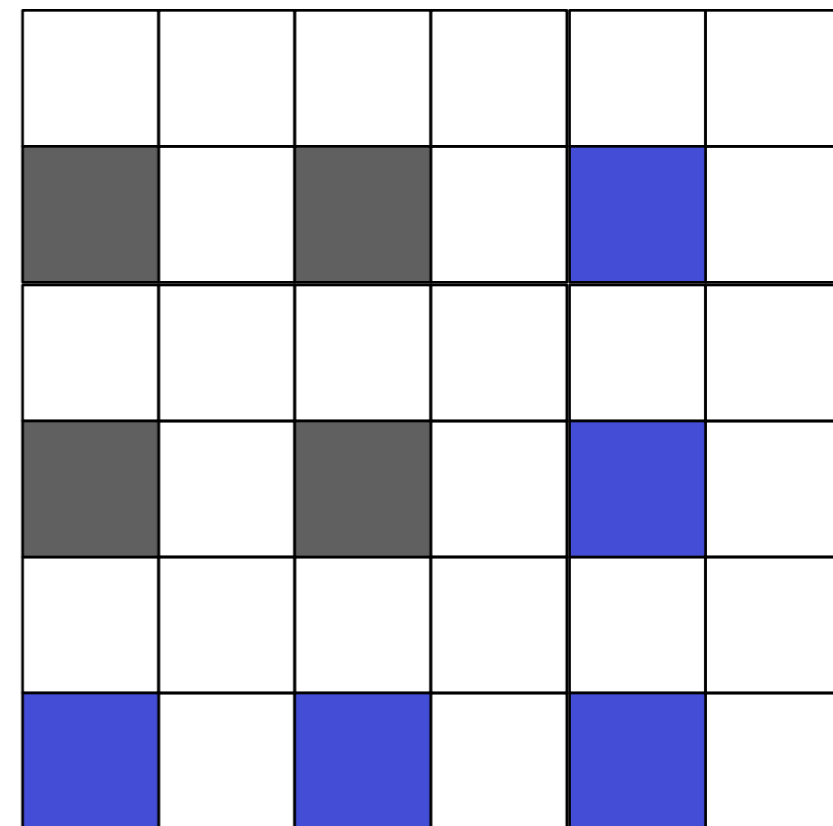
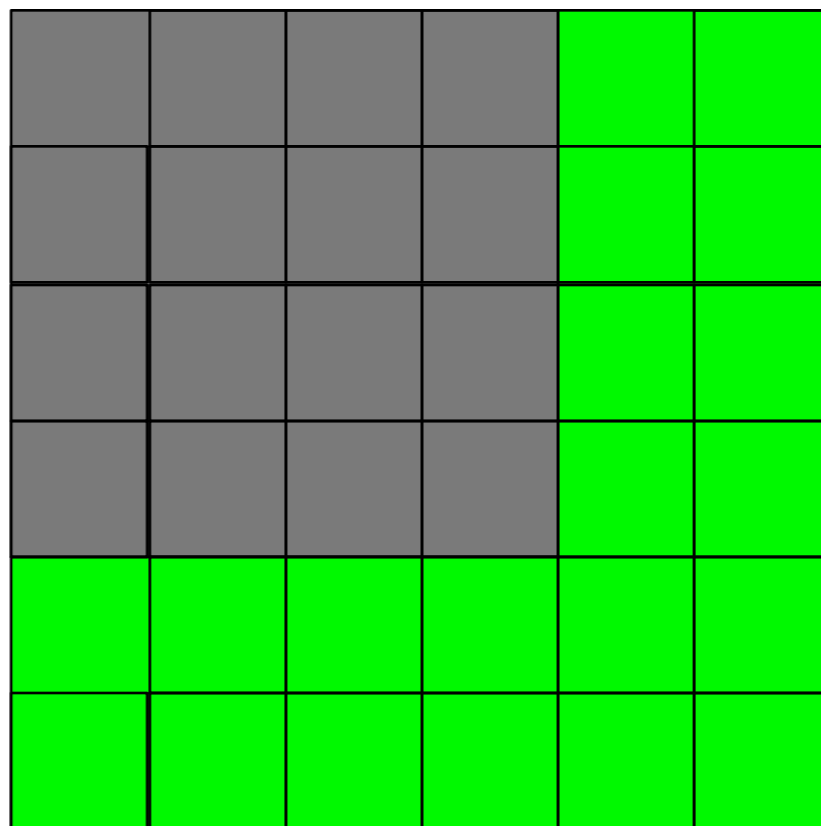
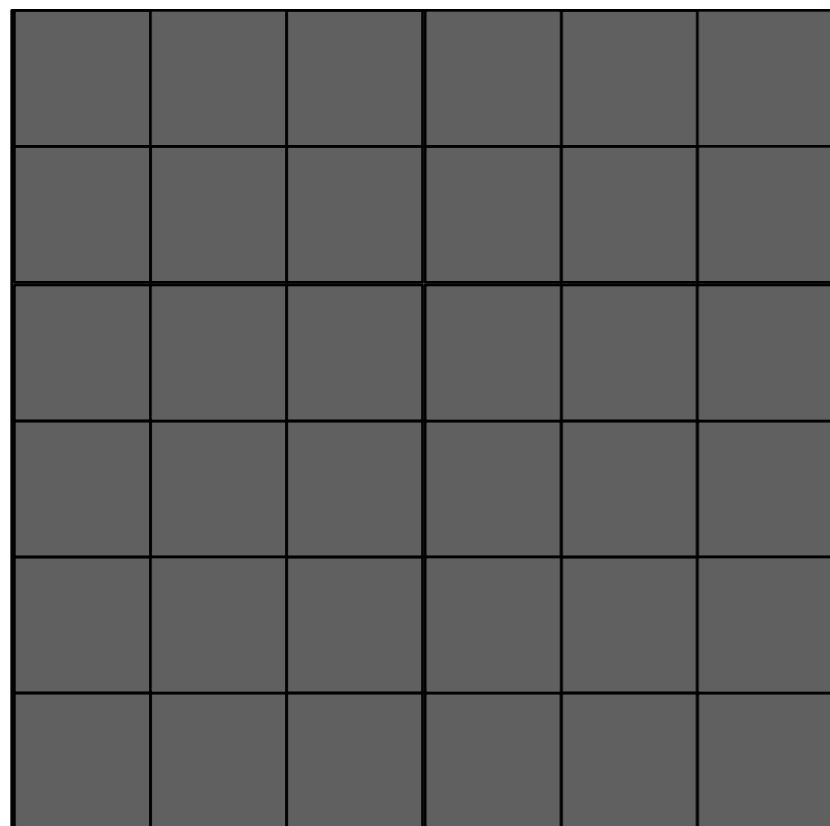
Red-Green difference

- Zero everywhere!

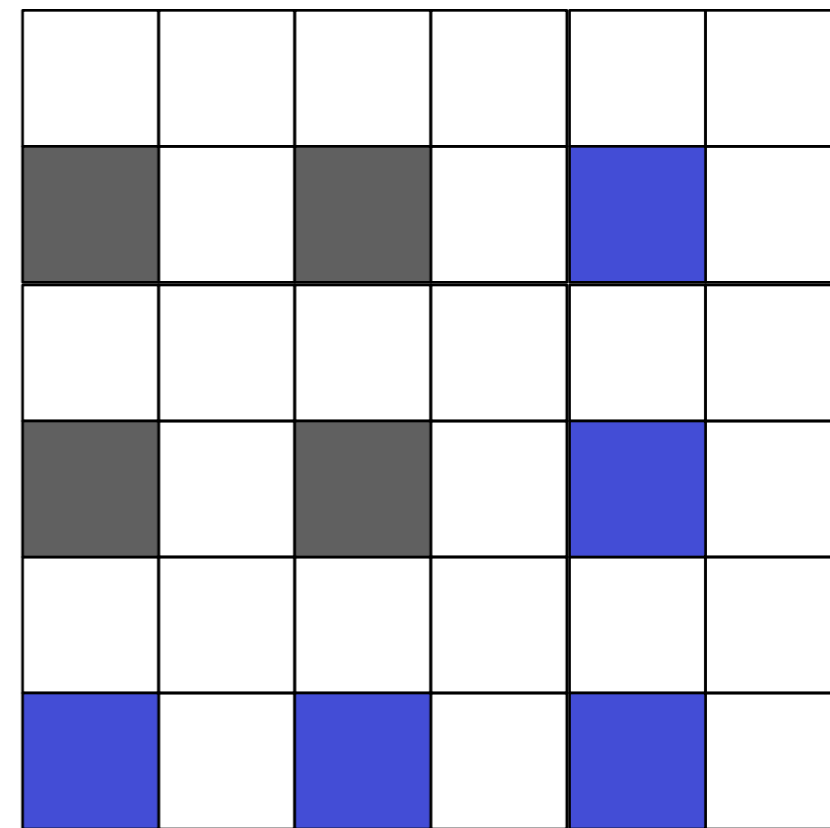
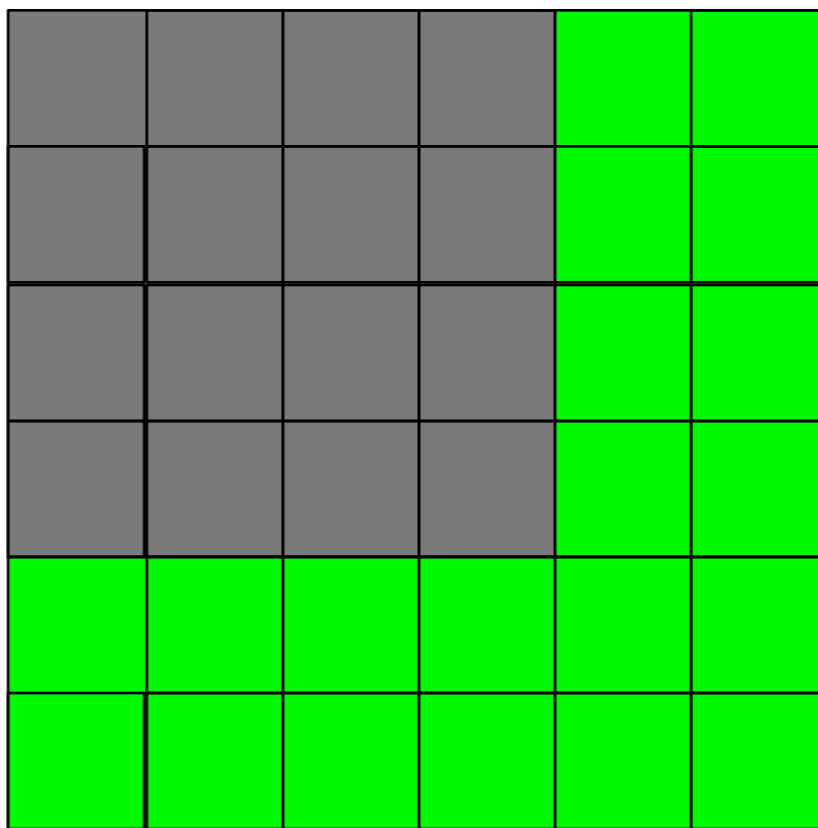
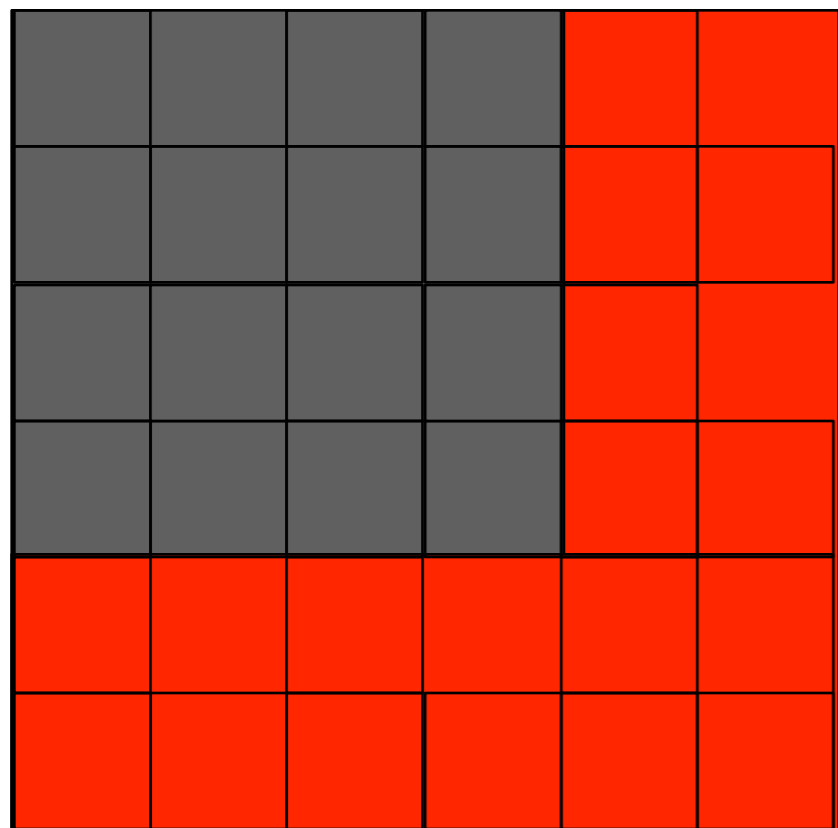


Red-Green interpolation

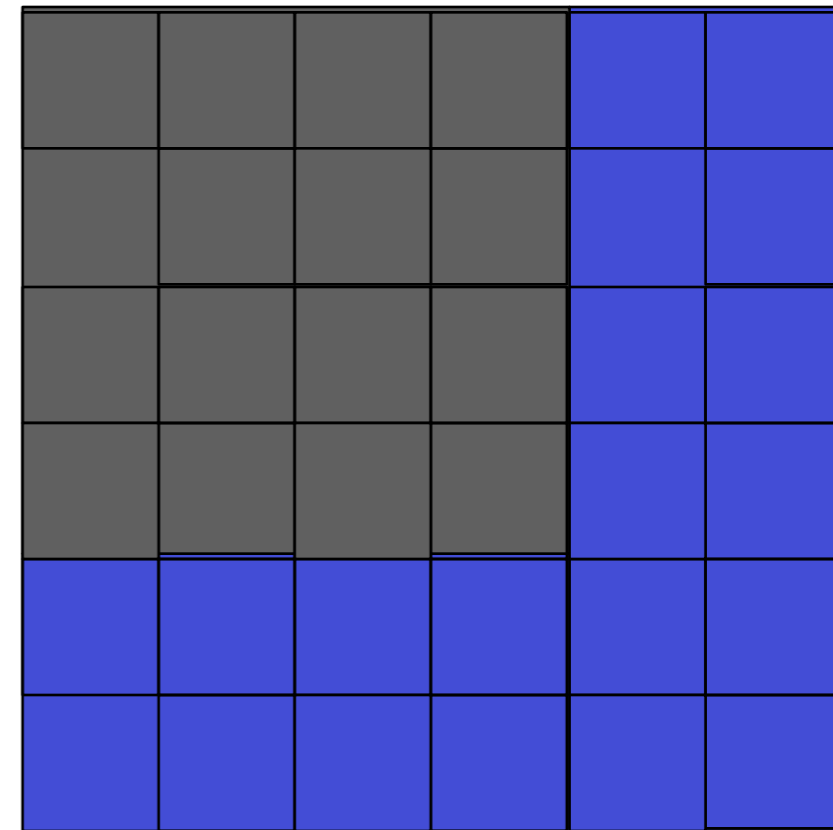
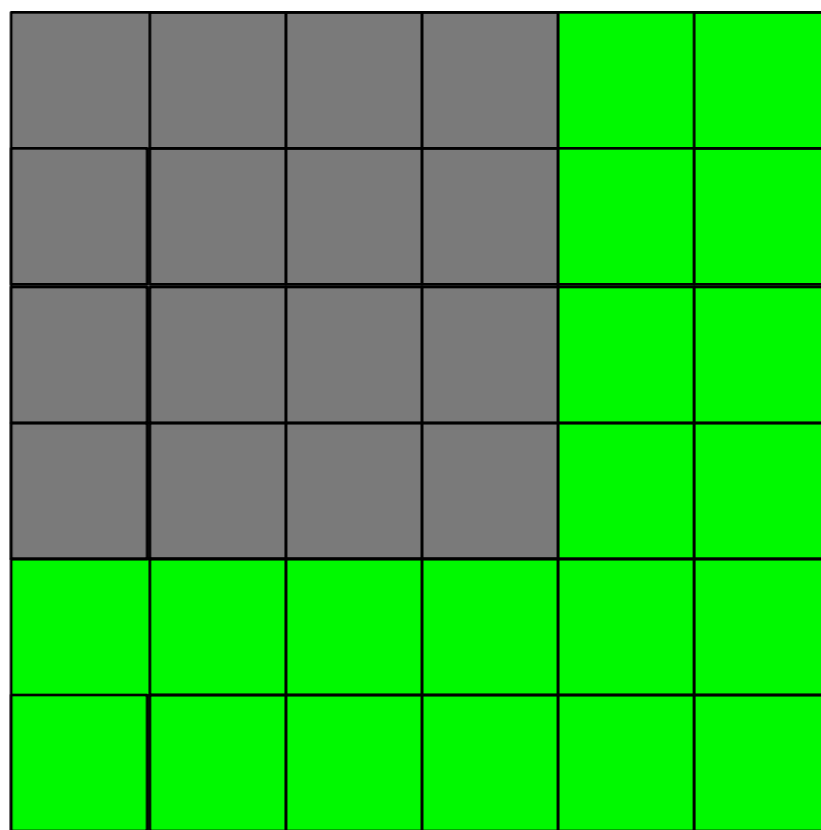
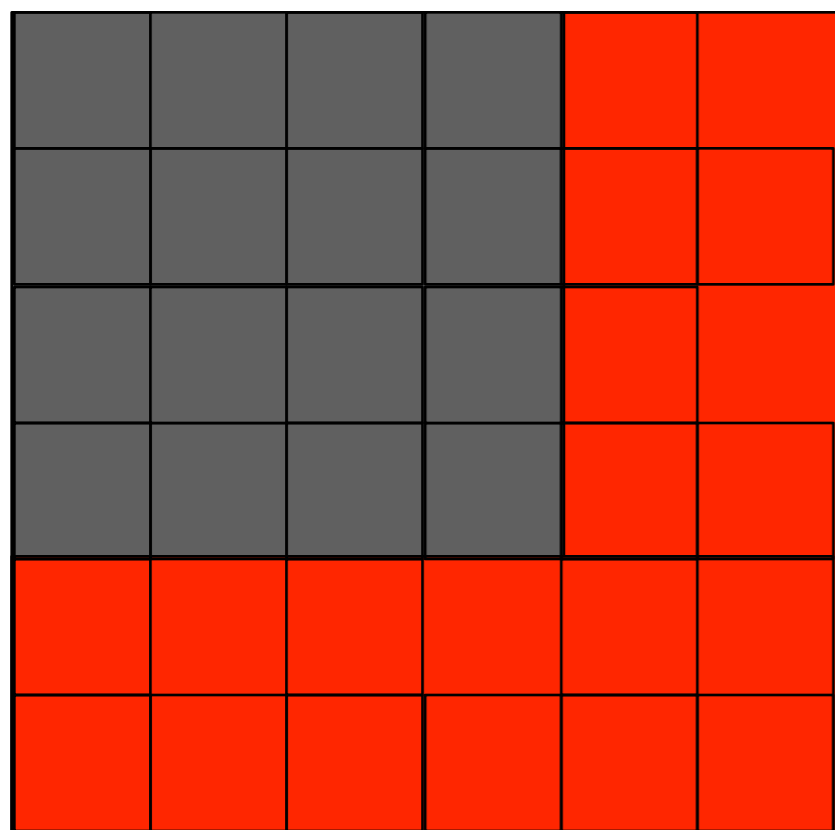
- Easy!



Add back green



Same for blue



Fully naive



Edge-based green, naive red blue



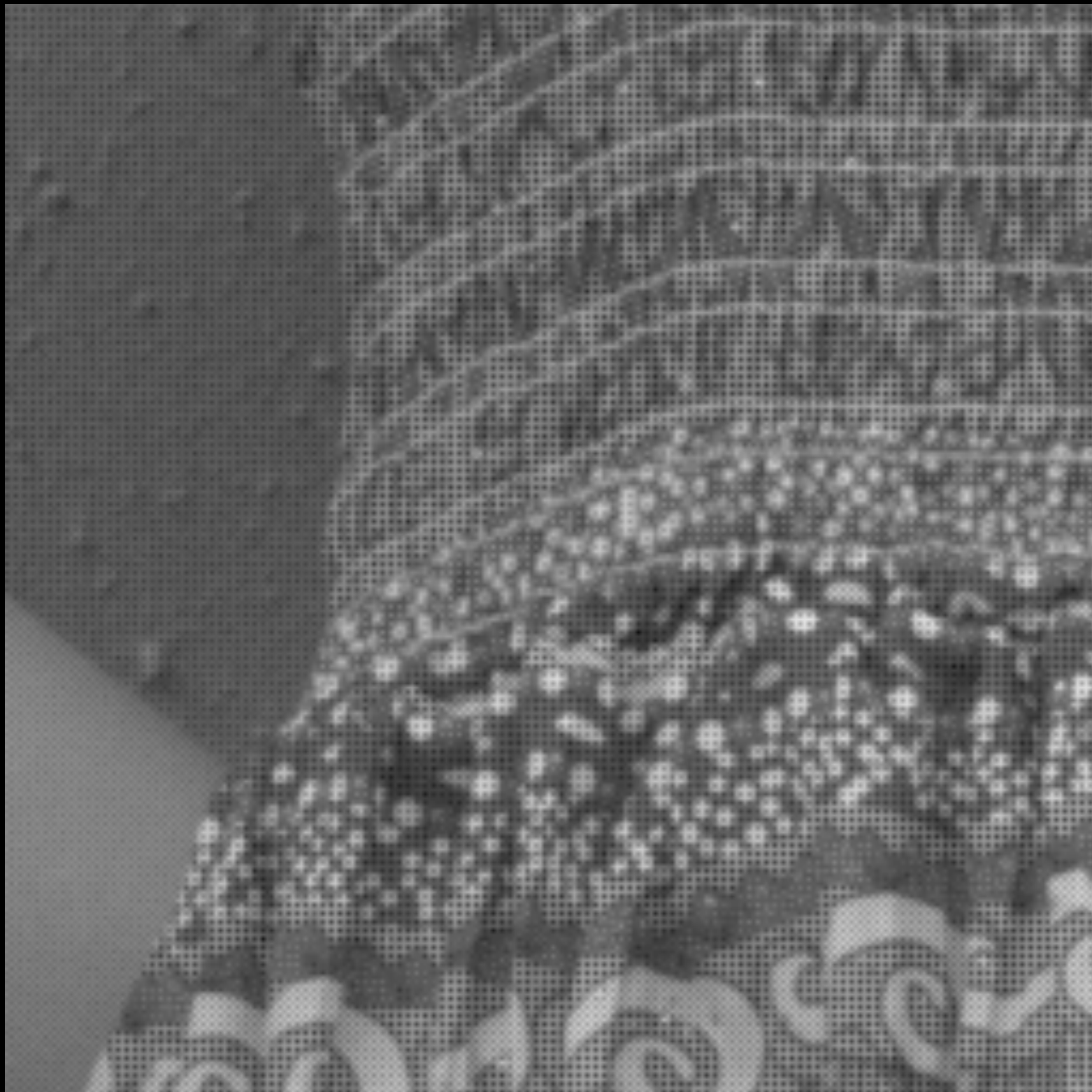
Green-based blue and red



Still not 100% perfect

- But will be good enough for pset 4





bayer



block



centered



naïve full-res



edge-based



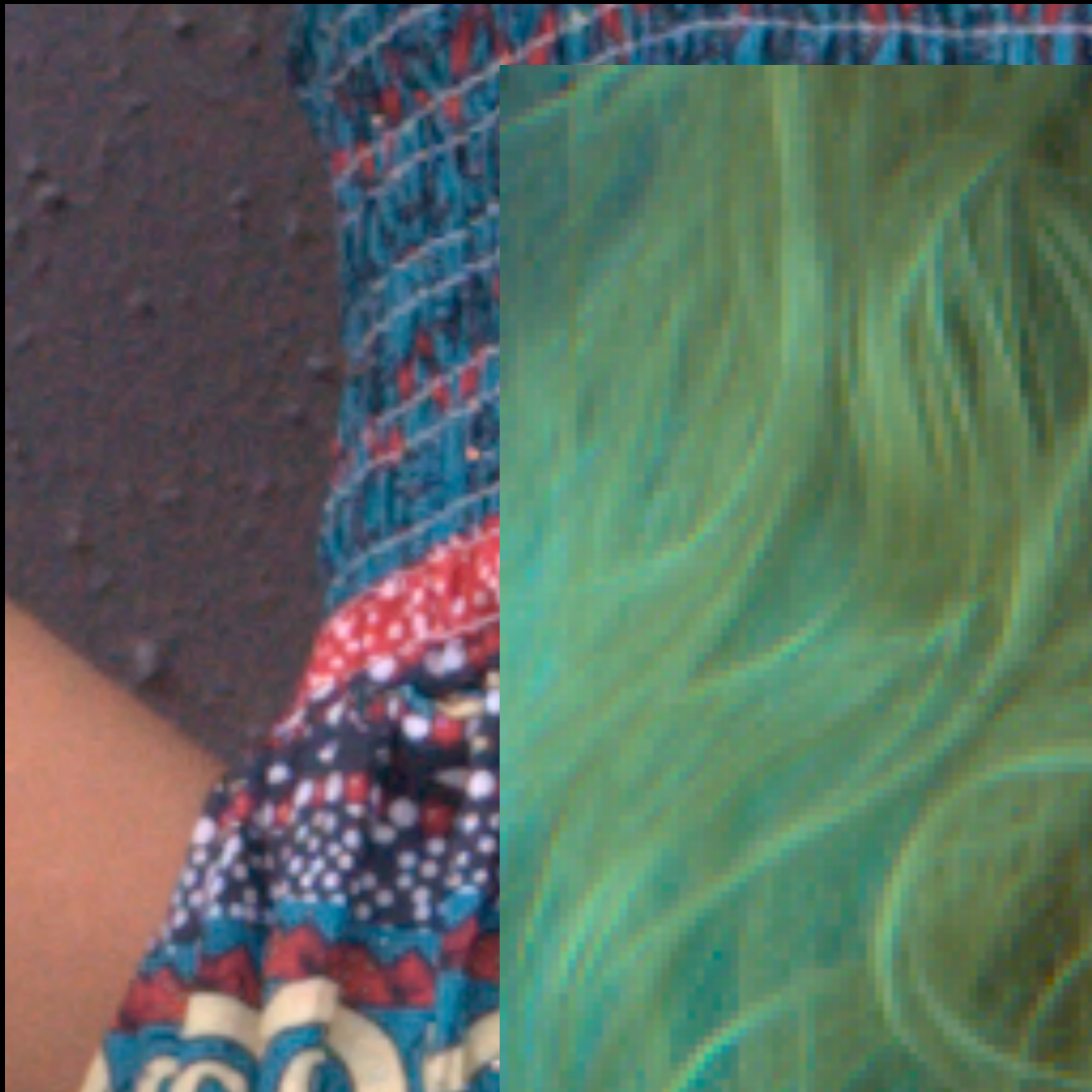
dcraw



dcraw



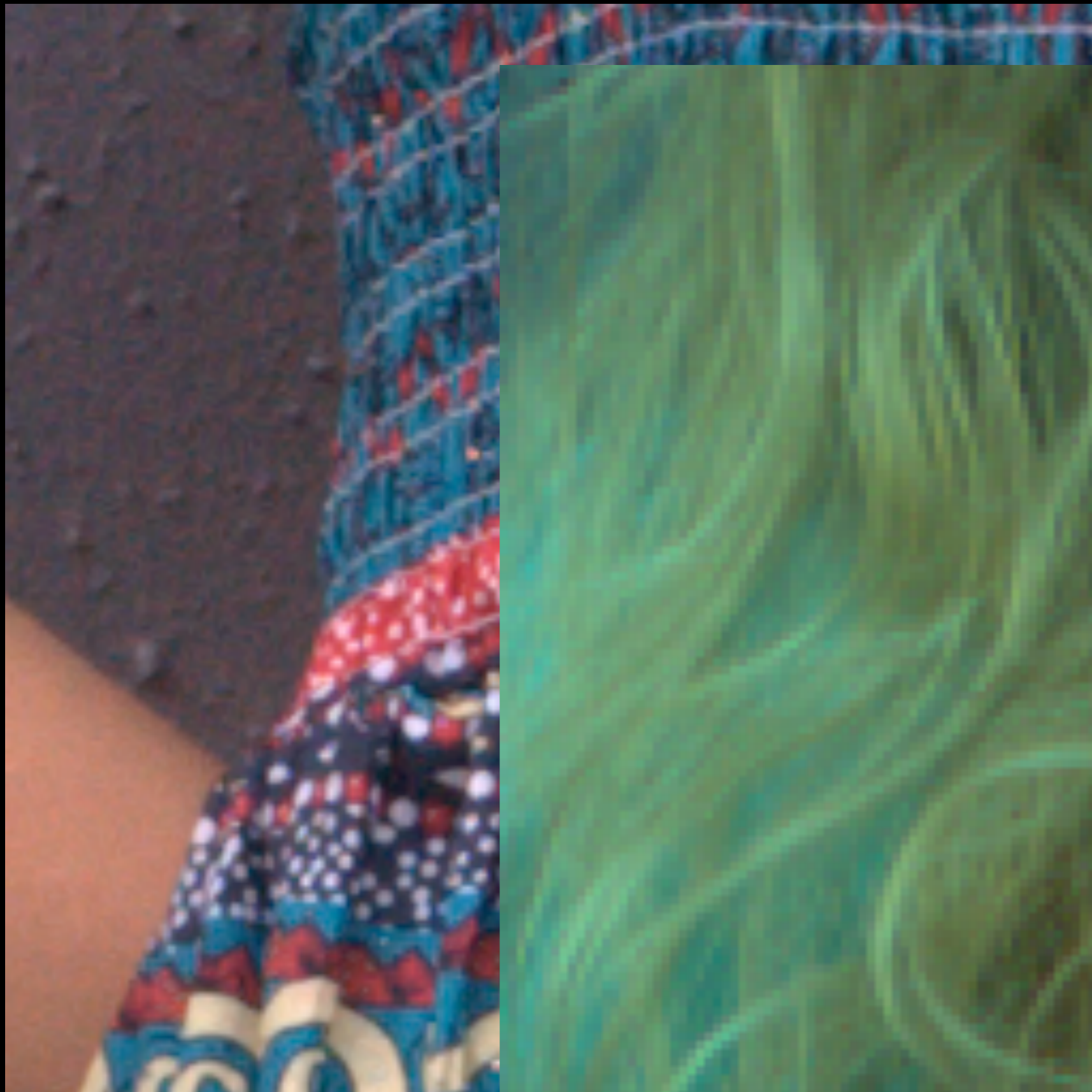
bayer



dcrow



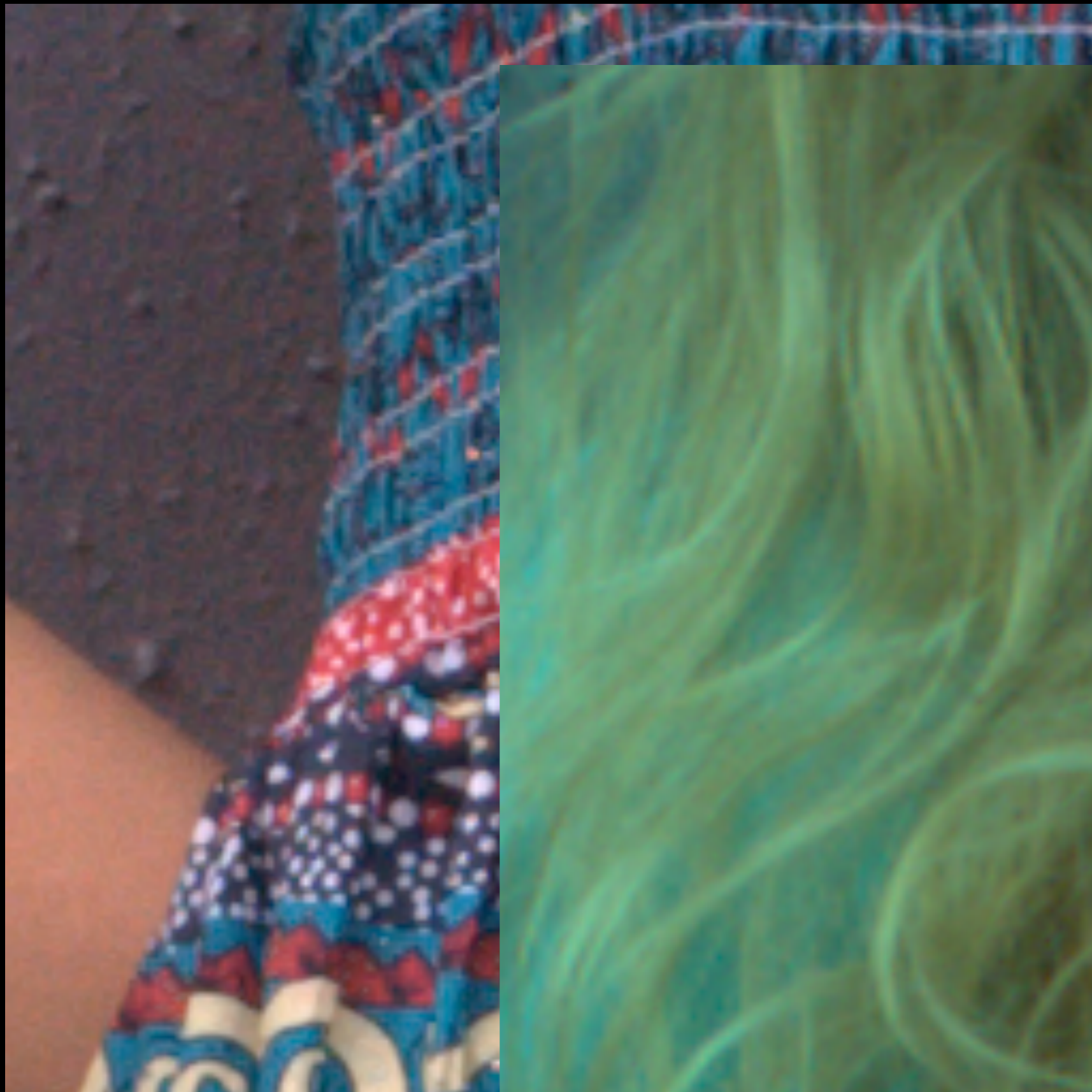
block



dcrow



centered



dcrw



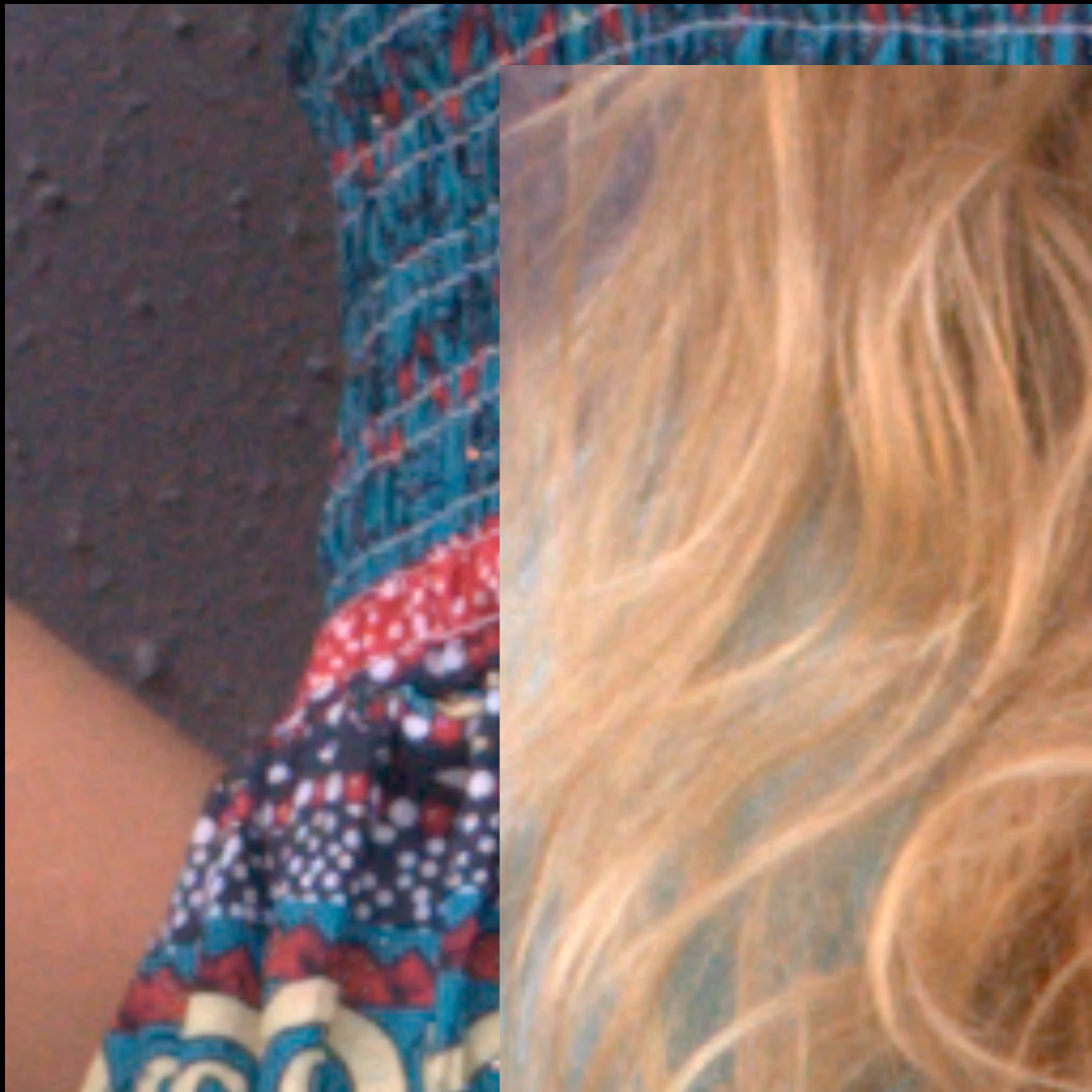
naïve full-res



dcraw



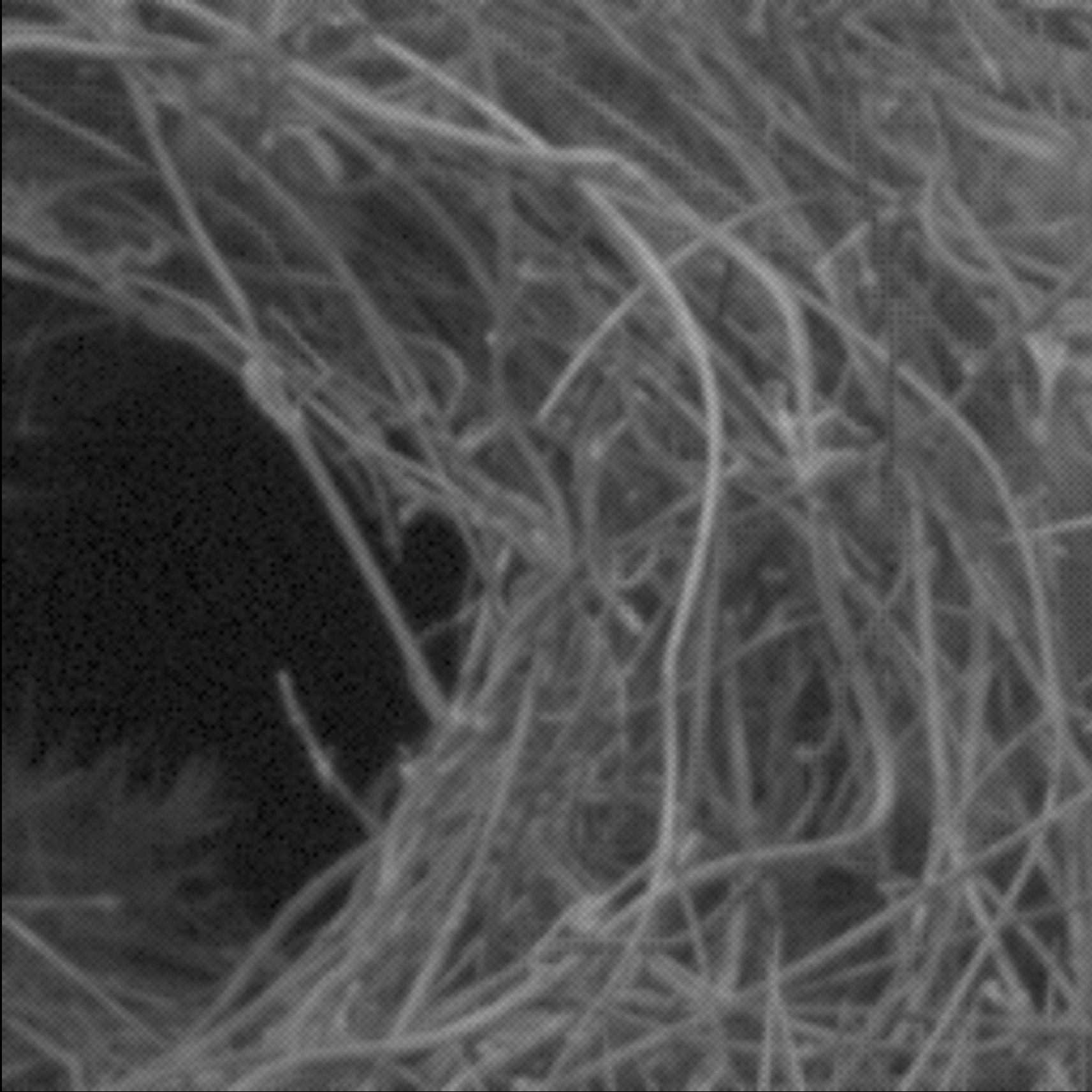
edge-based



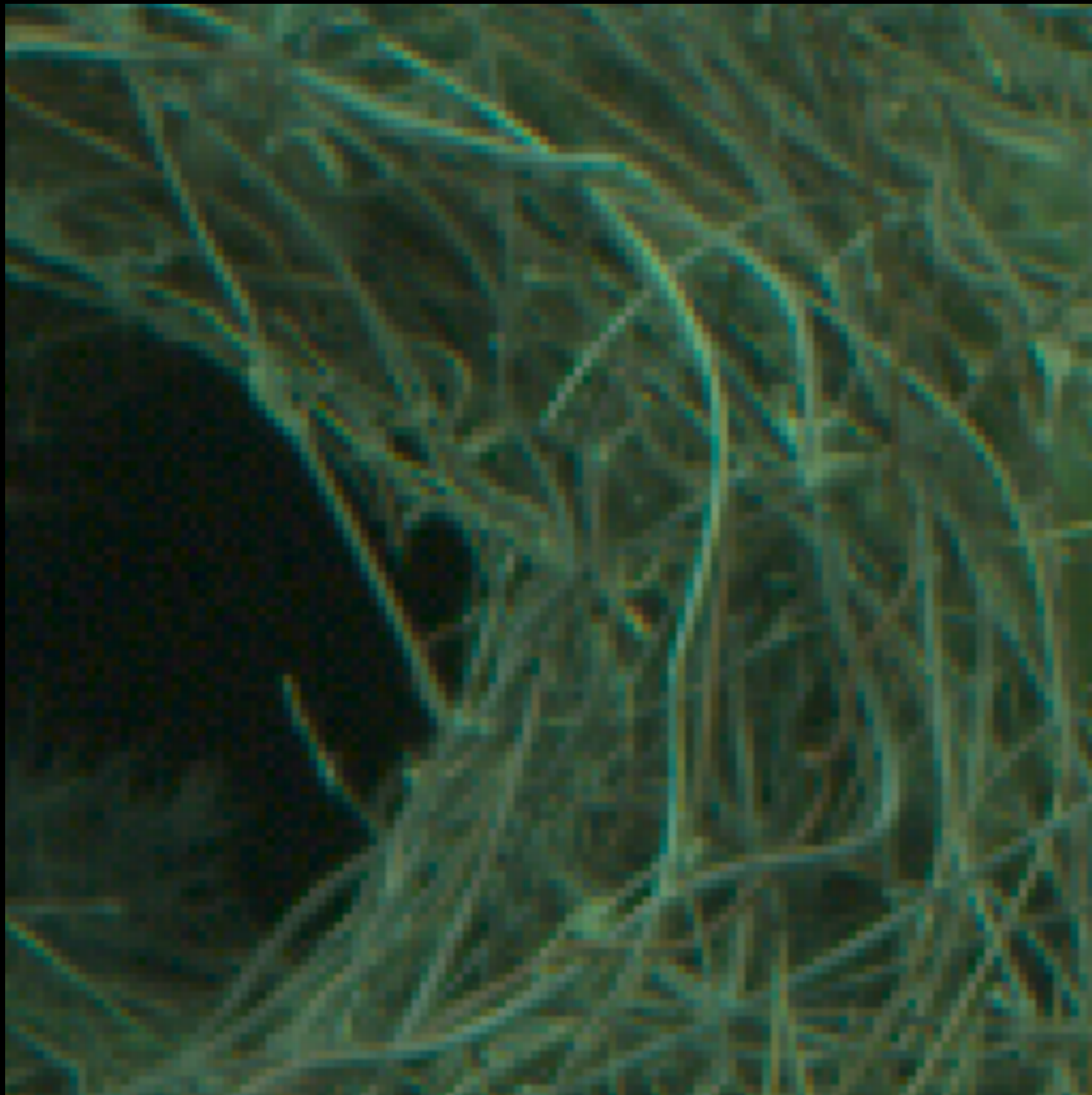
dcrow



dcrow



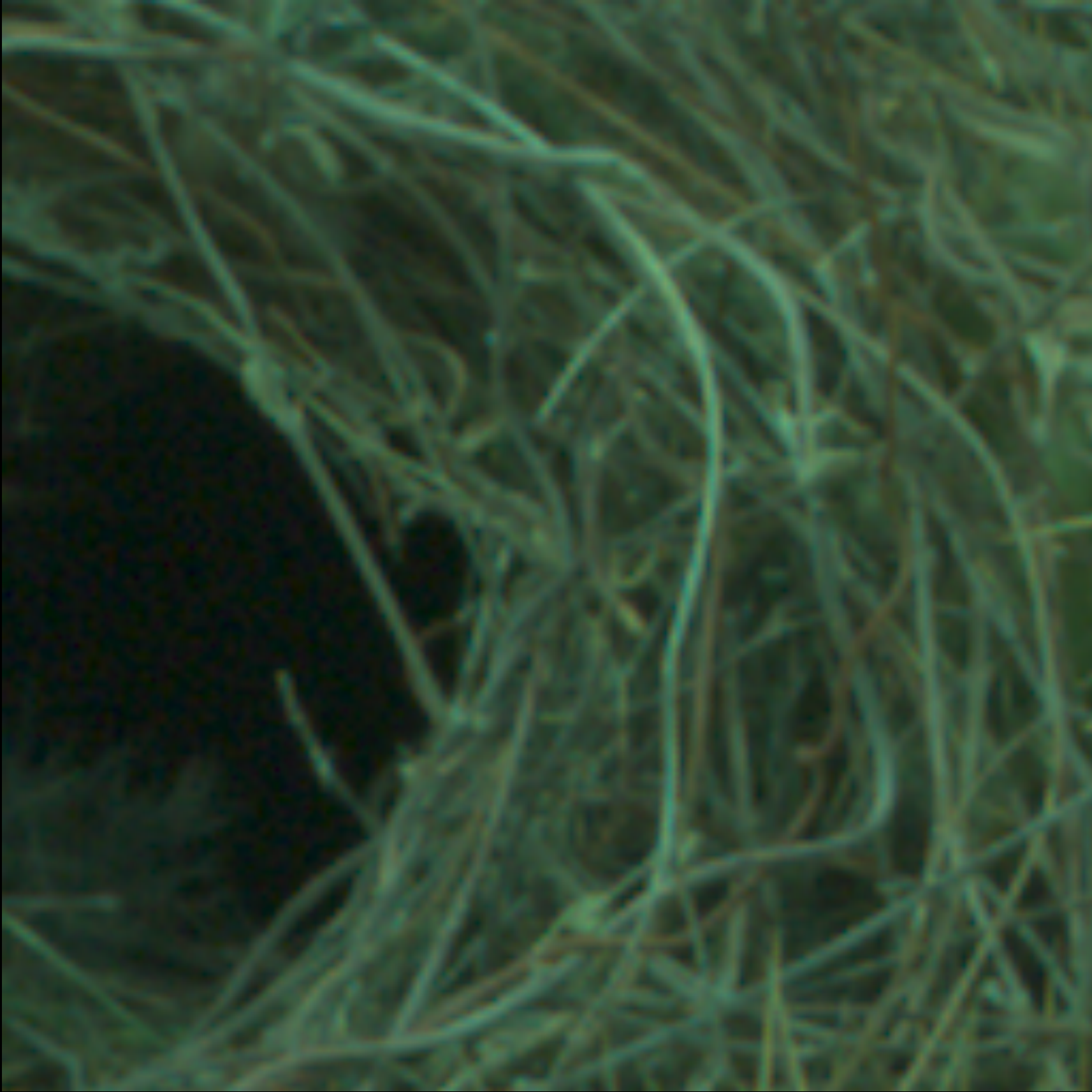
bayer



block



centered



naïve full-res



edge-based



dcraw



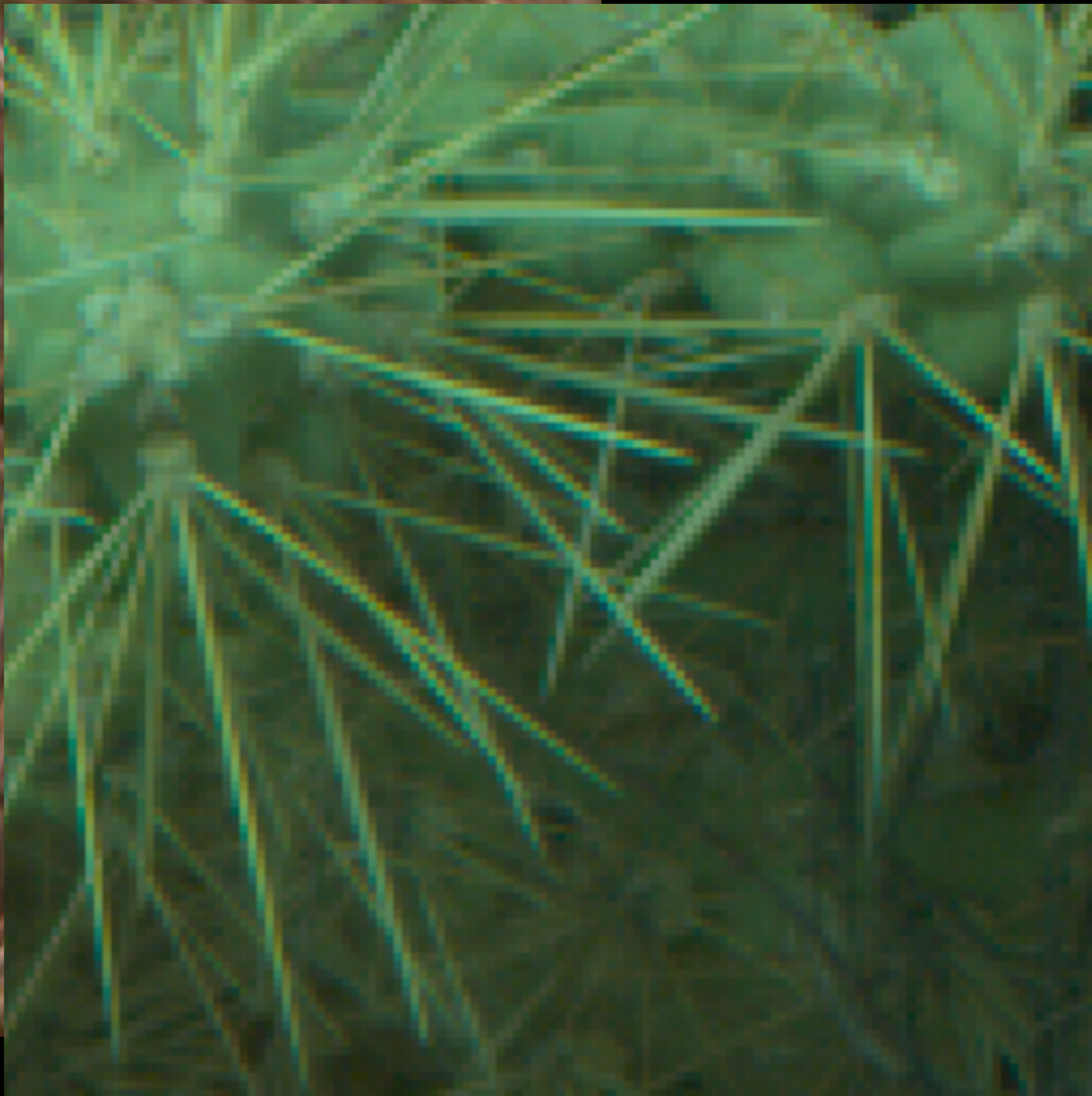
dcraw



bayer



dcraw



block



dcraw



centered



dcraw



naïve full-res



dcraw



edge-based



dcraw



dcraw

Noise reduction

- **Users want noise out of their images**
 - shot noise increases as $\sqrt{\text{exposure}}$
 - relative* shot noise decreases as $\sqrt{\text{exposure}}$
 - relative* readout noise increases prop. to exposure
 - higher ISO settings try to reduce relative readout noise
- **Basic approach: average together measurements**
- **Be clever, spatially, to avoid blurring image structure**
- **One approach: bilateral filter**
 - more on this later
- **Camera makes all have their proprietary methods**

dpreview.com
camera noise
comparison
tool

Raw comparison

Noise comparison

Samples Graph RAW

Nikon D3200 ACR NR Off Canon EOS 600D (E) ACR NR Off Pentax K-r ACR NR Off Nikon D3100 ACR NR Off

ISO: prev Lowest 100 200 400 800 1600 3200 6400 12800 25600 next

worth a look:
<http://www.dpreview.com/reviews/nikon-d3200/12>

dpreview.com
camera noise
comparison
tool

Cameras compared

Noise comparison

Samples Graph JPEG

Nikon D3200 Canon EOS 600D (E Pentax K-r Nikon D3100

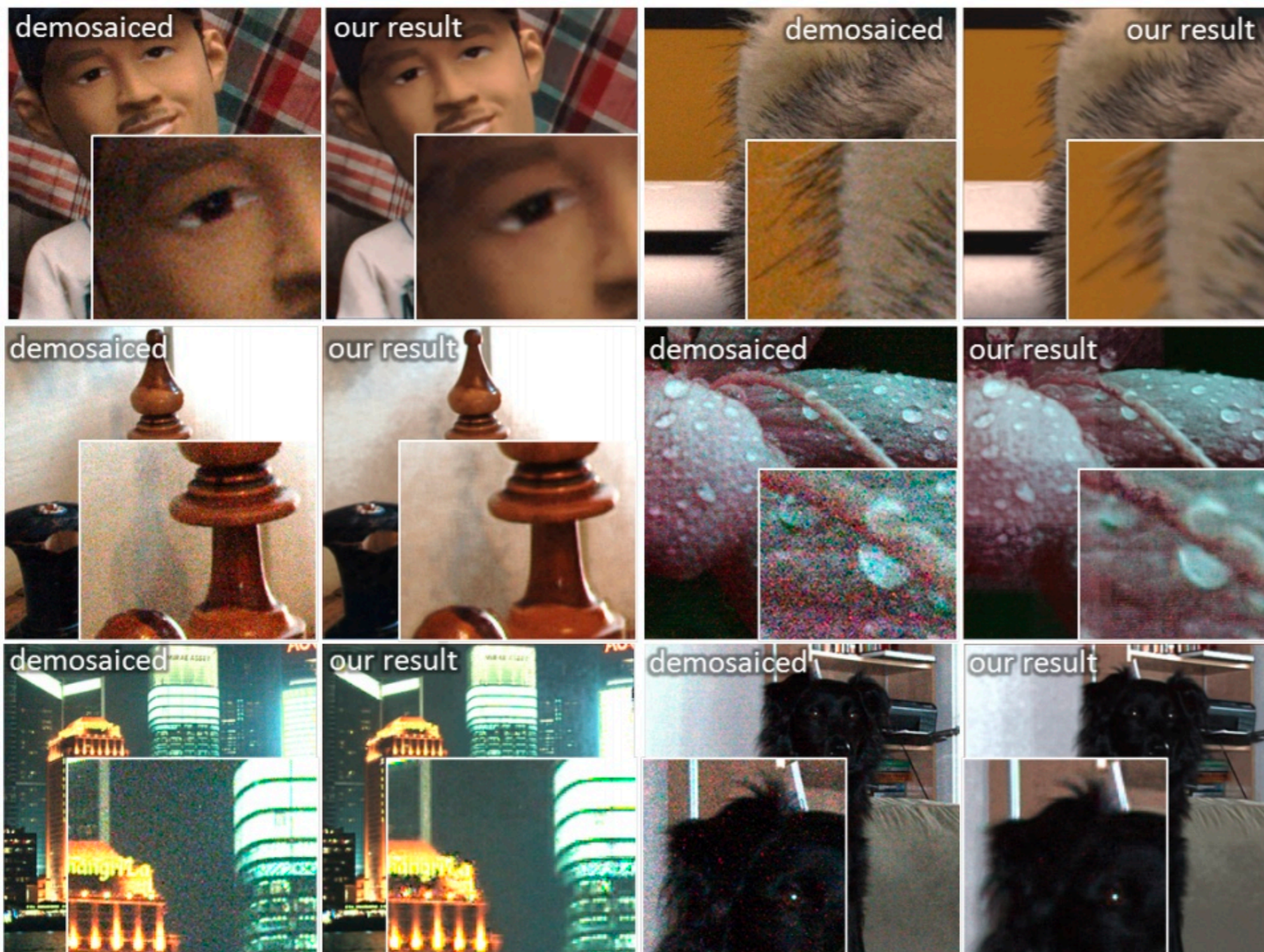
NR On NR Standard NR Auto NR On

ISO: prev Lowest 100 200 400 800 1600 3200 6400 12800 25600 next

worth a look:
<http://www.dpreview.com/reviews/nikon-d3200/12>

Denoising & Demosaicking

- http://research.microsoft.com/en-us/UM/people/yasumat/papers/lowlight_CVPR11.pdf



Camera processing pipeline

- **read image out from sensor** — see Sensors lecture
- **optional: HDR assembly** — see Homework 2
- **color balance** — see Color lecture
- **demosaic**
- **noise processing**
- **color matrix** — see Color lecture
- **tone map** — more on this in the project and papers

Links from Frédo

- http://www.csee.wvu.edu/~xinl/papers/demosaicing_survey.pdf
- <http://www.unc.edu/~rjean/demosaicing/demosaicing.pdf>
- http://www.pages.drexel.edu/~par24/rawhistogram/40D_Demosaicing/40D_DemosaicingArtifacts.html
- http://www.guillermoluijk.com/tutorial/dcraw/index_en.htm
- <http://www.cambridgeincolour.com/tutorials/RAW-file-format.htm>
- <http://www.cambridgeincolour.com/tutorials/camera-sensors.htm>

More

- <http://www.ists.dartmouth.edu/library/edf0205.pdf>
- <http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/iel5/79/30519/01407714.pdf?isnumber=30519&prod=JNL&arnumber=1407714&arSt=+44&ared=+54&arAuthor=Gunturk%2C+B.K.%3B+Glotzbach%2C+J.%3B+Altunbasak%2C+Y.%3B+Schafer%2C+R.W.%3B+Mersereau%2C+R.M.>