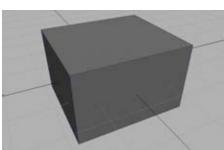


## Scaling



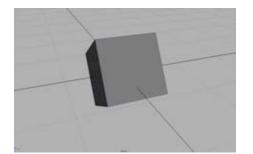


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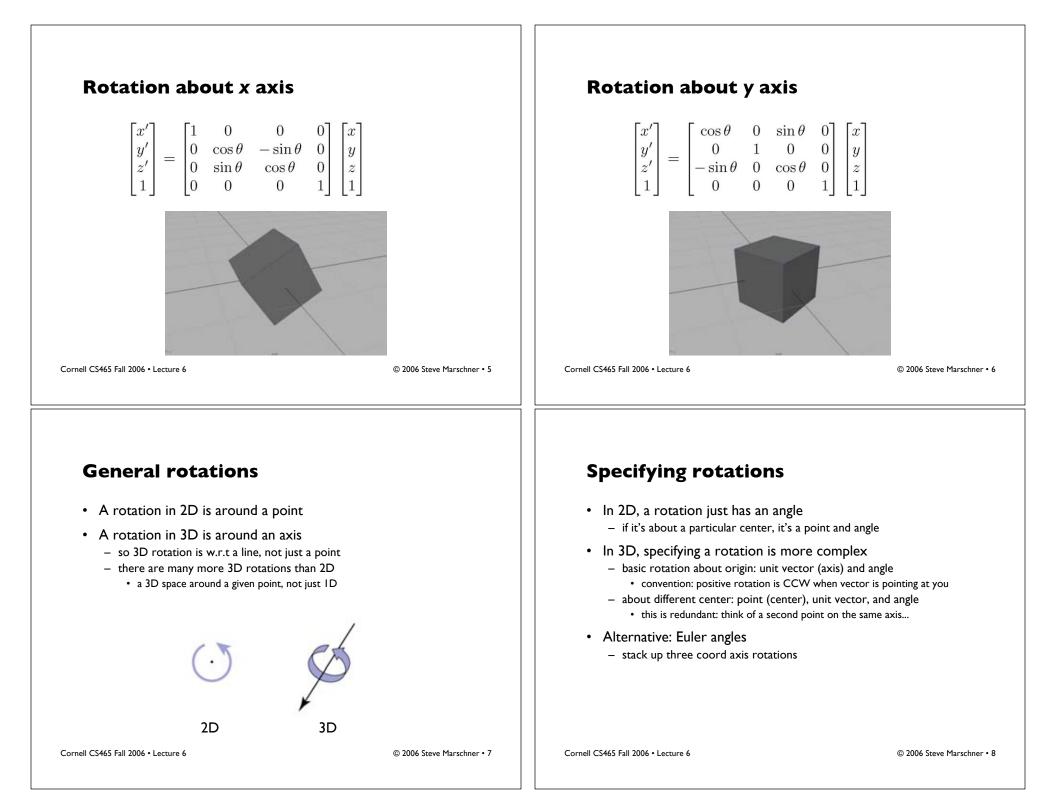
## Rotation about z axis

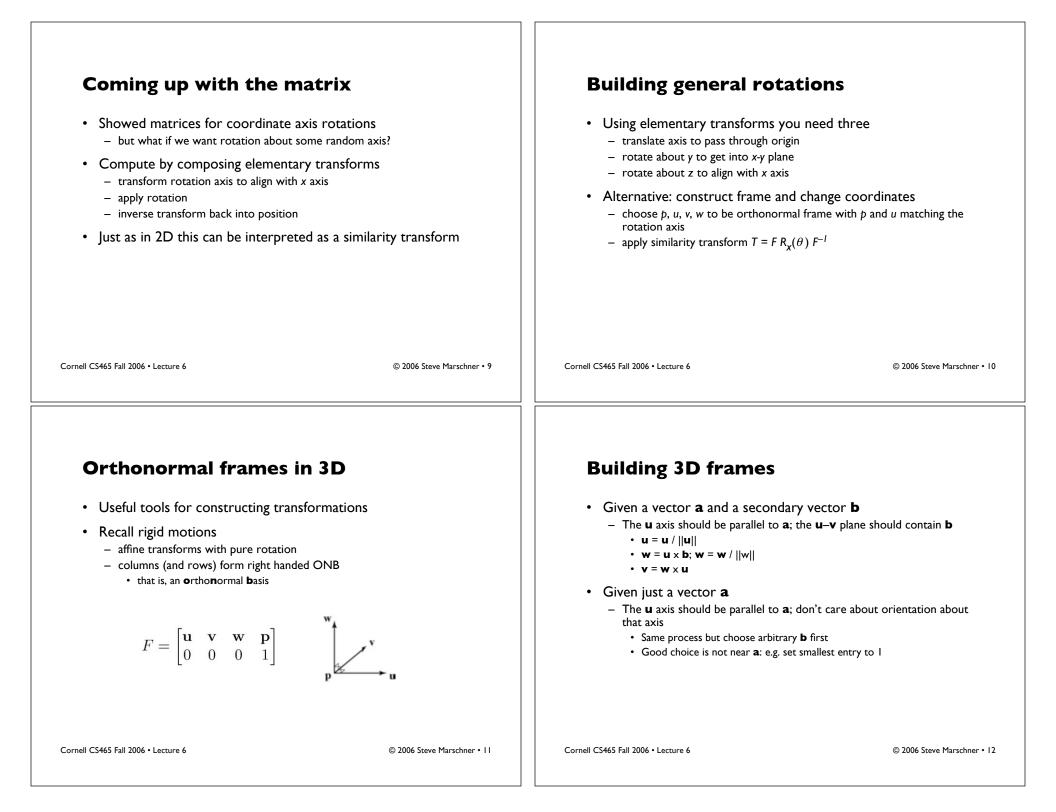
$\begin{bmatrix} x' \end{bmatrix}$	$\cos\theta$	$-\sin \theta$	0	0	$\begin{bmatrix} x \end{bmatrix}$
y'	$\sin  heta$	$\cos  heta$	0	0	y
z'  =	0	0	1	0	z
1	0	0	0	1	$\lfloor 1 \rfloor$



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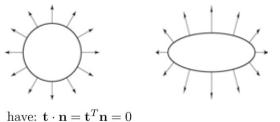


## **Building general rotations**

- Alternative: construct frame and change coordinates
  - choose p, u, v, w to be orthonormal frame with p and u matching the rotation axis
  - apply similarity transform  $T = F R_x(\theta) F^{-1}$
  - interpretation: move to x axis, rotate, move back
  - interpretation: rewrite *u*-axis rotation in new coordinates
  - (each is equally valid)

## **Transforming normal vectors**

- Transforming surface normals
  - differences of points (and therefore tangents) transform OK
  - normals do not



have:  $\mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{n} = 0$ want:  $M\mathbf{t} \cdot X\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{t}^T M^T X\mathbf{n} = 0$ so set  $X = (M^T)^{-1}$ then:  $M\mathbf{t} \cdot X\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{t}^T M^T (M^T)^{-1} \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{n} = 0$ 

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